CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 CROOM

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CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 CROOM

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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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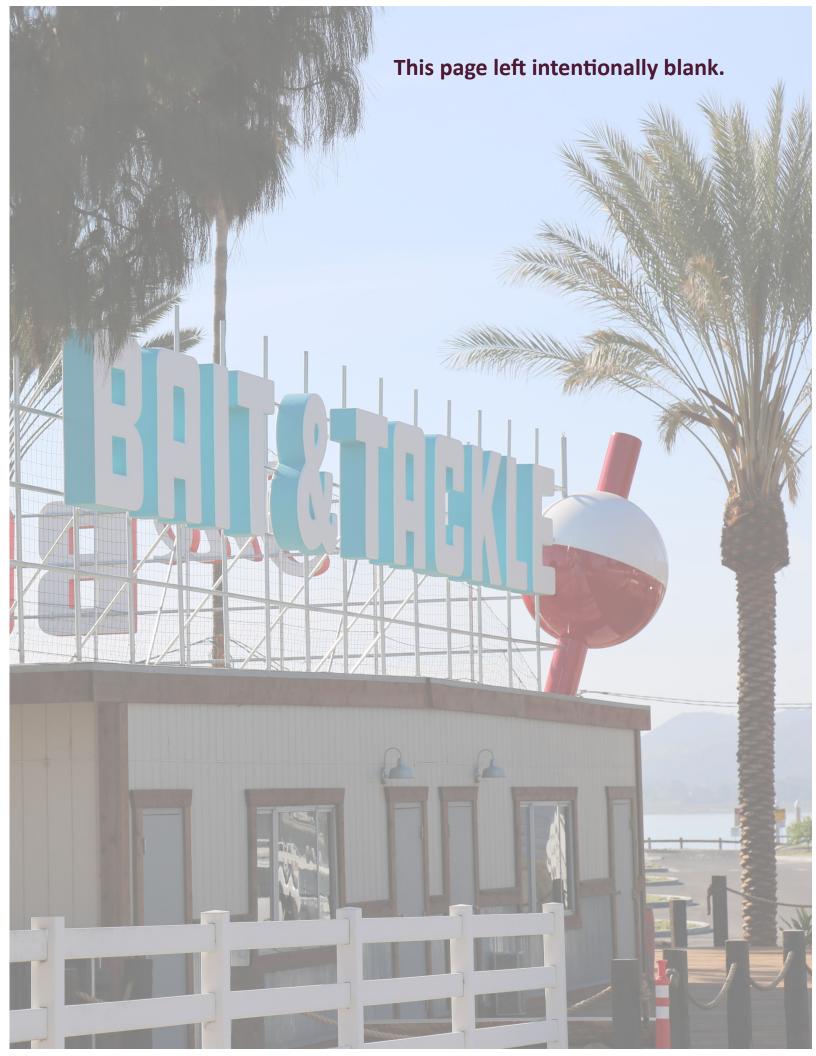
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





December 20, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council and Citizens of the City of Lake Elsinore:

We are pleased to submit the June 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Lake Elsinore (City). This report is published in accordance with local ordinance and state law requirements that financial statements be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants.

The City has adopted the reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 1, which established the authoritative status of the pronouncements of its predecessor, the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA), as well as, the accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in the Industry Audit Guide, *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Through widespread acceptance, pronouncements of the NCGA, GASB and the AICPA through its Industry Audit Guide, have long been acknowledged as the primary authoritative statements of GAAP applicable to state and local government.

This report contains management's representations concerning the City's finances. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented and that it is reported in a manner that fairly presents the financial position and operations of the City. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, and assurance that the financial statement, City management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed both to protect its assets and to compile sufficient reliable information to prepare the City's financial statement in conformity with GAAP.

The significant accounting policies of the City are described in the notes to the financial statements. These accounting policies have been reviewed by the City's independent certified public accountants and conform with the recommendations of GASB.

As required by GAAP, the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction.

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. Lance, Soll, & Lunghard (LSL), LLP., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Lake Elsinore's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. Their report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with the criteria of GASB "Defining the Governmental Reporting Entity," this report includes the operating statements and statements of financial position of the City of Lake Elsinore, the Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority, the Lake Elsinore Recreation Authority, and the Facilities Financing Authority. While each is a separate legal entity, the City Council, acting as Council and Board of Directors, exercises oversight responsibility for each. Each was organized for the benefit of the City and its residents and conducts all activity within its boundaries. They are therefore shown as blended Component Units within the Financial Statements. The Public Financing Authority, the Facilities Financing Authority, and the Recreation Authority are reported as Debt Service Funds.

The City, as the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency, continues to carry out remaining activities of the Redevelopment Agency. Because of the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lake Elsinore, the agency is presented as a private purpose trust. Successor Agency trust information is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements (Note No. 17).

City Profile

The City of Lake Elsinore, incorporated in 1888 and is located in the Elsinore Valley, in Western Riverside County. The Elsinore Valley is centralized with about an hour to two hours' drive between major anchor cities such as San Diego, Los Angeles, Orange County, Palm Springs, and Big Bear. Serving a population of 63,365, the city limits fall on the Easterly shores of Lake Elsinore, the largest natural freshwater lake of Southern California. The City currently occupies 42 square miles with 5 square miles being water. Residents enjoy perfect climate, blue sky, clean air, world-famous thermal winds for aerial sports, water sports, and off-road motor sports. All of this is set against the spectacular Cleveland National Forest, providing opportunities for hiking, biking, bird watching or relaxing in the beauty that abounds in this outdoor recreation destination.

The City is incorporated as a general law city with a council/manager form of municipal government, which consists of five council members who are elected to four-year staggered terms. As of February 1, 2018, the City Transitioned from an At-Large to a By-District election system with five Districts. The mayor and mayor pro tem are honorary positions filled by council members for one-year terms. The Council is responsible for setting policy and approving actions to carry out the functions of municipal government. The City is empowered to levy property tax on real property located within the city limits. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

Termed the "*Action Sports Capital of the World*", management works to support sports on and around the lake. Centrally located within the city limits, lays our 3,000 surface acre recreational lake with campgrounds and boat launches where water sport players can play. Within the city limits, citizens and visitors can play at the: Lake Elsinore Motorsports Park, a motor-cross track for off-road riding and racing; Skylark Field Airport (CA89), an airport for skydiving and flying; and the Links at Summerly, an 18-hole golf course. Owned by the City, residents can visit our Diamond Stadium, a state-of-the-art baseball facility with the capacity of 14,000 spectators. Home base for the Storm Minor League Baseball Team, other events are held such as high school graduations, music concerts, and off-road vehicle races.

Honorable Mayor and City Council December 20, 2018

In November 2016, Lake Elsinore completed Rosetta Canyon Sports Park, a world-class multi-sport facility designed with a 5-tournament caliber color coded softball field. The park includes a football field, jogging pathways, two-story concession stand with observation deck, dog park, and community garden.



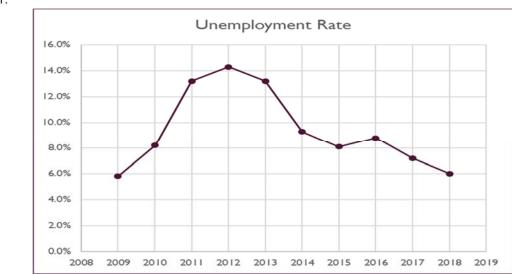
Lake Elsinore is home of the famous Elsinore Grand Prix; a dirt-bike race that takes place through the streets of Old Town Lake Elsinore and around the Lake Elsinore area. This event became popular in the 1960s and early 1970s, drawing the likes of dirt-bike greats such as Malcolm Smith and Steve McQueen, to name a few. The race has always been set as an open format in which anyone can ride. In 1971, the documentary movie *On Any Sunday* by Bruce Brown included scenes from the Elsinore Grand Prix. This epic race festival is typically held around mid-November over a three-day weekend.



The City provides a range of municipal services for citizens throughout the community that include maintenance of 19 parks, fire prevention, animal services, planning and development, building inspections, licenses and permits, construction and maintenance of streets, right-of-way landscaping maintenance, traffic and street lighting, capital improvements, general administration, recreational services, cultural activities, and lake services. The City contracts with Riverside County for both Police and Fire services. The Lake Elsinore Unified School District provides 23 schools for 21,565 students within the city limits and sphere of influence areas. Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District provides water and sewer services.

Local Economy

The City offers easy access to major freeways, available industrial and commercial land, quality labor force of both skilled and semi-skilled workers, and an economic philosophy of assisting local businesses for future growth. The region's geographic location, competitive cost structure and sophisticated logistics facilitates one of the fastest growing communities in the area. The City's median age is 30.2 with a per capital personal income of \$20,142. As shown in the Chart 1, this is a slight increase from the prior year of \$19,099 with the unemployment rate at 6.0%, which is down from the prior year of 6.5%. The median housing price in the City is approximately \$370,000, which is a median increase of 4.52% from the prior year. The statewide median is in the \$602,760 range, which is an 8.5% increase of \$555,420 from the prior year.



The City experienced a decrease of 0.99% in the transient occupancy tax (TOT) revenues for a total of \$560,150 for the fiscal year from \$565,961 of the prior year as shown in Chart 2 below. The TOT revenue is the City's 10% tax received for short-term rental properties such as (but not limited to) hotels, motels, RV parks and campgrounds.



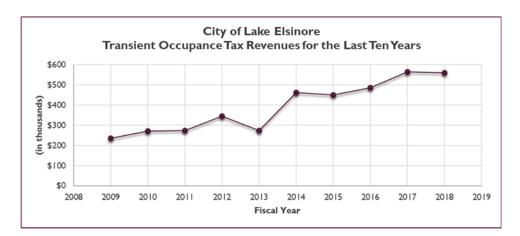
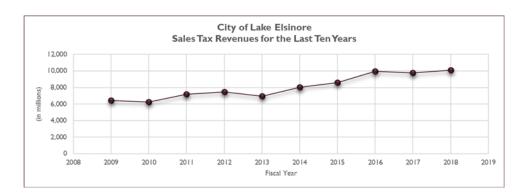


Chart 1.

Honorable Mayor and City Council December 20, 2018

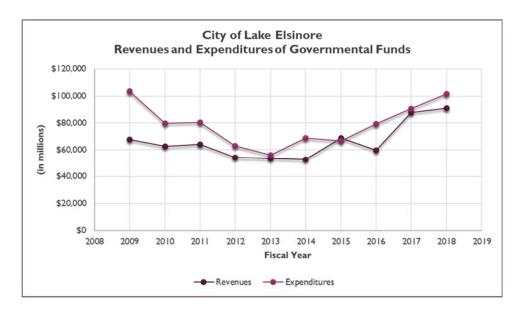
The City's Economic Development Department works with the Chamber of Commerce and the Visitor's Bureau in its effort to encourage the expansion and relocation of industries that generate local sales tax and employment opportunities. The City's sales tax revenue, the largest general fund revenue, experienced slight increase of sales overall of 1% for a total amount of \$10,071,435 as shown in Chart 3 below. The seemingly level or flat trend is partly a result of the California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration new reporting software implementation, which created payment processing delays. The top producer industries that contributed to this revenue source were general consumer goods in the lead, auto sales second, and fuel and service stations third.



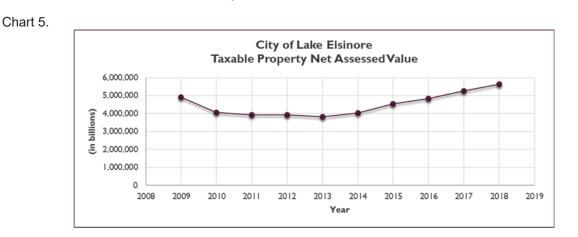


The City experienced a decrease in net position partly because of an increase in expenditures from Public services as reflected in the Chart 4 below. Even though revenue increased overall, the City experienced a decrease in revenues from licenses and permits.





Taxable property net assessed values continue on the upswing with only a little more than 1/3 built-out. The 2/3 of vacant land includes open frontage along California's Interstate 15 Highway available for commercial development. Chart 5 below shows full recovery from the housing market drop of 2008 and constitutes a 7.38% increase from last year.



Things to Come

The City continues to move forward on the capital improvement that transforms the existing City owned campground and boat launch to the Launch Pointe Recreation Destination & RV Park. Located on the North shore of the Lake, the resort includes the recently constructed boat launch. Once transformed, Launch Pointe will create new amenities for use by the community, residents, and visitors. Improvements will include picnic and shade structures, splash pad, playground, pool, new campsites, RV hookups, RV storage, laundry facilities, parking, concession stand, bait & tackle shop, new entryway, administrative building, and a large community hall. This year, the RV storage area opened with customers utilizing its services. This lovely resort also includes Vintage Village a vintage trailer area that can be rented by groups or individually. Yurt Village provides furnished yurts of various sizes that will also be available to rent. Now in the third phase of construction, Launch Pointe Resort is scheduled for completion in autumn of 2019. The City anticipates an increased draw of visitors and revenue because of Launch Pointe.



Launch Pointe's Vintage Village Fire Place

After the close of the 2018 fiscal year, the City of Lake Elsinore Council and Planning Commission have reviewed and approved developments that represent new economic investment and employment opportunities in the City. Scheduled for completion in spring of 2019, the new Central Plaza development will host Marshalls, ULTA Beauty, Sketchers, Five Below, Firehouse Subs, Pieology, and Panera Bread. Additionally, a new Jack-in-the-Box, two new Starbucks, a Popeyes Louisiana Kitchen, and a Chick-fill-a are beginning or in the construction phase. The construction of the approved development of a 520,000 square foot indoor commercial sports facility located adjacent to the Diamond Stadium will be pulling permits around spring of 2019.

Vision Statement and Major Initiatives

The City Council's visionary statement guides Council and Staff's focus with Council's budgetary initiatives:

The City of Lake Elsinore will be the ultimate lake destination where all can live, work, play, build futures, and fulfill dreams.

Council's "*Dream Extreme*" motto coupled with economic development facilitates goals to become the ultimate lake destination. After all, we are the *Action Sports Capital of the World* where our residents and visitors can *Dream Extreme*. The City Council's budgetary and legislative priorities are updated annually and are included in the Operating Budget. With the vision statement of focus on the "lake" and "play," Council's directive includes building recreation facilities and supporting sport venues. Listed below are the Council's established strategic key initiatives.

- Public Safety
- Recreation
- Transportation
- Economic Development
- Education
- Services

Long-Term Financial Planning

Each fiscal year, the annual operating budget is proposed after a considerable review process in which staff and Council identify budget priorities, immediate and future fiscal issues, community needs, and the resources required to enhance capital programs and services within the City in order to maintain a strong community. With the five-year forecast section, revenue and expenditure projections are developed to identify future impacts of proposed staffing and program changes, as well as, the impact of capital improvement projects. The annual budget serves not only as a financial plan for the immediate future, but also as a management and communications tool outlining the City Council's vision and key initiatives for the year that make the City the desirable place as our vision statement outlines.

The City Council previously identified an objective of developing and maintaining a reserve in the General Fund for economic uncertainties and contingencies. This is reviewed during the budget process with the revenue and expenditure forecasting and is currently set at 17.5%.

The objective of budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and various Boards. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Assessment Districts, Internal Service Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Improvement Project Funds.

The annual five-year budget is presented to Council for adoption prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. community services), and department (e.g., recreation). The level of budgetary control is maintained at the department level in which Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. Transfers between departments or funds; however, need special approval from Council.

Honorable Mayor and City Council December 20, 2018

Also presented annually to address changing needs, Council reviews and approves a five-year budget for the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP budget serves as a planning tool to coordinate level ranking, financing, and scheduling of major projects undertaken by the City. The City Council holds a budget workshop to facilitate discussion, public comments, and detailed review of each proposed project. Projects are carefully programmed to ensure the Community's capital improvement needs are met both now and in the future. Projects are designed to provided additional opportunities and access to the City and improve the overall quality of life. The level of budgetary control for CIP is maintained at the project level and the expenditure object level.

Internal Controls

Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial records and maintaining accountability of assets. To facilitate reporting, budgetary control is maintained through computer approval paths for all financial transactions of all funds as well as computer-generated reports. Capital Project expenditures are also controlled at the project level. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to ensure effective budgetary control; purchase orders and contracts are reviewed, and a determination is made that valid and sufficient appropriations exist for payment for ordered goods and services. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are reported as a reserve of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed its benefits. The evaluation of this cost benefit relationship rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

All internal control evaluations occur within the bounds as described. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Debt Administration

The City of Lake Elsinore, not including the component units, has no outstanding bond debt as of June 30, 2013. The City's Financing Authority, a joint powers authority between the City and Redevelopment Agency, was put in place to provide an economical and cost-effective pool of funds to acquire authorized local public obligations. Certain bonds issued and sold through the Financing Authority were authorized under the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985.

Fund Descriptions

The various fund types used by the City and included in this report are listed below and a description of them is included in the Note's to the Financial Statements.

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE
FUND DESCRIPTION
GOVERNMENT FUNDS
General Fund
Special Revenue Funds
Debt Service Funds
Capital Project Fund
Permanent Fund
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
Internal Service Funds:
Insurance Services
Information Systems Services
Support Services
Fleet Services
Facilities Services
FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private-purpose Trust Funds Agency Funds Honorable Mayor and City Council December 20, 2018

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lake Elsinore for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation and development of this report would not have been possible without the special efforts of the entire Administrative Services Department. We wish to express gratitude to all those staff members of both the City and independent auditors who were associates with the preparation of this report. Additionally, we express our appreciation to the Finance Division staff for their dedicated service and contribution to the department during the fiscal year. Their efforts are reflected in this report and in other documents resulting from the annual financial management process. We would like to thank the Mayor, City Council, City Treasurer, and City Manager for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Simpson Assistant City Manager





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lake Elsinore California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE DIRECTORY

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Steve Manos, Mayor Brian Tisdale, Mayor Pro Tem Robert E. Magee, Councilmember Natasha Johnson, Councilmember Tim Sherridan, Councilmember Allen Baldwin, Treasurer (Elected to four-year staggered terms)

ADMINISTRATION

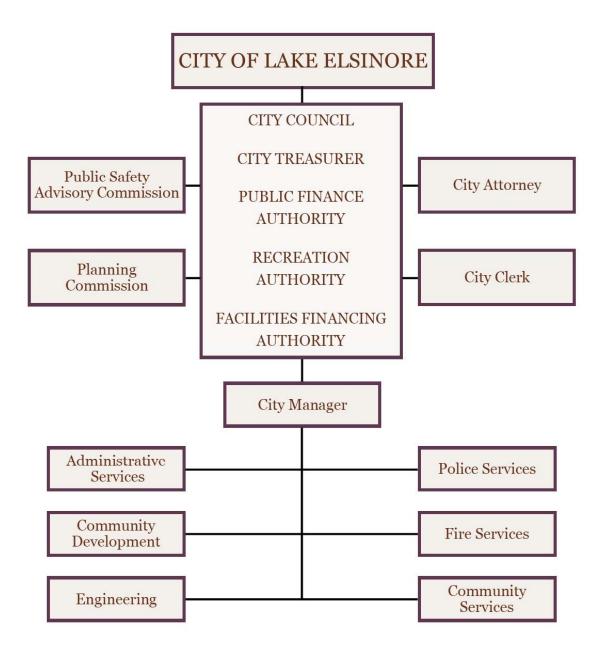
Grant Yates, City Manager Jason Simpson, Assistant City Manager Barbara Leibold, City Attorney Susan Domen, City Clerk Daniel Anne, Police Chief Lonny Olson, Fire Chief Vacant, City Engineer Johnathan Skinner, Director of Community Services Grant Taylor, Director of Community Development

CAFR TEAM

Jason Simpson, Assistant City Manager Shannon Buckley, Assistant Administrative Services Director Nancy Lassey, Finance Administrator Monica Fernandez, Accountant I Andrew Zavala, Accountant I

*At December 20, 2018

CITY ORGANIZATION CHART



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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lake Elsinore, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lake Elsinore, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lake Elsinore, California

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lake Elsinore, California, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2018 the City adopted new accounting guidance, *GASBS No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, the schedule of proportionate share in net pension liability – CalPERS pension plan, the schedule of contributions and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lake Elsinore, California

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Brea, California December 20, 2018

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City of Lake Elsinore, California Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2018

As management of the City of Lake Elsinore (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter already presented at the front of this report and the City's financial statements immediately following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's capital assets increased by \$7.9 million resulting from increased road improvements, park improvements, and infrastructure improvements.
- Capital outlay of the Capital Improvement Plan increased by \$3.0 million resulting from increased capital improvement projects with construction in progress. This 28.5% increase follows the City council's initiatives of transportation, economic development, image, and services. The Launch Pointe Recreation Destination & RV Park discussed in the introduction section is one of those projects.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$10.8 million or 27% of total General Fund expenditures. City Council has designated 17.6% or \$1.9 million of the \$10.8 million for future contingencies.
- The City of Lake Elsinore's total liabilities had a net increase of \$9.5 million during the current fiscal year. The net increase includes bond issuance for capital improvement reimbursements.
- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$221,481,578, which is 1.6% reduction from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis section is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statement, designed to communicate the information in an easily readable form. The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is intended to provide the reader with information of the City's financial condition, results of operation, and accountability.

The City's basic financial statements comprise of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are presented in the accrual basis to reveal if resources were used efficiently and effectively to meet operating objectives.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Lake Elsinore is improving or deteriorating.

Government-wide Financial Statements - Continued

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, community development, public services and community services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also three legally separate entities, the Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority and the Lake Elsinore Recreation Authority, and the Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority. The City is financially accountable for these entities and financial information for these blended component units is reported within the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Lake Elsinore can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-29 of this report.

The City maintains various individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The following funds are considered to be major funds: General Fund, Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue, Public Financing Authority Debt Service, Recreation Authority Debt Service, Assessment Districts Capital Projects, and Capital Improvement Plan. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

Governmental Funds - Continued

Because the City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, Assessment District Funds, Capital Project Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Internal Service Funds, A budgetary comparison statement is provided for them to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains various *internal service funds*. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its self-insurance activities, information technology systems, support systems, fleet services, and facilities services. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-33 of this report.

Because these services benefit governmental functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The internal services funds are combined in a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 167-172 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Lake Elsinore's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary fund is much like that used by the proprietary funds, accrual basis of accounting. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-35 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 39-95 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 99-104 of this report. Immediately following the required supplementary information, the *supplementary schedules* present the governmental fund statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 110-165 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As shown in Table 1, City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$221 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. For the City, 64.5% of the net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

An additional portion of the City's net position, 41.7%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The deficit balance of \$13.5 million is *unrestricted net position* and reflects the fact that governmental activities raise resources based on when liabilities are expected to be paid, rather than when they are incurred. Most governments do not have sufficient current resources on hand to cover current and long-term liabilities. The deficit in and of itself should not be considered an economic or financial difficulty; however, it does measure how far the City has committed the government's future tax revenues for purposes other than capital acquisition. The City's total net position decreased by \$3.5 million primarily a result from new bond issues related to capital improvement reimbursements. The decrease in current and other assets is a result of increased costs for public services and capital improvement projects.

City of Lake Elsinore Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year		
	2017	2018	% _Change_
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$373,936	\$373,350	(0.2)
Capital assets	165,788	173,647	4.7
Total Assets	539,724	546,997	1.3
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,689	7,358	10.0
Liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities	275,014	296,419	7.8
Other liabilities	45,972	34,141	(25.7)
Total Liabilities	320,986	330,560	3.0
Deferred Inflows of Resources	391	2,313	491.0
Net Position: Net investment in capital			
assets	146,735	142,754	(2.7)
Restricted	90,363	92,281	2.1
Unrestricted	(12,062)	(13,554)	12.4
Total Net Position	\$225,036	\$221,481	(1.6)

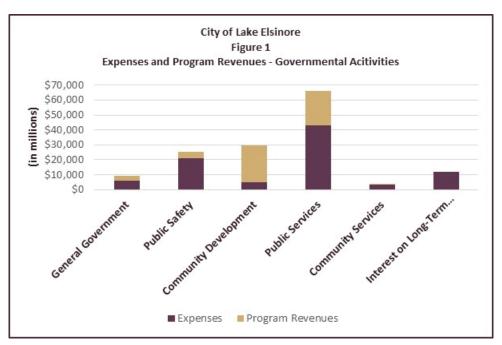
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

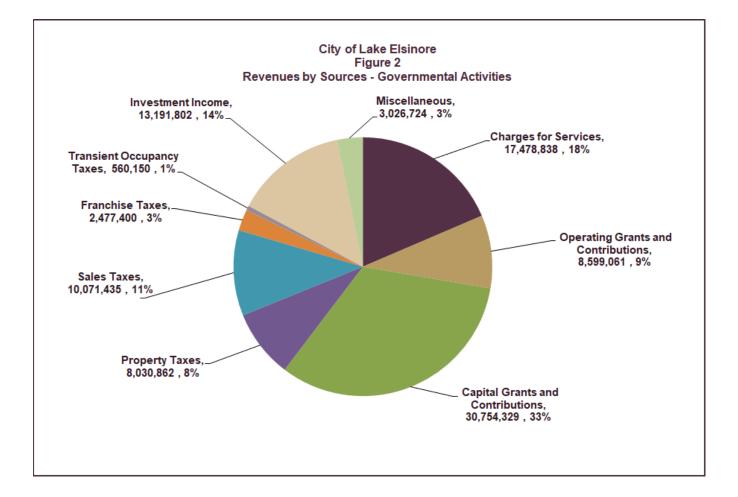
Table 2 below, Statement of Activities, provides details of how the City's net position changed from the prior year from governmental activities. Generally, it indicates whether the financial health of the City as a whole is better or worse from the prior year. The cost of all governmental activities in fiscal year 2018 was \$89.8 million, which was recovered through program revenues, taxes, and investment earnings. Figure 1 shows expenses in relation to program revenues while Figure 2 shows the makeup of the revenues. Revenue increased by \$4.8 million overall with a significant increase of \$3.1 million in funding from capital grants and contributions and \$1.9 from investment earnings. Property, sales, and franchise tax revenue increased by \$1.2 million, which verifies an upward trend in the economy. Although, revenue increased overall, the City received less fees for charges for services from the prior year. Less fees resulted from less building permits issued resulting from developments that completed their projects. Expenses in public services increased significantly resulting from increased road improvement, capital project improvements, and capital improvement reimbursements.

City of Lake Elsinore Table 2 Statement of Activities (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year		
	2017	2018	% Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$19,483	\$17,479	(10.3)
Operating contributions and grants	5,496	8,599	56.5
Capital contributions and grants	30,389	30,755	1.2
General revenues:			
Property taxes	7,381	8,031	8.8
Transient occupancy taxes	598	560	(6.3)
Sales taxes	9,746	10,071	3.3
Franchise taxes	2,297	2,477	7.8
Investment earnings	11,248	13,192	17.3
Miscellaneous	2,744	3,027	10.3
Total revenues	\$89,382	\$94,191	5.4
Expenses:			
General Government	8,904	5,857	(34.2)
Public safety	21,219	20,963	(1.2)
Community Development	4,808	5,001	4.0
Community Services	9,101	3,314	(63.6)
Public services	14,839	43,153	190.8
Interest on long-term debt	11,833	11,463	(3.1)
Total expenses	\$70,704	\$89,751	26.9
Changes in net position	18,678	4,440	(76.2)
Restatement of net position	(3,687)	(7,995)	90.7
Net position, beginning of year	210,045	225,036	6.7
Net position, end of year	\$225,036	\$221,481	(1.6)







FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$323.0 million, a decrease of \$1.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the \$323.0 million ending fund balance, a net \$10.8 million, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable of \$1.2 million; restricted of \$293.3 million; and assigned of \$17.6 million* for particular purposes. For additional information see Note 11 for net position.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Lake Elsinore. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$10.8 million, while total fund balance was \$11.8 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned general fund balance represents 26.73% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 29.28% of that same amount. The fund balance, of the City's General Fund experienced a decreased by \$769,914 during the current fiscal year. The primary factor for this overall 6% decrease is because of increased costs for public services.

For the major funds, the Public Financing Authority Debt Service Funds restricted fund balance decreased by \$8.2 million as the result of the annual debt service retirements. The low and Moderate Income Housing Fund had a increase of \$1.9 million in the restricted fund balance from less program spending in community development than investment earnings. The Recreation Authority increased by \$12,829 in fund balance resulting from a near match of interest and lease revenue versus debt service retirements. For the major capital projects funds, the Assessment Districts Capital Project Fund had a decrease of fund balance by \$302,241 resulting from capital improvement reimbursements. For the Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund, the increased by \$7.7 million was from increased contributions and charges for services.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

<u>Original - versus - Final</u>: The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget of net of revenue and expenditures reflects a net increase in appropriations of \$77,065. This reflects decreases in revenue of \$140,887 and increases in expenditures of \$63,822. Approved mid-year adjustments were completed as a means to match shortfalls in estimated revenue and increased costs.

<u>*Revenue Variances*</u>: Taxes fell short of the final budgeted amount by \$92,011 because of decreases in sales. Licenses, permits, and fees, also fell short from budgeted by \$735,227 resulting from less permits issued than anticipated.

<u>Expenditure Variances</u>: General government expenditures were lower than the ending budgeted by \$15,139 resulting from an increase in costs for City Clerk services and document storage vault.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$173.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation), which is an increase of \$15.5 million (before depreciation) from the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the City of Lake Elsinore's investment in capital assets for the current

fiscal year was 5%. Major or notable capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- City-wide Street Improvements
- City-wide Curb & Gutter Improvements
- Serenity Park Fit Trails
- Launch Point Recreation Destination & RV Park
- Third Street Drainage Improvements
- Diamond Stadium Improvements
- Main Street Parking Lot
- Canyon Hills Park Upgrades

City of Lake Elsinore Table 3 Capital Assets at Year-End (net of depreciation) (in thousands)

	Fisca		
	2017	2018	% Change
Land	\$2,914	\$3,216	10.3
Construction in progress	16,876	18,804	11.4
Buildings and structures	13,268	13,835	4.3
Improvements other than buildings	10,427	10,099	(3.1)
Machinery and equipment	522	820	57.3
Furniture and fixtures	74	596	704.0
Automotive equipment	1,135	1,684	48.4
Technology Equipment	429	291	(32.2)
Infrastructure	120,145	124,302	3.5
Total Capital Assets	\$165,788	\$173,647	4.7

Additional information on the City of Lake Elsinore's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the City has a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues include \$182 million of local agency revenue bonds, \$40 million of tax allocation revenue bonds, \$21.6 million of lease revenue bonds, and \$7 of certificate of participation bonds. Changes in long-term bonds resulted from the reduction of debt through principal and interest payments. Changes in long-term obligations resulted from the reduction of debt through principal and interest payments and increase in employment obligations. Additional information on the City of Lake Elsinore's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

City of Lake Elsinore Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year-End (in thousands)

	Fisca		
	2017	2018	% Change
Local agency revenue bonds	\$180,030	\$182,415	1.3
Tax allocation revenue bonds	42,490	40,225	(5.3)
Lease revenue bonds	22,480	21,620	(3.8)
Certificate of participation bonds	7,215	6,995	(3.0)
Net of bond discounts and premiums	10,594	9,843	(7.1)
Net pension liability	10,798	12,189	12.9
Other post-employment obligation	23,624	21,897	(7.3)
Compensated absences	1,038	1,235	19.0
Total Outstanding Debt	\$298,269		

Of the bond issues listed, Standard and Poor (S&P) provides ratings for the Successor Agency issues. Table 5 shows the changes in ratings and reflects an improvement over the past year based on a stable outlook for the issues. Additional information regarding the Successor Agency Trust is presented in Note 17.

City of Lake Elsinore Table 5 Changes in Credit Ratings for the Successor Agency to the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency

	Prior		
Debt Issue	Year	02/13/18	12/14/18
Senior Lien Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Series 2010 A,B,&C	A+	AA-	AA-
Subordinated Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series 2015	A-	A+	A+
Third-lien Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2018A & 2018B	N/A	А	А

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

- Property taxes are estimated to increase slightly for the next fiscal year due to an assumed increase of assessed valuations as well as increased building activity.
- Sales and Use tax is estimated to increase slightly for the next fiscal year due to more robust economy, City growth, increased visitors, and increased commercial development.
- Licenses, permits, and fees are estimated to decrease because of two development communities are built out as of the close of fiscal year 2018.
- Community facility district's (CFD) assessments are estimated to increase as a result of the increased annexations of developments. Some CFD revenues are earmarked for services such as law, fire, paramedic, and landscape maintenance that will offset the increased costs of those services. All new development must annex into these service type CFDs.

These factors were considered in preparing the City of Lake Elsinore's budget for fiscal year 2018-19.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lake Elsinore's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lake Elsinore, Department of Administrative Services, 130 South Main Street, Lake Elsinore, California, 92530 or visit our website at <u>www.lake-elsinore.org</u>.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 50,057,278
Receivables:	ψ 30,037,270
Accounts	1,955,138
Notes and loans	83,095,688
Accrued interest	15,360,575
Prepaid costs	911,207
Due from other governments Land held for resale	4,791,127 768,369
Restricted assets:	700,009
Cash with fiscal agent	28,500,913
Investment in bonds	187,909,909
Capital assets not being depreciated	22,019,552
Capital assets, net of depreciation	151,627,042
Total Assets	546,996,798
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred charge on refunding	2,409,313
Pension related items	4,198,249
OPEB related items	750,879
Total Deferred Outflows	
of Resources	7,358,441
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	5,597,622
Accrued liabilities	961,225
Accrued interest	3,743,414
Unearned revenue Deposits payable	54,285 23,784,349
Noncurrent liabilities:	20,704,040
Due within one year	9,658,484
Due in more than one year	252,674,730
Total OPEB liability	21,896,884
Net pension liability	12,189,277
Total Liabilities	330,560,270
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension related items	346,313
OPEB related items	1,967,078
Total Deferred Inflows	
of Resources	2,313,391
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	142,754,254
Restricted for:	7 200 202
Public works Debt service	7,308,883 7,782,845
Low & moderate income housing	61,512,408
Public facilities & improvements	14,368,184
Lighting & landscape maintenance	1,158,097
Development	122,750
Other purposes	27,881
Unrestricted	(13,553,724)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 221,481,578</u>

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Program Revenue		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Contributions	Capital Contributions	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants	Activities
Functions/Programs Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 5,856,845	\$ 2,666,057	\$ 679,667	\$-	\$ (2,511,121)
Public safety	20,963,229	1,716,350	2,894,693	-	(16,352,186)
Community development	5,000,426	9,727,246	1,956,602	13,202,795	19,886,217
Community services	3,313,875	759,254	4,964	-	(2,549,657)
Public services	43,153,162	2,609,931	3,063,135	17,551,534	(19,928,562)
Interest on long-term debt	11,463,403				(11,463,403)
Total Governmental Activities	89,750,940	17,478,838	8,599,061	30,754,329	(32,918,712)
Total Primary Government	\$ 89,750,940	\$ 17,478,838	\$ 8,599,061	\$ 30,754,329	(32,918,712)
	General Revenue	s:			
	Taxes:	•			
	Property taxes.	levied for genera	al purpose		8,030,862
	Transient occu	0			560,150
	Sales taxes	. ,			10,071,435

Sales taxes Franchise taxes Use of money and property Miscellaneous	10,071,435 2,477,400 13,191,802 3,026,724
Total General Revenues	37,358,373
Change in Net Position	4,439,661
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated	217,041,917
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 221,481,578

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Pro	Capital Projects Funds		
	General	Low and Moderate Income Housing	Assessment Districts	Capital Improvement Plan		
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$ 11,898,140	\$ 4,635,471	\$ 126,253	\$ 16,407,802		
Receivables:			· · · · · ·			
Accounts	988,532		-	753,861		
Notes and loans Accrued interest	1,000,000		-	-		
Prepaid costs	297,363 31,385		-	58,638		
Due from other governments	1,947,356		-	32,665		
Due from other funds	230,606		-	-		
Land held for resale	•	768,369	-	-		
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-	2,315	-		
Investment in bonds	. <u> </u>					
Total Assets	\$ 16,393,382	\$ 58,184,596	\$ 128,568	\$ 17,252,966		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$ 3,216,488 947,204 15,645	-	\$ - - - -	\$ 1,225,738 - - -		
Total Liabilities	4,179,337	782,698	·	1,225,738		
	,,,,,					
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues	374,806	13,601,058	-	-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	374,806					
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	1,031,385		-	-		
Restricted Assigned		43,800,840	128,568	- 16,027,228		
Unassigned	10,807,854	-	-			
Total Fund Balances	11,839,239		128,568	16,027,228		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Debt Serv			
	Public Financing Authority	Recreation Authority		
Assets:	Authonity	Authonity	Funds	Funds
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ -	\$-	\$ 15,095,547	\$ 48,163,213
Accounts	-	-	212,745	1,955,138
Notes and loans	40,225,000	-	2,695,250	83,095,688
Accrued interest	21,094	2,115	84,258	11,994,510
Prepaid costs	9,394	79,062	73,562	193,403
Due from other governments	-	-	736,830	4,791,127
Due from other funds	-	-	-	230,606
Land held for resale Restricted assets:	-	-	-	768,369
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	22,099,383	1,744,457	4,654,758	28,500,913
Investment in bonds	180,335,976		7,573,933	187,909,909
Total Assets	\$ 242,690,847	\$ 1,825,634	\$ 31,126,883	\$ 367,602,876
and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$ - - - 21,985,150 -	\$ - - - - -	\$ 273,827 	\$ 5,498,751 947,204 54,285 23,784,349 230,606
Total Liabilities	21,985,150		2,342,272	30,515,195
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues	-	-	117,349	14,093,213
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	117,349	14,093,213
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	9,394 220,696,303 - -	79,062 1,746,572 -	93,562 26,972,707 1,600,993 -	1,213,403 293,344,990 17,628,221 10,807,854
Total Fund Balances	220,705,697	1,825,634	28,667,262	322,994,468
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 242,690,847	\$ 1,825,634	\$ 31,126,883	\$ 367,602,876

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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 322,994,468
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.		172,289,681
Long-term debt, compensated absences, total OPEB liability and total net pension liability are not included in the governmental fund activity: Bonds payable Unamortized bond premiums/discounts Deferred charges on refunding Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Compensated Absences	\$ (251,255,000) (9,843,378) 2,409,313 (20,364,102) (11,172,399) (1,234,836)	(291,460,402)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB that are required to be recognized over a defined closed period: Pension related deferred outflows of resources Pension related deferred inflows of resources OPEB related deferred outflows of resources OPEB related deferred inflows of resources		3,790,795 (319,060) 698,317 (1,829,383)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,356,476
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on Bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(3,743,414)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		14,093,213
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the statement of net position.		1,610,887
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 221,481,578

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Sp		Spe	cial Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds			
		General		Low and erate Income Housing	Assessment Districts	Capital Improvement Plan		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	21,139,847	\$	-	\$-	\$-		
Special assessments		11,512		479,632	-	-		
Licenses and permits		3,086,486		-	-	-		
Intergovernmental		5,374,408		-	-	-		
Charges for services		3,818,856		-		1,583,379		
Investment earnings		46,916		149	4,454	46,342		
Fines and forfeitures		577,441		-		-		
Contributions		96,956		-	13,202,795	15,553,743		
Miscellaneous		6,172,991		-		1,618		
Total Revenues		40,325,413		479,781	13,207,249	17,185,082		
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		5,188,725		_				
Public safety		19,989,432		_	-	-		
Community development		4,647,633		58,059	-	-		
Community services		2,526,651		-	-	-		
Public services		8,198,259		-	13,509,490	-		
Capital outlay		-		-	-	13,008,692		
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-				
Total Expenditures		40,550,700		58,059	13,509,490	13,008,692		
Evenes (Deficiency) of Povenues								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(005 007)		404 700	(202 244)	1 176 200		
Over (Under) Expenditures		(225,287)		421,722	(302,241)	4,176,390		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		1,523,125		-	-	5,566,225		
Transfers out		(2,082,254)		-	-	(2,008,185)		
Debt issued		-		-	-	-		
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		14,502		-				
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)		(544,627)		-		3,558,040		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(769,914)		421,722	(302,241)	7,734,430		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as previously reported		12,609,153		41,812,585	430,809	8,292,798		
Restatements		_		1,566,533	_	_		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as restated		12,609,153		43,379,118	430,809	8,292,798		
r and Balanoos, Beginning of Tear, as restated		12,000,100		-10,073,110	400,009	0,202,100		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	11,839,239	\$	43,800,840	\$ 128,568	\$ 16,027,228		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Debt Service Funds				
P	Public Financing Authority	Recreation Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 21,139,847	
Special assessments	φ -	φ -	φ - 1,916,122	¢ 21,139,647 2,407,266	
Licenses and permits	-	_	1,437,842	4,524,328	
Intergovernmental	-	-	4,211,198	9,585,606	
Charges for services	-	-	-,211,100	5,402,235	
Investment earnings	10,001,549	15,992	248,889	10,364,291	
Fines and forfeitures	-		336,217	913,658	
Contributions	-	-	-	28,853,494	
Miscellaneous			1,927,441	8,102,050	
Total Revenues	10,001,549	15,992	10,077,709	91,292,775	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	4,774	3,163	36,369	5,233,031	
Public safety	4,774	3,103	518,438	20,507,870	
Community development	-	-	25,000	4,730,692	
Community services	-	-	50,640	2,577,291	
Public services			12,870,284	34,578,033	
Capital outlay	-	_	355,909	13,364,601	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	7,855,000	620,000	460,000	8,935,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	10,328,873	511,700	1,041,749	11,882,322	
Total Expenditures	18,188,647	1,134,863	15,358,389	101,808,840	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,187,098)	(1,118,871)	(5,280,680)	(10,516,065)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	-	1,131,700	3,302,881	11,523,931	
Transfers out	-	-	(7,433,492)	(11,523,931)	
Debt issued	-	-	7,975,000	7,975,000	
Proceeds from sale of capital asset				14,502	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,131,700	3,844,389	7,989,502	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(8,187,098)	12,829	(1,436,291)	(2,526,563)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as previously reported	228,892,795	1,812,805	30,103,553	323,954,498	
Restatements				1,566,533	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as restated	228,892,795	1,812,805	30,103,553	325,521,031	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 220,705,697	\$ 1,825,634	\$ 28,667,262	\$ 322,994,468	

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (2,526,563)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation Contributed capital assets Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets	\$ 11,206,539 (7,513,647) 262,107 (5,548)	3,949,451
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal repayments Bond proceeds Amortization of bond premiums/discounts	8,935,000 (7,975,000) 494,922	1,454,922
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		2,072
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(197,306)
OPEB liability expenses is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduce the Total OPEB Liability in the statement of net position.		(165,976)
Pension obligation expenses is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduce the Net Pension Liability in the statement of net position.		(1,037,927)
Revenues reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the statement of activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		2,537,552
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		 423,436
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 4,439,661

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Assets:	
Current: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,894,065
Receivables:	\$ 1,094,005
Accrued interest	9,589
Prepaid costs	717,804
Due from other funds	143,366
Total Current Assets	2,764,824
Total Guitein Assets	2,704,024
Noncurrent:	
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	1,356,913
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,356,913
Total Assets	4,121,737
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension Related Items	407,454
OPEB Related Items	52,562
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	460,016
Liabilities:	
Current:	
Accounts payable	98,871
Accrued liabilities	14,021
Due to other funds	143,366
Total Current Liabilities	256,258
Noncurrent:	
Total OPEB liability	1,532,782
Net pension liability	1,016,878
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,549,660
Total Liabilities	2,805,918
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Pension Related Items	27,253
OPEB Related Items	137,695
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	164,948
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,356,913
Unrestricted	253,974
Onesurolea	233,974
Total Net Position	\$ 1,610,887

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 3,739,056 97,737
Total Operating Revenues	3,836,793
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Contractural Services Utilities Maintenance and Operation Depreciation expense Insurance	1,106,223 318,738 206,098 817,947 231,647 733,692
Total Operating Expenses	3,414,345
Operating Income (Loss)	422,448
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue	988
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	988
Changes in Net Position	423,436
Net Position:	
Beginning of Year, as originally reported	2,792,874
Restatements	(1,605,423)
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	1,187,451
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 1,610,887

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 3,837,793 (2,166,421) (959,553)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	711,819
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash paid - due from other funds Cash received - due to other funds	143,366 (143,366)_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(971,208)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(971,208)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	(2,069)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(2,069)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(261,458)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,155,523
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,894,065
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 422,448
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows from pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows OPEB (Increase) decrease in prepaid expense Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accured liabilities Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in Total OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows from OPEB Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows from pensions	231,647 1,000 (14,786) (4,312) 82,140 (168,818) (3,268) 153,028 (120,891) 137,695 (4,064)
Total Adjustments	289,371
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 711,819
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contribution of Capital Assets	\$ -
See Notes to Financial Statements	

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

Assets:	Agency Funds		vate-Purpose rust Funds
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 19,927,184	\$	11,913,012
Receivables:	φ 10,021,101	Ψ	11,010,012
Accounts	31,968		217
Accrued interest	84,249		67,414
Prepaid costs	_ · ·		183,365
Due from other governments	322,803		-
Land held for resale	-		6,039,994
Deferred charges	-		917,426
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	6,683,560		6,010
Capital assets:			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	-		2,004,419
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-		14,299,747
Deposits with Other Agencies	17,754,116		4,705,610
Total Assets	\$ 44,803,880	\$	40,137,214
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 19,160	\$	2,369,123
Accrued interest	-		778,351
Deposits payable	3,755,709		-
Long-term liabilities:			
Due in one year	-		3,530,000
Due in more than one year	-		83,957,012
Due to Bondholders	41,029,011		-
Total Liabilities	\$ 44,803,880	\$	90,634,486
Net Position: Held in trust for other purposes		\$	(50,497,272)
		Ψ	-
Total Net Position		\$	(50,497,272)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		vate-Purpose rust Funds
Additions:		
Contributions: Trust Contributions	\$	52,641
Taxes	Ψ	11,002,014
Investment earnings		34,321
Total Additions		11,088,976
Deductions:		
Contractual services		13,771,801
Interest expense		2,603,431
Depreciation expense		946,382
Costs of issuance		468,000
Total Deductions		17,789,614
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated		(43,796,634)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	(50,497,272)

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Lake Elsinore ("City") was incorporated April 23, 1888 under the General Laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Member form of government and by the laws, provides the following services: public safety, highways and streets, cultural recreation, public improvements, community development, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City of Lake Elsinore include the financial activities of the City, the Successor Agency to the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency (Note 17), the Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority, the Lake Elsinore Recreation Authority and the Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the basic criteria for including an agency, institution, authority or other organization in a governmental unit's financial reporting entity is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to 1) selection of the governing body, 2) imposition of will, 3) ability to provide a financial benefit to or impose financial burden on and 4) fiscal dependency.

There may, however, be factors other than financial accountability that are so significant that exclusion of a particular agency from a reporting entity's financial statements would be misleading. These other factors include scope of public service and special financing relationships.

Based upon the application of these criteria, an agency, institution or authority, may be included as a component unit in the primary government's financial statements. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. A discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government. There are no discretely presented component units in these financial statements. Each blended component unit presented has a June 30, 2018 year end. All the component units are blended in these financial statements. The governing bodies of these component units are comprised of the City Council and the services they provide almost exclusively benefits the City of Lake Elsinore. The following is a brief review of each component unit included in the primary government's reporting entity.

The Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority – The "Authority" is a joint exercise of powers between the City and the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency created by a joint powers agreement dated July 25, 1989. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, through the issuance of revenue bonds, a financing pool to fund capital improvement projects. These revenues bonds are to be repaid solely from the revenues of certain public obligations. The Authority does not have taxing power. The City Council also acts as the governing body of the Authority. The Authority's activities are blended with those of the City in these financial statements and are reported as a debt service fund. On February 1, 2012, the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency was dissolved and the City became the Successor Agency to the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Lake Elsinore Recreation Authority – The "Recreation Authority" is a joint exercise of powers between the City and the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency created by a joint powers agreement dated December 1, 1996. The purpose of the Recreation Authority is to provide, through the issuance of revenue bonds, a financing pool to fund capital improvement projects. These revenues bonds are to be repaid solely from the revenues of certain public obligations. The Recreation Authority does not have taxing power. The City Council also acts as the governing body of the Recreation Authority. The Recreation Authority's activities are blended with those of the City in these financial statements and are reported as a debt service fund. On February 1, 2012, the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency was dissolved, and the City became the Successor Agency to the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency.

The Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority – On September 13, 2016 City Council formed the Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority which is a joint powers agreement between the City and the Lake Elsinore Parking Authority to issue lease revenue bonds. The use of lease revenue bonds is a financing pool to fund general infrastructure and is commonly used by cities in California. Under this financing structure, a joint powers authority is utilized for the sole purpose of issuing bonds for the benefit of the issuer. The City Council also acts as the governing body of the Facilities Financing Authority. The Facilities Financing Authority activities are blended with those of the City in these financial statements and are reported as a debt service fund.

b. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

Government-wide Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government (including its blended component units) is reported separately from discretely presented component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Direct payments have not been eliminated from the functional categories. Internal expenses and internal payments have been eliminated.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific program, project, function or segment. Program revenues of the City include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Separate financial statements for the government's governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Fiduciary statements, even though excluded from the government-wide financial statements, represents private purpose trust funds and agency funds.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and private-purpose trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term liabilities and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and are therefore recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City's fiduciary funds consist of private purpose trust funds which are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the agency funds which have no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis for reporting its assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is used to account for all financial resources of the City, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Low and Moderate-Income Housing Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the low and moderate-income projects. Expenditures for this fund are restricted to low and moderate-income housing projects.

The <u>Assessment Districts Capital Project Fund</u> is used to account for transactions related to proceeds from assessment bonds and other resources used to acquire and construct certain capital facilities.

The <u>Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund</u> is used to account for capital improvement plan projects, financed by grants, resources from other funds and miscellaneous revenues.

The <u>Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of the Authority.

The <u>Recreation Authority Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for debt service transactions including revenue collections and payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations of the component unit.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The <u>Internal Service Funds</u> are used to account for goods or services provided by one department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The <u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> are used to account for activities of the Successor Agency to the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency and the activities of the Carl Graves Trust.

The <u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for special assessments and taxes received by the City as an agent for individuals, other governments and other entities used to pay interest, principal, and services on community facilities and assessment district bonds.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations of the governmental funds automatically lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Encumbrances as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Major Funds:		
General Fund	\$	283,151
Low and Moderate-Income Housing Special Revenue	F	55,135
Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund		2,260,180
Other Governmental Funds		9,788
Total	\$	2,608,254

e. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, except for the investments in local obligations, which are reported at cost, because the investments are not transferable and the fair values are not affected by changes in interest rates. Investment earnings includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, any gains or losses related to the liquidation or sale of the investment.

f. Employee Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, a liability is recorded for unused vacation, sick, holiday benefits and compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payment upon termination or retirement. The amount recorded in accordance with GASB No. Statement 16 at June 30, 2018, was \$1,234,836.

g. Inter-fund Activity

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and such amounts are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

h. Risk Management

The City's Workers' Compensation losses are covered by a policy with the California State Compensation Board. The City's liability losses are covered under their participation in the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("JPIA").

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

i. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Assets purchased in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of 2 years or more. Infrastructure is capitalized if cost is in excess of \$50,000 and it has an expected useful life of 2 years or more. Capital assets acquired through lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the date acquired. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset's lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class is as follows:

Assets	Years		
Buildings and structures	40		
Improvements Other Than Buildings	25		
Machinery and Equipment	5-8		
Furniture and Fixtures	5-7		
Automotive Equipment	5-15		
Infrastructure	35-100		

j. Property Tax Revenue

Property tax in California is levied according to Article 13-A of the California Constitution. The County of Riverside, California (the County) is permitted by State law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) as determined by the County Assessor.

Property taxes are levied by the County and shared with all other political jurisdictions within the County. These political jurisdictions and the County may levy an additional property tax override only after two-thirds approval of the jurisdictions' voters.

The County bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied provided that the revenue is collected during the year or within 60 days of year-end. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1, and are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1. Such taxes become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively.

k. Miscellaneous Revenues

Included in miscellaneous revenues for the governmental funds is \$2,729,279 of fire service tax credits, \$3,355,157 reimbursed revenues, \$199,587 other revenues, and \$1,818,077 gain on sale land for resale. Miscellaneous revenues for the Statement of Activities include \$2,688,921 reimbursed revenues and \$337,803 other revenues.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunding or refunding debt. Secondly, The City also has deferred outflows related to pensions, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, this item (pension related items), is reported only in the government-wide statement of net position. This includes pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and other amounts (see Note 12), which are amortized by an actuarial determined period. Thirdly, the City has deferred outflows related to Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), which include contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the Total OPEB liability and other amounts.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. First, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from interest on loans and notes receivable. These amounts become available. Secondly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting, this item (pension related items), is reported only in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts (see Note 12) are amortized by an actuarial determined period. Thirdly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources only under a full accrual basis of accounting period. Thirdly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources are a full accrual basis of accounting period. Thirdly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources are full accrual basis of accounting period. Thirdly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources are full accrual basis of accounting period. Thirdly, the City also has deferred inflows of resources related to opension.

m. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the plan have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Period	July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARL) (6.83 years at June 30, 2017)

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

o. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

It is the City's intention to seek authority from the City Council to realign the current year's budget to reflect priority changes in the goals and objectives of the City. This realignment did not take place in the current year budget; therefore, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Fund	Expenditures	Appropriations	Excess
Non-Major Funds: Gas Tax			
Public Safety	1,232,253	575,000	(657,253)
Traffic Safety Public Safety	337,230	-	(337,230)

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

p. New Accounting Pronouncement – GASB 75

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting for OPEB provided to the employees of state and local governments. Statement No. 75 replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 75 is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017 and was implemented by the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

The City had the following cash and investments at June 30:

	 Fair Value 2018
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 50,057,278
Restricted Cash with fiscal agent	216,410,822
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and investments	31,840,196
Restricted Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	6,689,570
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 304,997,866
Cash and investments consist of the following:	
Petty Cash	\$ 1,300
Deposits in Financial Institution	68,387
Investments	304,928,179
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 304,997,866

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	* One Issuer
US Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
US Government Sponsored Agency Securities	5 years	None	40%
State and Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Insured or Collateralized Time Certificate of Deposit	5 years	None	5%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	5%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	10%	5%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	5%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$65,000,000
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	N/A	None	5%
Money Market Fund	N/A	20%	5%
Supranational	5 years	30%	5%
*Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are r Restrictions.	not subject to	California G	Government Code

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include, United States Treasury Obligations, United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities, Guaranteed Investment Contracts, Commercial Paper, Local Agency Bonds, Banker's Acceptance and Money Market Mutual Funds. There were no limitations on the maximum amount that can be invested in one issuer, maximum percentage allowed or the maximum maturity of an investment, except for the maturity of Commercial Paper which is limited to 92 days and of Banker's Acceptances which are limited to one year.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rates risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	Total	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More Than 60 Months		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 43,149,251	\$ 43,149,251	\$ -	\$-	\$ -		
Corporate Notes	10,891,786	1,219,314	4,379,967	5,292,505	-		
Federal Agency Securities	3,163,534	35,262	1,230,406	1,897,866	-		
U.S. Treasury Notes	14,366,328	-	-	14,366,328	-		
Supra - National Agency Bonds	2,653,042	-	-	2,653,042			
Municipal Bonds	223,472	223,472	-	-	-		
Certificates of Deposits	7,278,652	2,840,212	2,247,106	2,191,334	-		
California Asset Management							
Program Pool (CAMP)	101,737	101,737	-	-	-		
Investments with Fiscal Agents:							
Money Market Funds	35,182,971	35,182,971	-	-	-		
Local Obligation Bonds	187,917,406	187,917,406					
Total	\$ 304,928,179	\$ 270,669,625	\$ 7,857,479	\$ 26,401,075	\$-		

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating, by Standard and Poor's as of year-end for each investment type.

The City's investment in local obligation bonds are secured by property taxes on the subordinate tax allocation bonds and special assessment taxes on property owned within the Community Facilities Districts or Special Assessment Districts. Due to the decline in property values and general economic conditions, there has been an increase in delinquent special assessment collections, resulting in foreclosures on property secured by the special assessments. The City may not be able to recover its investment in these local obligations bonds if collections of special assessments decline and foreclosure proceeds are not adequate to cover the investment balances.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

			Minimum Legal Rating	AAA	 AA+	 Other	 Not Rated	Required to be Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 43	,149,251	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,149,251	\$ -
Corporate Notes	10	,891,786	AA	394,889	392,646	10,104,251	-	-
Federal Agency Securities	3	,163,533	N/A	-	3,163,533	-	-	-
US Treasury Notes	14	,366,329	N/A	-	-	-	-	14,366,329
Super-National Agency Bonds	2	,653,043	N/A	2,653,043	-	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds		223,472		-	-	223,472	-	-
Certificate of Deposit	7	,278,652		-	-	7,278,652	-	-
California Asset Management								
Program Pool (CAMP)		101,737	N/A	101,737	-	-	-	-
Held by Bond Trustee:								
Money Market Mutual Funds	35	,182,971		35,182,971	-	-	-	-
Local Obligation Bonds	187	,917,406		-	-	-	187,917,406	-
Total	\$ 304	,928,179		\$ 38,332,640	\$ 3,556,179	\$ 17,606,375	\$ 231,066,657	\$ 14,366,329

The ratings for the other above are as follows:

Other:		
AA	\$	367,401
AA-	4	,172,742
A-1	1	,191,215
A-1+	1	,370,023
A+	4	,226,049
A	2	,639,373
A-	2	,302,397
BBB+	1	,337,175
	\$ 17	,606,375

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investments policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City's investments are as follows:

lssuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount
CFD 2003-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2014 Series B (Improvement Area A and C)	Local Obligation Bonds	\$17,485,257
CFD 2003-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area B)	Local Obligation Bonds	26,862,547
CFD 2004-3-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area 1)	Local Obligation Bonds	21,327,777
CFD 2004-3-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area 2)	Local Obligation Bonds	23,950,228
CFD 2005-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area 2)	Local Obligation Bonds	21,574,216

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2018, \$294,733 of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts.

Local Agency Investment Fund

The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. The Authority may invest up to \$65,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within twenty-four hours without loss of interest. Investments with LAIF are secured by the full faith and credit of the State of California. The yield of LAIF during the quarter ended June 30, 2018 was 0.98%. The carrying value and estimated fair value of the LAIF Pool at June 30, 2018 was \$88,813,999,646 and \$88,798,232,977, respectively. The City's share of the Pool at June 30, 2018 was approximately 0.0485 percent.

The market value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the market value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are certain derivative securities or similar products in the form of structured notes totaling \$845,802,033 and asset-backed securities totaling \$7,521,009,486. LAIF's and the Authority's exposure to risk (credit, market or legal) is not currently available.

The LAIF has oversight by the Local Investment Advisory Board. The LAIF Board consists of five members as designated by Statute. LAIF is also regulated by California Government Code Section 16429.

Investment in California Asset Management Program

The California Asset Management Program (the CAMP) is a public joint powers authority which provides California Public Agencies with investment management services for surplus funds and comprehensive investment management, accounting and arbitrage rebate calculation services for proceeds of tax-exempt financings. The CAMP currently offers the Cash Reserve Portfolio, a short-term investment portfolio, as a means for Public Agencies to invest these funds. Public Agencies that invest in the Pool (Participants) purchase shares of beneficial interest. Participants may also establish individual, professionally managed investment accounts (Individual Portfolios) by separate agreement with the Investment Advisor. The City has a separate account in the Investment Advisor to manage part of the CAMP portfolio.

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments in the Pools and Individual Portfolios are made only in investments in which Public Agencies generally are permitted by California statute. The CAMP may reject any investment and may limit the size of a Participant's account. The Pool seeks to maintain, but does not guarantee, a constant net asset value of \$1.00 per share. A Participant may withdraw funds from its Pool accounts at any time by check or wire transfers. Requests for wire transfers must be made by 9:00 a.m. that day. Market value of the Pool is determined by the market value per share of the Pool's underlying portfolio.

An investment in the Trust is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Shares of the Trust are distributed by PFM Fund Distributors, Inc., member Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) (www.finra.org) and Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) (www.sipc.org). Camp has oversight by PFM, which is an investment advisor registered with the Securities Exchange Commission under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940.

Investment in Bonds

The Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority has purchased various Assessment District (AD) and Community Facilities District (CFD) bonds from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued by the Authority to facilitate the respective bond issues of the Districts. The CFD and Assessment District Bonds are secured solely by assessments on property owners within the Districts. The repayment schedules of the bonds, and interest thereon, to the Authority are concurrent and sufficient to satisfy the debt service requirements of the respective Authority revenue bonds.

Investment Type	 Fair Value		
AD 93-1 Refunding Improvement Bonds, 2012 Series B	\$ 12,315,965		
CFD 2005-5 Special Tax Bonds, 2012 Series A	2,902,378		
CFD 2003-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2012 Series (Improvement Area C)	5,188,553		
CFD 2006-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2013 Series (Improvement Area A)	3,338,556		
CFD 88-3 Special Tax Bonds, 2013 Series B	1,465,737		
CFD 98-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2013 Series C	11,121,212		
CFD 2003-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2014 Series A (Improvement Area D)	7,185,541		
CFD 2003-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2014 Series B (Improvement Area A and C)	17,485,257		
CFD 95-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series	911,505		
CFD 2003-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area B)	26,862,547		
CFD 2004-3-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area 1)	21,327,777		
CFD 2004-3-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area 2)	23,950,228		
CFD 2005-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series	8,099,155		
CFD 2005-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series (Improvement Area 2)	21,574,216		
CFD 2005-6 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series	2,876,396		
CFD 2006-2 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 Series	5,976,742		
CFD 2006-1 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 A Series (Improvement Area B)	2,844,213		
CFD 88-3 Special Tax Bonds, 2015 B Series	4,910,000		
	\$ 180,335,978		

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority has purchased Community Facilities District (CFD) bonds from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued by the Authority to facilitate the respective bond issues of the Districts. The CFD and Assessment District Bonds are secured solely by assessments on property owners within the Districts. The repayment schedules of the bonds, and interest thereon, to the Authority are concurrent and sufficient to satisfy the debt service requirements of the respective Authority revenue bonds.

Investment Type	F	Fair Value		
CFD 2003-2 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 Canyon Hills (Improvement Area B)	\$	7,573,933		
	\$	7,573,933		

Cash and Investment by Entity

Cash and investments held by entity at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

		City of Lake Elsinore	5	Successor Agency	Pu	blic Financing Authority		Recreation Authority		Facilities Financing Authority		Totals
Petty Cash and Change Drawer	\$	1,300	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,300
Deposits at Carrying Amount (1)		68,387		-		-		-		-		68,387
Local Agency Investment Fund		35,646,630		7,502,621		-		-		-		43,149,251
Corporate Notes		10,891,786		-		-		-		-		10,891,786
Federal Agency Securities		3,163,534		-		-		-		-		3,163,534
US Treasury Notes		14,366,328		-		-		-		-		14,366,328
Municipal Bonds		223,472		-		-		-		-		223,472
Super-National Agency Bonds		2,653,042		-		-		-		-		2,653,042
Certificate of Deposits		7,278,652		-		-		-		-		7,278,652
California Asset Management Program Pool												
(CAMP)		101,737		-		-		-		-		101,737
Held by Bond Trustee:												
Money Market Mutual Bonds		10,848,516		6,010		14,525,479		1,744,457		492,073		27,616,535
Local Obligations Bonds		-		-		180,335,976		-		7,573,933		187,909,909
Total	\$	85,243,384	\$	7,508,631	\$	194,861,455	\$	1,744,457	\$	8,066,006	\$	297,423,933
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⁽¹⁾Net of deposits in transit and outstanding warrants.

Note 3: Fair Value Measurements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurements and Application, provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value with Level 1 given the highest priority and Level 3 the lowest priority.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the organization has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Note 3: Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within *Level 1* that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. *Level 2* inputs include the following:

- a. Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
- **b.** Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- **c.** Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates).
- **d.** Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market-corroborated inputs).

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Fair value of assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	 Fair Value	gnificant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	Uncategorized		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 43,149,251	\$ 43,149,251	\$	-	
Corporate Notes	10,891,786	10,891,786		-	
Federal Agency Securities	3,163,534	3,163,534		-	
US Treasury Notes	14,366,328	14,366,328		-	
Municipal Bonds	223,472	223,472		-	
Certificate of Deposits	7,278,652	7,278,652		-	
Super-National Agency Bonds	2,653,042	2,653,042		-	
California Asset Management Program Pool					
(CAMP)	101,737	-		101,737	
Held by Bond Trustee:					
Money Market Mutual Bonds	35,182,971	-		35,182,971	
Local Obligations Bonds	187,917,406	187,917,406		-	
Total	\$ 304,928,179	\$ 269,643,471	\$	35,284,708	

Fair values for investments are determined by using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the security's relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Uncategorized investments do not fall under the fair value hierarchy as there is no active market for the investments. Land held for resale was acquired for the purpose of redevelopment rather than for income and profit. Therefore, land for resale is exempt under GASB 72 fair value measurements.

Note 4: Loans Receivable from Successor Agency

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the dissolved Redevelopment Agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the Successor Agency under the requirements of the Dissolution Act and AB 1484. Accordingly, the City has not recorded an allowance for uncollectible advances. The State of California Department of Finance (DOF) has audited the 1995 Loan from the Housing Fund and the City Bond Debt Service Advances as part of its review of the Recognized Obligation Payments Schedule (ROPS), and has not objected to the Successor Agency's repayment of those loans in accordance with the approved ROPS and applicable loan agreements. However, it is reasonably possible that a legal determination or a determination by DOF may be made at a later date that would be unfavorable to the City.

Note 4: Loans Receivable from Successor Agency (Continued)

1995 Loan from Housing Fund

As of June 30, 2018, the Successor Agency owed the City, in its capacity as housing successor agency, \$27,641,173. The loans were made from the Low and Moderate-Income Housing Special Revenue Fund from the 1995 Series A and 1999 Series C bond proceeds pursuant to that certain Housing Fund Loan Agreement dated December 1, 1995. The loan proceeds were deposited into the Rancho Laguna Special Revenue Fund, and then subsequently loaned to each of the three project areas as interfund loans in accordance with the loan agreement. The 1995 Series A and 1999 Series C bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2010 with the issuance of the 2010 Series A and 2010 Series B bonds. The loans payable includes an original amount of \$18,040,440 and accrued interest of \$9,600,733. During the fiscal year, accrued interest of \$458,419 was earned on the outstanding loans. The loans from the Low and Moderate-Income Housing Special Revenue Fund are repayable from all available revenues of the Successor Agency after payment of senior indebtedness in accordance with the governing loan agreement.

The issuer of the bonds sought court validation of the actions taken in connection with the 1995 Bonds under Code of Civil Procedure Section 869, et seq. On November 14, 1995, the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Riverside validated the 1995 bond issues and the interfund and housing fund loan agreements relating to payment of the bond debt.

SERAF Advances from Housing Fund

Advances due to the City, in its capacity as housing successor agency, include a loan of \$3,750,000 as a result of the suspension of a portion of the 20% set aside requirement to assist in the payment of the SERAF obligation for fiscal year 2010. This advance is to be repaid by the Successor Agency in installments beginning fiscal year 2014-2015. Repayment of the SERAF advances are limited by a formula set forth in AB 1484, have a priority over repayment of certain other advances, and shall not be made prior to the 2013-2014 fiscal year. The balance of the loan as of June 30, 2018, is \$2,063,788.

Public Finance Authority Loan Agreements

The Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority ("Authority") entered into loan agreements with the former Redevelopment Agency ("Agency") whereby the Authority loaned the proceeds of 2010 Series A, B and C Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds and the 2011 Series A Tax Allocation Bonds issued by the Authority to the Agency to retire debt and provide funds for certain public improvements in Agency project areas. As a result of the dissolution of the Agency, the obligation to pay the loans to the Authority was transferred to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lake Elsinore ("Successor Agency"). The principal and interest are payable in installment payments payable not less than three days to the due date on the related bonds payable (see Note 7).

Note 4: Loans Receivable from Successor Agency (Continued)

The following table represents the outstanding balance of loans receivable from the Successor Agency at June 30, 2018:

Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds	Loa	ns Receivable Balance
2010 Series A Issue	\$	12,475,000
2010 Series B Issue		6,185,000
2010 Series C Issue		21,565,000
Total Due to/from Other Funds	\$	40,225,000

Note 5: Notes Receivable

The City has a note receivable in the amount of \$1,000,000 from Pottery Court Housing Associates, L.P. dated December 9, 2009. The proceeds of the loan assisted with the development of the Pottery Court Affordable Housing Project. This loan was funded with HOPE VI grant funds from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The loan is to be repaid with interest in arrears in annual installments on July 1, commencing on July 1 in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the deed of trust securing the permanent loan is recorded in the official records of Riverside County. Absent prepayment or acceleration, the Borrower agrees to pay the loan in annual payments equal to 75 percent of the residual receipts as defined in the loan agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision, unless the loan is paid earlier, the outstanding principal and accrued unpaid interest is payable 55 years from the date of recording of the release of construction covenants. The release of construction covenants was recorded on August 8, 2012. At June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance of \$1,240,000 includes accrued interest of \$240,000.

The City's Low and Moderate-Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund has a note receivable in the amount of \$9,737,000 from Pottery Court Housing Associates, L.P. dated March 10, 2011. The proceeds of the Ioan assisted with the acquisition of property and development of the Pottery Court Affordable Housing Project. The Ioan is to be repaid with interest in arrears in annual installments on July 1, commencing July 1 in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the deed of trust securing the permanent Ioan is recorded in the official records of Riverside County. Absent prepayment or acceleration, the Borrower agrees to pay the Ioan in annual payments equal to 67.5 percent of the residual receipts as defined in the Ioan agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision, unless the Ioan is paid earlier, the outstanding principal and accrued unpaid interest is payable 55 years from the date of recording of the release of construction covenants. The release of construction covenants was recorded on August 8, 2012. At June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance of \$11,585,575 includes interest of \$1,848,575.

Note 5: Notes Receivable (Continued)

The City's Low and Moderate-Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund has a note receivable in the amount of \$1,100,000 from LMV II Affordable, LP dated October 12, 2010. The proceeds of the loan assisted with the rehabilitation of 64 units of affordable housing for families of the Lakeview II Affordable Housing Project. The loan is to be repaid with interest in arrears in annual installments on July 1, commencing July 1 in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the deed of trust securing the second permanent loan is recorded in the official records of Riverside County. Absent prepayment or acceleration, the Borrower agrees to pay the loan in annual payments equal to 30 percent of the residual receipts as defined in the loan agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision, unless the loan is paid earlier, the outstanding principal and accrued unpaid interest is payable 55 years from the date of recording of the release of construction covenants evidencing completion of the rehabilitation. The release of construction covenants was recorded on August 8, 2012. At June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance of \$1,162,857 includes interest of \$62,857.

The City's Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund has a note receivable in the amount of \$695,250 from Mission Trail LE, LP dated May 1, 2018. The loan was given for the purpose of providing construction and permanent financing for the development of the Mission Trail Apartments Affordable Housing Project. The Borrower shall make annual repayments of the City Fund 106 Loan on June 30 of each year following completion of construction of the Improvements. The City Land Loan shall be repayable from 50 percent of the residual receipts paid annually after completion of the Development. All residual receipts payments to the City shall be paid toward the City Fund 106 Loan until the City Fund 106 Loan is paid In full. Notwithstanding any other provision, unless the loan is repaid earlier, the outstanding principal and accrued interest is payable 55 years from the date of recordation of a Notice of Completion for the Development. At June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance of \$695,602 includes accrued interest of \$352.

The City's Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund has a note receivable in the amount of \$2,000,000 from Mission Trail LE, LP dated May 1, 2018. The proceeds of the loan were used for the acquisition of the property by the developer for the Mission Trail Apartments Affordable Housing Project. The term of this loan shall commence on May 1, 2018 and shall expire on December 31, 2077, notwithstanding any other provisions, unless the loan is paid earlier. The City Land Loan shall be repayable from 50 percent of the residual receipts paid annually after completion of the Development. All residual receipts payments to the City shall be paid toward the City Fund 106 Loan until the City Fund 106 Loan is paid in full. After the City Fund 106 Loan is completely repaid, all residual receipts payments to the City shall be paid to the City Land Loan. At June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance of \$2,001,014 includes accrued interest of \$1,014.

The City's Low and Moderate-Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund has a note receivable in the amount of \$7,520,000 from Mission Trail LE. LP dated May 1, 2018. The loan was given for the purpose of providing construction and permanent financing for the development of the Mission Trail Apartments Affordable Housing Project. The City LMIHAF Loan shall be repayable from 50 percent of the residual receipts paid annually after completion of the Development. All residual receipts payments to the City shall be paid toward the City Fund 106 Loan until the City Fund 106 Loan is paid in full. After the City Fund 106 Loan is completely repaid, all residual receipts payments to the City shall be paid to the City Land Loan. After the City Land Loan is completely repaid, all residual receipts payments to the City shall be paid to the City Land Loan. After the City Land Loan is completely repaid, all residual receipts payments of \$7,523,812 includes accrued interest of \$3,812.

Note 5: Notes Receivable (Continued)

The City's low and Moderate-Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund has a note receivable in the amount of \$771,500 or such lessor amount as disbursed by the City to Civic Partners-Elsinore, LLC. The proceeds of the loan shall be used for the purpose of predevelopment eligible costs for the Cottages at Mission Trail Affordable Housing Project. It is anticipated that all principal and interest outstanding under the Predevelopment Promissory Note shall be repaid in full at Construction Closing with proceeds of the Accrued Funds Loan. At June 30, 2018, the total outstanding balance of \$725,015 includes accrued interest of \$10,805.

Note 6: Capital Assets

	Beginning Balance	Adjustments *	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Dalance	Aujustinents	Balance	Additions	Deletions		Dalance
Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 2,914,048 16,875,588	\$- 3,169,125	\$ 2,914,048 20,044,713	\$ 271,852 10,914,033	\$ - -	\$ 29,478 (12,154,572)	\$ 3,215,378 18,804,174
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	19,789,636	3,169,125	22,958,761	11,185,885		(12,125,094)	22,019,552
Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and Structures Improvement other than buildings Machinery and Equipment	19,086,034 17,753,781 2,807,344	- -	19,086,034 17,753,781 2,807,344	- - 329,323	(34,542)	1,005,761 322,543 116,274	20,091,795 18,076,324 3,218,399
Furniture and Fixtures Automotive Equipment Technology Equipment and Software Infrastructure	365,680 2,829,590 653,189 214,963,398	- - -	365,680 2,829,590 653,189 214,963,398	529,874 377,362 17,410 -	- (115,401) - -	109,000 425,011 - 10,146,505	1,004,554 3,516,562 670,599 225,109,903
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	258,459,016		258,459,016	1,253,969	(149,943)	12,125,094	271,688,136
Less accumulated depreciation: Building and Structures Improvement other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Furniture and Fixtures Automotive Equipment Technology Equipment and Software Infrastructure	(5,817,724) (7,327,165) (2,285,768) (291,567) (1,695,016) (224,644) (94,818,311)	- - - -	(5,817,724) (7,327,165) (2,285,768) (291,567) (1,695,016) (224,644) (94,818,311)	(438,667) (650,104) (146,898) (117,099) (247,782) (155,280) (5,989,464)	- 34,542 - 109,853 -		(6,256,391) (7,977,269) (2,398,124) (408,666) (1,832,945) (379,924) (100,807,775)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(112,460,195)		(112,460,195)	(7,745,294)	144,395		(120,061,094)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	145,998,821		145,998,821	(6,491,325)	(5,548)	12,125,094	151,627,042
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 165,788,457	\$ 3,169,125	\$ 168,957,582	\$ 4,694,560	\$ (5,548)	\$-	\$ 173,646,594

The following is a summary of changes in the Governmental Activities Capital Assets:

*Refer to Note 19 for details

Note 6: Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs in the Statement of Activities as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 309,423
Public Safety	455,359
Public Services	6,205,849
Community Services	543,016
Internal Service Funds	 231,647
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 7,745,294

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities

		Years of		Amount
	Date of Issue	Maturity	Rate of Interest	Authorized
Local Agency Revenue Bonds:				
2012 Series A	7/12	2014-2039	1.50 - 5.25%	\$ 3,450,000
2012 Series B	11/12	2015-2031	2.00 - 5.125%	15,345,000
2012 Series C	12/12	2016-2043	2.00 - 5.00%	5,345,000
2013 Series A	5/13	2016-2044	1.75 - 5.00%	3,620,000
2013 Series B	7/13	2015-2021	2.00 - 3.25%	4,215,000
2013 Series C	7/13	2014-2034	2.00 - 5.25%	13,615,000
2014 Series A	1/14	2017-2045	2.25 - 5.75%	7,505,000
2014 Series B	7/14	2016-2041	3.00 - 5.00%	18,210,000
2015 Series	2/15	2016-2041	2.00 - 5.00%	108,845,000
2015 Series A	2/15	2017-2045	2.00 - 3.65%	3,200,000
2015 Series B	5/15	2017-2021	2.00 - 5.00%	7,590,000
2017 Series	12/17	2019-2045	2.00 - 4.00%	7,975,000
Lease Revenue Bonds:				
2013 Series A	9/13	2014-2032	3.00 - 5.00%	14,460,000
2016 Series A	11/16	2017-2046	1.25 - 3.75%	10,410,000
Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds:	0//0			
2010 Series A	2/10	2011-2034	2.00 - 5.25%	15,435,000
2010 Series B	5/10	2011-2026	2.00 - 4.75%	10,855,000
2010 Series C	10/10	2012-2031	2.00 - 5.00%	29,435,000
Certificate of Participation				
2014 Series A	10/4	2015-2039	2.00 - 5.00%	7,965,000

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Public Financing Authority:					
Local Agency Revenue Bonds:					
2012 Series A	\$ 3,225,000	\$-	\$ (60,000)	\$ 3,165,000	\$ 65,000
2012 Series B	13,445,000	-	(675,000)	12,770,000	705,000
2012 Series C	5,335,000	-	(15,000)	5,320,000	20,000
2013 Series A	3,585,000	-	(25,000)	3,560,000	30,000
2013 Series B	2,175,000	-	(620,000)	1,555,000	580,000
2013 Series C	12,160,000	-	(505,000)	11,655,000	525,000
2014 Series A	7,495,000	-	(20,000)	7,475,000	30,000
2014 Series B	17,580,000	-	(400,000)	17,180,000	435,000
2015 Series	105,540,000	-	(1,825,000)	103,715,000	2,040,000
2015 Series A	3,170,000	-	(35,000)	3,135,000	40,000
2015 Series B	6,320,000	-	(1,410,000)	4,910,000	1,500,000
Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds:					
2010 Series A	12,825,000	-	(350,000)	12,475,000	365,000
2010 Series B	6,830,000	-	(645,000)	6,185,000	670,000
2010 Series C	22,835,000	-	(1,270,000)	21,565,000	1,310,000
Recreation Financing Authority:			(· · ·)		
2013 Series A	12,150,000	-	(620,000)	11,530,000	635,000
Facilities Financing Authority:	, ,			, ,	*
Lease Revenue Bonds:					
2017 Series	-	7,975,000	-	7,975,000	105,000
2016 Series A	10,330,000	-	(240,000)	10,090,000	245,000
Subtotal	245,000,000	7,975,000	(8,715,000)	244,260,000	9,300,000
	, ,	.,,	(-,,)	, ,	-,,
Add (Less) Deferred Amounts:			(570,700)	40.070.705	
Bond Premiums	10,846,511	(040,000)	(572,786)	10,273,725	-
Bond Discounts	(458,052)	(216,329)	47,786	(626,595)	
Subtotal	10,388,459	(216,329)	(525,000)	9,647,130	-
Certificates of Participation :					
2014 Series A	7,215,000	-	(220,000)	6,995,000	235,000
Premiums	205,593	-	(9,345)	196,248	-
Net Pension Liability (Note 12)	10,798,127	5,415,495	(4,024,345)	12,189,277	-
Other Post Employement	10,700,127	0,410,400	(4,024,040)	12,100,211	
Benefit Obligation (Note 13)	23,623,894	1,541,542	(3,268,552)	21,896,884	-
Compensated Absences	1,037,530	394,612	(197,306)	1,234,836	- 123,484
Compensated Absences	1,007,000	004,012	(137,300)	1,204,000	120,404
Total	\$ 298,268,603	\$ 15,110,320	\$(16,959,548)	\$ 296,419,375	\$ 9,658,484

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations:

* As restated

The City historically allocates costs to liquidate liabilities pension liability based on the allocation of the employees earning, the respective benefits, and their respective payroll expense to various funds across the City.

Net pension liability and other post-employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund and are reported as a liability of the governmental activities.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund and are reported as a liability of the governmental activities.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

In February 1990, the Public Financing Authority was authorized to issue \$500,000,000 in revenue bonds for the purpose of enabling the Public Financing Authority to acquire certain qualified obligations (the "Local Obligations") of the City or the former Redevelopment Agency for whose benefit the program has been designed, or of any other local agencies in the State of California, including Community Facilities District and Special Assessment District (the "Local Agencies"). The Bonds were issued to provide funds to finance the acquisition or construction of land, buildings, equipment and other capital improvements. The bonds will constitute special obligations of the Public Financing Authority and will be issued in Series from time to time pursuant to Supplemental Indentures. These bonds will be payable solely from the repayment by Local Agencies of their obligations and any available surplus revenues.

2012 Series A

In July 2012, \$3,450,000 principal amount of 2012 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series A, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$255,000 from September 1, 2013 through September 1, 2038. Interest payments ranging from 1.5% to 5.25% are due from March 1, 2013 through September 1, 2038. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2012 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$306,232, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$303,974.

Future debt requirements for the 2012 Series A Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

		2012A Local Agency Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Р	rincipal		Interest	_	Total	
2019	\$	65,000	\$	157,719		\$	222,719
2020		75,000		155,478			230,478
2021		80,000		152,763			232,763
2022		85,000		149,666			234,666
2023		95,000		146,119			241,119
2024 - 2028		615,000		643,847			1,258,847
2029 - 2033		830,000		460,162			1,290,162
2034 - 2038		1,070,000		211,837			1,281,837
2039		250,000	_	6,694			256,694
Totals	\$	3,165,000	\$	2,084,285		\$	5,249,285

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2012 Series B

In November 2012, \$15,345,000 principal amount of 2012 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series B, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$615,000 to \$1,360,000 from September 2, 2014 through September 2, 2030. Interest payments ranging from 2.0% to 5.125% are due from March 2, 2013 through September 2, 2030. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing March 2, 2013 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$1,650,626, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$1,644,155.

Future debt requirements for the 2012 Series B Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2012B Local Agency Revenue Refunding Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total			
2019	\$ 705,000	\$ 597,166	\$ 1,302,166			
2020	735,000	571,947	1,306,947			
2021	770,000	543,706	1,313,706			
2022	805,000	511,178	1,316,178			
2023	850,000	474,975	1,324,975			
2024 - 2028	5,060,000	1,664,344	6,724,344			
2029 - 2031	3,845,000	303,528	4,148,528			
Totals	\$ 12,770,000	\$ 4,666,844	\$ 17,436,844			

2012 Series C

In December 2012, \$5,345,000 principal amount of 2012 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series C, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$5,000 to \$1,200,000 from September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2042. Interest payments ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% are due from March 1, 2013 through September 1, 2042. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing March 1, 2013 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$729,221, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$717,469.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Future debt requirements for the 2012 Series C Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2012C Local Agency Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Principa	l Interest	Total			
2019	\$ 20,0	000 \$ 260,281	\$ 280,281			
2020	25,0	000 259,588	284,588			
2021	30,0	000 258,656	288,656			
2022	35,0	000 257,475	292,475			
2023	45,0	000 255,919	300,919			
2024 - 2028	360,	000 1,241,759	1,601,759			
2029 - 2033	630,	000 1,128,750	1,758,750			
2034 - 2038	1,015,0	000 925,625	1,940,625			
2039 - 2043	3,160,	000 531,000	3,691,000			
Totals	\$ 5,320,	000 \$ 5,119,053	\$ 10,439,053			

2013 Series A

In May 2013, \$3,620,000 principal amount of 2013 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series A, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$310,000 from September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2043. Interest payments ranging from 1.75% to 5.0% are due from March 1, 2014 through September 1, 2043. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2014 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$376,933, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$370,149.

Future debt requirements for the 2013 Series A Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2013A Local Agency Revenue Bonds						onds	
Year Ending June 30	I	Principal			Interest		Total	
2019	\$	30,000	-	\$	168,000	-	\$	198,000
2020		35,000			167,100			202,100
2021		40,000			165,925			205,925
2022		45,000			164,516			209,516
2023		50,000			162,881			212,881
2024 - 2028		355,000			776,738			1,131,738
2029 - 2033		575,000			675,713			1,250,713
2034 - 2038		860,000			506,478			1,366,478
2039 - 2043		1,260,000			244,250			1,504,250
2044		310,000			7,750	_		317,750
Totals	\$	3,560,000	_	\$	3,039,351	-	\$	6,599,351

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2013 Series B

In July 2013, \$4,215,000 principal amount of 2013 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series B, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$425,000 to \$705,000 from September 1, 2014 through September 1, 2020. Interest payments ranging from 2.00% to 3.25% are due from September 1, 2013 through September 1, 2020. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2013 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$534,297, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$523,704.

Future debt requirements for the 2013 Series B Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

		2013B Local Agency Revenue Bonds				
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Ir	nterest		Total
2019	\$	580,000	\$	38,288	\$	618,288
2020		550,000		22,063		572,063
2021		425,000		6,906		431,906
Totals	\$	1,555,000	\$	67,257	\$	1,622,257

2013 Series C

In July 2013, \$13,615,000 principal amount of 2013 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series C, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$475,000 to \$1,025,000 from September 1, 2014 through September 1, 2033. Interest payments ranging from 2.00% to 5.25% are due from September 1, 2013 through September 1, 2033. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2033 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$1,254,534, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$1,245,285.

Future debt requirements for the 2013 Series C Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2013C Local Agency Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total			
2019	\$ 525,000	\$ 549,981	\$ 1,074,981			
2020	540,000	532,994	1,072,994			
2021	555,000	514,169	1,069,169			
2022	575,000	493,316	1,068,316			
2023	600,000	470,175	1,070,175			
2024 - 2028	3,425,000	1,890,581	5,315,581			
2029 - 2033	4,410,000	871,500	5,281,500			
2034	1,025,000	26,906	1,051,906			
Totals	\$ 11,655,000	\$ 5,349,622	\$ 17,004,622			

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2014 Series A

In January 2014, \$7,505,000 principal amount of 2014 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series A, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$705,000 from September 1, 2016 through September 1, 2014. Interest payments ranging from 2.25% to 5.75% are due from September 1, 2014 through September 1, 2044. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2023 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$823,043, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$816,841.

Future debt requirements for the 2014 Series A Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2014A Local Agency Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Р	rincipal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	30,000	\$	414,856	\$	444,856
2020		40,000		413,669		453,669
2021		50,000		411,969		461,969
2022		60,000		409,694		469,694
2023		70,000		406,888		476,888
2024 - 2028		575,000		1,967,634		2,542,634
2029 - 2033		1,030,000		1,765,075		2,795,075
2034 - 2038		1,680,000		1,391,731		3,071,731
2039 - 2043		2,585,000		785,306		3,370,306
2044 - 2045		1,355,000		79,494		1,434,494
Totals	\$	7,475,000	\$	8,046,316	\$	15,521,316

2014 Series B

In July 2014, \$18,210,000 principal amount of 2014 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series B, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$260,000 to \$660,000 from September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2040. Interest payments ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% are due from March 1, 2015 through September 1, 2040. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2024 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$1,702,017, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$1,689,291.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Future debt requirements for the 2014 Series B Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2014B Local Agency Revenue Bonds						
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total				
2019	\$ 435,0	000 \$ 771,075	\$ 1,206,075				
2020	480,0	000 753,863	1,233,863				
2021	530,0	733,663	1,263,663				
2022	575,0	708,688	1,283,688				
2023	630,0	678,563	1,308,563				
2024 - 2028	3,805,0	2,915,188	6,720,188				
2029 - 2033	4,985,0	2,031,100	7,016,100				
2034- 2038	3,905,0	821,731	4,726,731				
2039 - 2041	1,835,0	142,375	1,977,375				
Totals	\$ 17,180,0	000 \$ 9,556,246	\$ 26,736,246				

2015 Series

In February 2015, \$108,845,000 principal amount of 2015 Series Local Agency Revenue Bonds, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$655,000 to \$8,405,000 from September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2040. Interest payments ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% are due from September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2040. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2025 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$9,339,702, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$9,289,008.

Future debt requirements for the 2015 Series Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2015 Local Agency Revenue Refunding Bonds						
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total				
2019	\$ 2,040,000	\$ 5,034,250	\$ 7,074,250				
2020	2,250,000	4,948,450	7,198,450				
2021	2,500,000	4,841,975	7,341,975				
2022	2,755,000	4,712,725	7,467,725				
2023	3,030,000	4,570,425	7,600,425				
2024 - 2028	19,820,000	20,193,625	40,013,625				
2029 - 2033	29,380,000	14,208,900	43,588,900				
2034 - 2038	34,280,000	5,754,376	40,034,376				
2039 - 2041	7,660,000	400,500	8,060,500				
Totals	\$ 103,715,000	\$ 64,665,226	\$ 168,380,226				

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2015 Series A

In February 2015, \$3,200,000 principal amount of 2015 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series A, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$235,000 from September 1, 2016 through September 1, 2044. Interest payments ranging from 2.0% to 3.625% are due from September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2044. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2023 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$270,321, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$266,677.

Future debt requirements for the 2015 Series A Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2015A Local Agency Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	40,000	\$	105,169	\$	145,169
2020		40,000		104,369		144,369
2021		45,000		103,519		148,519
2022		50,000		102,538		152,538
2023		55,000		101,388		156,388
2024 - 2028		350,000		480,394		830,394
2029 - 2033		490,000		414,856		904,856
2034 - 2038		680,000		315,188		995,188
2039 - 2043		930,000		170,738		1,100,738
2044 - 2045		455,000		16,766		471,766
Totals	\$	3,135,000	\$	1,914,925	\$	5,049,925

2015 Series B

In May 2015, \$7,590,000 principal amount of 2015 Local Agency Revenue Bonds, Series B, was issued in accordance with the indenture described above. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$1,270,000 to \$1,810,000 from September 1, 2016 through September 1, 2020. Interest payments ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% are due from March 1, 2016 through September 1, 2020. The bonds are not subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance of \$292,614, which is sufficient to cover the Reserve Requirement of \$285,075.

Future debt requirements for the 2015 Series B Local Agency Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2015B Local Agency Revenue Bonds						
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total				
2019	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 200,500	\$ 1,700,500				
2020	1,600,000	130,500	1,730,500				
2021	1,810,000	45,250	1,855,250				
Totals	\$ 4,910,000	\$ 376,250	\$ 5,286,250				

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2017 Series

On December 21, 2017 \$7,975,000 principal amount of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, was issued by the Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements owned by the City for Community Facilities District 2003-2 (Canyon Hills) Improvement Area B. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$105,000 to \$450,000 from September 1, 2018 through September 1, 2044. Interest payments ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% are due from March 1, 2018 through March 1, 2044. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing March 1, 2038 at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the cash reserve balance of \$474,577 is sufficient to cover the Reserve Requirement of \$472,200.

	2017 Local Agency Revenue Bonds							
Year Ending June 30	Principal Interest			Total				
2019	\$	105,000		\$	259,731	-	\$	364,731
2020		210,000			256,581			466,581
2021		215,000			252,331			467,331
2022		220,000			247,981			467,981
2023		225,000			243,531			468,531
2024 - 2028		1,200,000			1,135,500			2,335,500
2029 - 2033		1,375,000			953,078			2,328,078
2034 - 3038		1,610,000			707,131			2,317,131
2039 - 2043		1,930,000			376,400			2,306,400
2044		885,000			35,700	_		920,700
Totals	\$	7,975,000		\$ 4	4,467,964	_	\$ ´	12,442,964

2010 Series A

In February 2010, \$15,435,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series A, was issued in accordance with the indenture described in Note 7A. The term bonds are due in annual installments of \$305,000 to \$2,910,000 from September 1, 2010 through September 1, 2033; interest at 2.00% to 5.25%. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2019, at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$1,510,045, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$1,471,914.

Future debt requirements for the 2010 Series A Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2010A Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds				
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Total			
2019	\$ 365,000	\$ 618,869	\$ 983,869		
2020	380,000	605,356	985,356		
2021	395,000	590,331	985,331		
2022	405,000	574,078	979,078		
2023	425,000	556,694	981,694		
2024 - 2028	2,445,000	2,447,594	4,892,594		
2029 - 2033	6,360,000	1,518,825	7,878,825		
2034	1,700,000	44,625	1,744,625		
Totals	\$ 12,475,000	\$ 6,956,372	\$ 19,431,372		

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

2010 Series B

In May 2010, \$10,855,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series B, was issued in accordance with the indenture described in Note 7A. The term bonds are due in annual installments of \$515,000 to \$895,000 from September 1, 2010 through September 1, 2025; interest at 2.00% to 4.75%. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2019, at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$949,531, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$939,538.

Future debt requirements for the 2010 Series B Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds are as follows:

		2010B Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds						
Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest			Total		
2019	\$	670,000		\$	257,394	_	\$	927,394
2020		690,000			231,450			921,450
2021		720,000			202,350			922,350
2022		750,000			170,175			920,175
2023		785,000			136,128			921,128
2024 - 2026		2,570,000			184,047	_		2,754,047
Totals	\$	6,185,000		\$	1,181,544	_	\$	7,366,544

2010 Series C

In October 2010, \$29,435,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series C, was issued in accordance with the indenture described in Note 7A. The term bonds are due in annual installments of \$650,000 to \$2,115,000 from September 1, 2011 through September 1, 2030; interest at 2.00% to 5.00%. The bonds are subject to call and redemption on or after their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2020, at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$2,246,035, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$2,222,395.

Future debt requirements for the 2010 Series C Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds are as follows:

	2010C Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds				
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2019	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 891,926	\$ 2,201,926		
2020	1,350,000	848,676	2,198,676		
2021	1,395,000	800,611	2,195,611		
2022	1,445,000	746,426	2,191,426		
2023	1,500,000	687,526	2,187,526		
2024 - 2028	8,500,000	2,410,747	10,910,747		
2029 - 2031	6,065,000	449,144	6,514,144		
Totals	\$ 21,565,000	\$ 6,835,056	\$ 28,400,056		

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Lease Revenue Bonds

2013 Series A

In September 2013, \$14,460,000 principal amount of 2013 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, was issued in accordance with the indenture to provide funds to advance refund the 2000 Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A. The original purpose of the prior bonds was to finance the Authority's lease of certain City recreation facilities from the City for lease back to the City. The term bonds are due in annual installments of \$565,000 to \$1,075,000 from February 1, 2014 through February 1, 2032; interest rates varying from 3.00% to 5.00%. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing February 1, 2024, at specified redemption prices. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$1,131,700, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement of \$1,131,700.

Future debt requirements for the 2013 Series A Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

	2013A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Princ	cipal	Interest		Total	
2019	\$6	35,000	\$	493,100	\$	5 1,128,100
2020	6	55,000		474,050		1,129,050
2021	6	75,000		454,400		1,129,400
2022	7	00,000		427,400		1,127,400
2023	7	30,000		399,400		1,129,400
2024 - 2028	4,1	20,000		1,524,531		5,644,531
2029 - 2032	4,0	15,000		502,419		4,517,419
Totals	\$ 11,5	30,000	\$ 4	4,275,300	\$	5 15,805,300

2016 Series A

In November 2016, \$10,410,000 principal amount of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, was issued to fund the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements owned by the city, purchase municipal bond insurance to guarantee payment of principal and interest. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$540,000 from April 1, 2017 through April 1, 2046. Interest payments ranging from 1.25% to 3.75% are due from April 1, 2017 through April 1, 2046. The certificates are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing April 1, 2026 at specified redemption prices. The reserve requirement is covered by an insurance policy.

	2016A Lease Revenue Bonds					
Year Ending June 30	Principal		I	Interest		Total
2019	\$	245,000	\$	314,238	\$	559,238
2020		250,000		309,338		559,338
2021		255,000		306,213		561,213
2022		255,000		302,388		557,388
2023		260,000		298,563		558,563
2024 - 2028		1,395,000		1,399,263		2,794,263
2029 - 2033		1,655,000		1,135,713		2,790,713
2034 - 2038		1,935,000		859,319		2,794,319
2039 - 2043		2,275,000		514,663		2,789,663
2044 - 2046		1,565,000		110,775		1,675,775
Totals	\$	10,090,000	\$	5,550,473	\$ ^	5,640,473

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Certificates of Participation

In October 2014, \$7,965,000 principal amount of Certificates of Participation, Series 2014A, was issued for various street improvement projects. The certificates are due in annual installments of \$205,000 to \$480,000 from June 1, 2015 through June 1, 2039. Interest payments ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% are due from June 1, 2015 through June 1, 2039. The certificates are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing June 1, 2032 at specified redemption prices. The reserve requirement is covered by an insurance policy.

Future debt requirements for the Certificates of Participation, Series 2014A, are as follows:

	2014A Certificate of Participation					
Year Ending June 30		Principal	I	nterest		Total
2019	\$	235,000	\$	264,938	\$	499,938
2020		240,000		255,538		495,538
2021		250,000		245,938		495,938
2022		255,000		240,938		495,938
2023		260,000		235,838		495,838
2024 - 2028		1,410,000		1,075,250		2,485,250
2029 - 2033		1,735,000		756,900		2,491,900
2034 - 2038		2,130,000		358,000		2,488,000
2039		480,000		19,200		499,200
Totals	\$	6,995,000	\$ 3	3,452,540	\$	10,447,540

Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged a portion of future Measure A revenues to repay the Certificates of Participation 2014 Series A. The City's certificates of participation is payable solely from the Measure A revenues. Total principal and interest remaining on the certificates of participation is \$10,447,540, payable through fiscal year 2039. For the current year, principal and interest paid by Measure A revenues were \$220,000 and \$275,937, respectively.

Note 8: Special Assessment District Bonds

The payment of these bonds is secured by valid assessment liens upon certain lands in each district and are not direct liabilities of the City. Reserves have been established to meet delinquencies should they occur. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City of Lake Elsinore is pledged to the payment of the bonds. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the City has no duty to pay those delinquencies out of any other available funds. Therefore, the outstanding balances of these bonds are not reflected in these financial statements. A summary of Special Assessment Bonds outstanding, for which the City has no liability or commitment, or as follows:

Assessment District NO. 93-1 Refunding Improvement	Original Issue	Outstanding at June 30, 2018
Bonds, 2012 Series B	\$ 15,345,000	\$ 12,270,000
Total Assessment District Bonds		\$ 12,270,000

Note 9: Community Facilities District Bonds

These bonds are authorized pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities District Act of 1982 as amended, and are payable from special taxes levied on property within the Community Facility Districts according to a methodology approved by the voters within the District and by the City Council of the City of Lake Elsinore. Neither the faith and credit nor taxing power of the City of Lake Elsinore is pledged to the payment of the bonds. Reserves have been established from the bond proceeds to meet delinquencies should they occur. If delinquencies occur beyond the amounts held in those reserves, the City has no duty to pay the delinquency out of any available funds of the City. Therefore, the outstanding balances of these bonds are not reflected in these financial statements. A summary of Mello-Roos Bonds outstanding are as follows:

	Original Issue	Outstanding Amount at June 30, 2018
Community Facilities District 90-2 Tuscany Hills (2007 Series A)	\$ 7,340,000	\$ 6,560,000
Community Facilities District 2005-5 Wasson Canyon (2012A Series)	3,450,000	3,165,000
Community Facilities District 2006-1 Summerly (2013 Series)	3,620,000	3,560,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 Canyon Hills IA-C (2012 Series C)	5,345,000	5,320,000
Community Facilities District 88-3 West Lake Elsinore (2013B Series)	4,215,000	1,555,000
Community Facilities District 98-1 Summerhill (2013C Series)	13,615,000	11,655,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 Canyon Hills IA-D (2014A Series)	7,505,000	7,475,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 IA-D Canyon Hills (2016 Series A)	16,495,000	16,405,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 IA-A Canyon Hills (2014 Series)	10,895,000	10,010,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 IA-C Canyon Hills (2014 Series)	7,315,000	7,170,000
Community Facilities District 95-1 Lake Elsinore City Center (2015 Series)	1,030,000	850,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 IA-B Canyon Hills (2015 Series)	25,795,000	24,965,000
Community Facilities District 2004-3-1 IA-1 Rosetta Canyon (2015 Series)	21,005,000	19,825,000
Community Facilities District 2004-3-1 IA-2 Rosetta Canyon (2015 Series)	23,115,000	22,260,000
Community Facilities District 2005-1 Serenity (2015 Series)	8,165,000	7,515,000
Community Facilities District 2005-2 IA-A Alberhill Ranch (2015 Series)	21,095,000	20,065,000
Community Facilities District 2005-6 City Center Townhomes (2015 Series)	2,815,000	2,675,000
Community Facilities District 2006-2 Viscaya (2015 Series)	5,825,000	5,560,000
Community Facilities District 2006-1 IA-B Summerly (2015 Series)	3,200,000	3,135,000
Community Facilities District 88-3 West Lake Elsinore (2015 Series B)	7,590,000	4,910,000
Community Facilities District 2006-1 IA-CC (2016 Series A)	3,000,000	2,955,000
Community Facilites District 2006-1 IA-EE Summerly (2017 Series A)	5,070,000	5,070,000
Community Facilities District 2006-1 IA-FF Summerly (2016 Series B)	3,785,000	3,785,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 IA-B Canyon Hills (2017 Series)	7,975,000	7,975,000
Community Facilities District 2015-5 Trieste (2017 Series)	2,240,000	2,240,000
Community Facilities District 2003-2 IA-E Canyon Hills (2018 Series)	2,655,000	2,655,000
Community Facilities District 2007-5 Red Kite (2018 Series)	1,740,000	1,740,000
Total Community Facilities District Bonds	\$ 225,895,000	\$ 211,055,000

Note 10: Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

During the course of normal operations, the City entered into numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying governmental fund financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. Inter-fund transactions and inter-fund payables/receivables at year-end are not eliminated in the governmental fund financial statements.

Due To/From

Due to and from other funds are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
Internal Service Funds	Internal Service Funds	\$	143,366
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		230,606
	Total	\$	373,972

The outstanding balances above between funds are to provide cash flows for expenditures.

Transfers In/Out

The compositions of the City's interfund transfer balances are as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,171,933
General Fund	Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund	351,192
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	950,554
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	695,334
Other Governmental Funds	Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund	1,656,993
Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	5,566,225
Recreation Authority Debt Service Fund	General Fund	 1,131,700
	Total	\$ 11,523,931

The transfers between the General Fund, Other Governmental Funds and Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund were made to provide cash flows for expenditures. The transfers between Other Governmental Funds, General Fund and Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund were made for reimbursement for capital related projects. The transfers between the Capital Improvement Plan Capital Project Fund and the Other Government Funds were made to provide reimbursement for construction costs. The transfers between the Recreation Authority Debt Service Fund and the General Fund were made to provide lease payments on long-term debt.

Note 11: Fund Balance and Net Position

The fund balances reported on the fund statements consist of the following categories:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (ordinance) by the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body, or by an official to whom the authority has been given. The City Council assigns fund balance, however, unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - These are either residual positive net resources of the General Fund in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other categories, or negative balances in all other funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Note 11: Fund Balance and Net Position (Continued)

The details of the fund balances as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

	General Fund	Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund	Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund	Recreation Authority Debt Service Fund
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	\$ 31,385	\$ -	\$ 9,394	\$ 79,062
Notes Receivable	1,000,000	-	-	-
Endowment Principal	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	-	-	220,696,303	1,746,572
Low & Moderate Income Housing	-	43,800,840	-	-
Transportation & Public Works	-	-	-	-
Development	-	-	-	-
Lighting & Landscape Maintenance	-	-	-	-
Public Facilities and Improvements	-	-	-	-
Other purposes	-	-	-	-
Assigned for:				
Construction	-	_	_	
Scholarships	-	_	_	-
Unassigned	10,807,854	-	-	-
Total fund balances	\$ 11,839,239	\$ 43,800,840	\$ 220,705,697	\$ 1,825,634
	\$ 11,000,200	φ 10,000,010	\$ 220,100,001	φ 1,020,001
	Assessment Districts Capital Projects Fund	Capital Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Non - Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:	Districts Capital	Improvement Plan Capital Projects	Governmental	Governmental
Nonspendable:	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	Districts Capital	Improvement Plan Capital Projects	Governmental	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for:	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 2222,447,845 47,911,350
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 2222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 2222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 2222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements	Districts Capital Projects Fund	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,239,616	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,368,184
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements Other purposes	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 2222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements Other purposes Assigned for:	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,239,616 27,881	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,368,184 27,881
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements Other purposes Assigned for: Construction	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,239,616 27,881 1,589,466	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,368,184 27,881 17,616,694
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements Other purposes Assigned for:	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,239,616 27,881	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,368,184 27,881
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements Other purposes Assigned for: Construction Scholarships	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,239,616 27,881 1,589,466	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,368,184 27,881 17,616,694 11,527
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Notes Receivable Endowment Principal Restricted for: Debt Service Low & Moderate Income Housing Transportation & Public Works Development Lighting & Landscape Maintenance Public Facilities and Improvements Other purposes Assigned for: Construction	Districts Capital Projects Fund \$ - - - - - - - - - -	Improvement Plan Capital Projects Fund - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Governmental Funds \$ 73,562 20,000 4,970 4,110,510 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,239,616 27,881 1,589,466	Governmental Funds \$ 193,403 1,000,000 20,000 222,447,845 47,911,350 7,308,883 122,750 1,158,097 14,368,184 27,881 17,616,694

Note 11: Fund Balance and Net Position (Continued)

The details of other restricted purposes in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2018 are presented below:

Geothermal Education	\$ 20,421 7,460
Total net Position - Other Restricted Purposes	\$ 27,881

Note 12: Pension Plan

a. General Information about the Pension Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CaIPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors four rate plans (three miscellaneous and one safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CaIPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CaIPERS website.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of fulltime employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Note 12: Pension Plan (Continued)

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

City Miscellaneous Plan					
	Tier 1 * Tier 2* PEPI				
Hire date	Pric		Pric	or to	On or after
	January	1, 2013	January	1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.0%	at 55	2.0%	at 60	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	5 years monthly minimun 1.46% - 50 yrs - respec	/ for life n 50 yrs 2.418%, 55+ yrs,	monthl minimu 1.092% - 55 yrs -	s service y for life m 50 yrs - 2.418%, 60+ yrs, ctively	5 years service monthly for life minimum 52 yrs 1.000% - 2.500%, 52 yrs - 67+ yrs, respectively
Required employee contribution rates Required employer contribution rates	8.00 38.0			00% 76%	6.250% 6.551%
	Sat	fety Plan	(1)		
Hire date		Pric	or to On or		After
		January	1, 2013	January	1, 2013
Benefit formula		-	@ 55	N/	A
Benefit vesting sc	nedule	5 years	service	N/.	A
Benefit payments		monthly	ly for life N		A
Retirement age			n 50 yrs	N/.	A
eligible compensa	Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation		0%	N/.	-
Required employe contribution rates	e	N	/A	N/.	
Required employe contribution rates	r	N	/A	N/.	A

(1) Note, the City currently does not have any safety employees. The safety rate plan represents former safety employees.

<u>Contributions</u> - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer contributions recognized as a reduction to the net position liability for all the Plans was \$1,313,558.

Note 12: Pension Plan (Continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$12,189,277.

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan measured as of June 30, 2016 and 2017, were as follows:

_	Proportion		Change
			Increase
	June 30,2017	June 30,2016	(Decrease)
	0.30896%	0.31058%	-0.00162%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense (credit) of \$2,494,713. At June 30, 2018, City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Current year contributions that occurred after				
the measurement date of June 30, 2017	\$	1,397,703	\$	-
Change of Assumption		1,800,239		-
Difference between Expected and Actual				
Experiences		14,622		207,687
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		407,124		137,271
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		106,922		240
Difference in proportionate share		471,639		1,115
Total	\$	4,198,249	\$	346,313

Note 12: Pension Plan (Continued)

The \$1,397,703 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2018	\$ 840,612
2019	1,157,043
2020	698,294
2021	(241,716)

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The June 30, 2016 and the June 30, 2017 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation
Mortality Rate Table (1)	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation use the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increases, mortality, and retirement rates, as a basis. The experience study report is available on the CaIPERS website under Forms and Publications.

Changes of Assumptions

The accounting discount rate decreased from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent.

Note 12: Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by CaIPERS effective on July 1, 2015.

	New		
	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Fixed Income	19.00%	80.00%	2.27%
Inflation Assets	6.00%	60.00%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	-0.90%

* An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

**An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Note 12: Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan's as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate - 1%		Cur	rent Discount	Disc	ount Rate +1%
		6.15%		7.15%		8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	18,123,393	\$	12,189,277	\$	7,274,602

Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides post-employment benefits through a single-employer plan for retired employees. In accordance with City Resolution 89-42 dated September 1989, the City provides health insurance premiums costs to qualifying employees. Employees who began employment with the City prior to July 1, 2011 and who retire from the City on or after attaining age 55, with at least 5 years of service with the City, qualify to receive the post-employment benefit. The City pays 100% of the retirees' and authorized dependents monthly medical premiums.

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active	54
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	75
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving beneifts	3
	132

Contributions

The Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the City and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2017, the City's cash contributions were \$750,878 in total payments, which were recognized as a reduction to the OPEB liability.

Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	3.56%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.00% per annum, in aggregate
Investment Rate of Return	N/A
Mortality Rate	Based on assumptions for Public Agency Miscellaneous members published in the December 2017 CalPERS Experience Study.
Pre-Retirement Turnover Healthcare Trend Rate	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds 6.80% for FY2018, gradually decreasing over several decades to an ultimate rate of 4.10% in FY2075 and later years. In addition, the medical trend rates above were increased to
	reflect the projected effect of the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans. The additional trend rate adjustments vary by year, but average 0.38% beginning calendar year 2030 for plans other than Medicare plans.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB liability was 3.56 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

Change of Assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 2.92% to 3.56% based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates.

Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the Total OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Incre	ease (Decrease)
	Total	OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2016 (Measurement Date)	\$	23,623,894
Changes recognized for the measurement period:		
Service Cost		841,236
Interest		700,306
Changes in Assumptions		(2,304,484)
Employer contributions		-
Benefit payments		(964,068)
Net Changes		(1,727,010)
Balance at June 30, 2017 (Measurement Date)	\$	21,896,884

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2017:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.56%)	(3.56%)	(4.56%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 25,663,475	\$ 21,896,884	\$ 18,921,446

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2017:

	Current Healthcare						
		1% Decrease	Cost Trent Rates		1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	18,690,647	\$	21,896,884	\$	26,020,704	

Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$178,468. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of	
	of Resources		Resources	
Contributions subequent to the measurement date	\$	750,879	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		1,967,078
Total	\$	750,879	\$	1,967,078

The \$750,878 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

Year Ending June 30	
2019	\$ (337,406)
2020	(337,406)
2021	(337,406)
2022	(337,406)
2023	(337,406)
Thereafter	(1,967,078)

Note 14: Deferred Compensation

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. On August 20, 1996 the provisions of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 were amended to require new plans to place all assets and income of the plans in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. Plans in existence as of the date of this change must place the Plan assets and income in trust by January 1, 1999. Once the assets and income are placed in trust the City no longer owns the amounts deferred by employees and related income. Prior to this IRC Section 457 Amendment, the deferred amounts and related income remained as property of the City until withdrawn by the employee.

During the 1997-98 fiscal year, the City placed its Deferred Compensation Plan assets and related income in trust as allowed by IRC Section 457 and as a result the asset and corresponding liability are no longer presented in these financial statements. This change had no impact on the City's fund equity.

Note 15: Liability, Property and Protection

The City of Lake Elsinore is a member of the CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY (Authority). The Authority is composed of 116 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Note 15: Liability, Property and Protection (Continued)

Self-insurance Programs of the Insurance Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012- 13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$750,000 to \$50 million.

Primary Workers' Compensation Program

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$100,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2017-18 the Authority's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

Note 15: Liability, Property and Protection (Continued)

Property Insurance

The City of Lake Elsinore participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Lake Elsinore property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Lake Elsinore to the Authority. City of Lake Elsinore property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$71,919,345. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Crime Insurance

The City of Lake Elsinore purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

Pollution Liability Insurance

The City of Lake Elsinore participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Lake Elsinore. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2020. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year policy term.

Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2017-18.

Note 16: Litigation

The City is defendant in several other pending lawsuits of a nature common to many similar jurisdictions. City management estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the basic financial statements of the City.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Lake Elsinore (City) that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity as a blended component unit. The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 24, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill. In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations, or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

Successor Agency Capital Assets

Capital assets activity was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 2,004,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,004,419
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,004,419			2,004,419
Capital assets, being depreciated: Building improvements Improvement other than buildings Machinery and Equipment	19,208,119 568,927 1,328,944	3,347,414 - 65,723	(399,056) - -	22,156,477 568,927 1,394,667
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	21,105,990	3,413,137	(399,056)	24,120,071
Less accumulated depreciation: Building improvements Improvement other than buildings Machinery and Equipment	(7,845,157) (347,475) (1,080,366)	(867,706) (35,924) (42,752)	399,056 - -	(8,313,807) (383,399) (1,123,118)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,272,998)	(946,382)	399,056	(9,820,324)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	11,832,992	2,466,755		14,299,747
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 13,837,411	\$ 2,466,755	\$-	\$ 16,304,166

Successor Agency Long - Term Liabilities

	Date of		Rate of	Amount
	lssue	Years of Maturity	Interest	Authorized
Loans payable				
City of Lake ⊟sinore	Various	Various	Various	Various
Lake Elsinore Financing Authority	Various	Various	Various	\$61,275,000
Subordinate Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds: 2015 Series	8/15	2017 - 2039	2 00 - 5 00%	8.065.000
	0/15	2017 - 2039	2.00 - 5.00%	8,005,000
Developer Agreements: McMillin Summerly, LLC	12/02	N/A	N/A	19,000,000

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

Lona	term	activity	was	as	follows:
Long		aouvity	1100	au	10110110.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Loans Payable :					
City of Lake ⊟sinore (Note 4) Lake ⊟sinore Public Financing Authority Discounts	\$ 29,578,501 42,490,000 (409,528)	\$ 458,418 ⁽ - -	¹⁾ \$ (331,958) (2,265,000) 32,872	\$ 29,704,961 40,225,000 (376,656)	\$ - 2,345,000 -
Subtotal	71,658,973	458,418	(2,564,086)	69,553,305	2,345,000
Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds :					
2015 Series Premiums	7,335,000 252,162	-	(730,000) (11,913)	6,605,000 240,249	740,000
Subtotal	7,587,162		(741,913)	6,845,249	740,000
Third Lien Tax Allocation Bonds :					
2018 Series A&B Discount	-	10,320,000 (175,544)	- 2,194	10,320,000 (173,350)	445,000
Subtotal Developer Agreements:		10,144,456	2,194	10,146,650	445,000
McMillin Summerly, LLC	1,402,140	836,081	(1,296,413)	941,808	
Subtotal	1,402,140	836,081	(1,296,413)	941,808	
Total	\$ 80,648,275	\$ 11,438,955	\$ (4,600,218)	\$ 87,487,012	\$ 3,530,000

⁽¹⁾ Additions to loans payable to the City of Lake Elsinore reflect accrued interest on the loans during the fiscal year.

a. Loans Payable

Public Financing Authority

Periodically the City of Lake Elsinore's Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") issued Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds for financing projects of the former Redevelopment Agency and to provide funds for the various debt obligations of the Agency. The proceeds of the bonds were loaned to the former Agency pursuant to loan agreements with the Authority in the principal amount of the bonds. Principal and interest are payable in installment payments not less than three business days prior to the due date on the bonds.

As a result of the dissolution of the Agency, the obligation to pay these loans was transferred to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lake Elsinore ("Successor Agency"). The loans made from proceeds of the tax agency allocation bonds issued by the Public Financing Authority are shown as debt of the Successor Agency. Redevelopment property tax increment is pledged for payment of the debt issued. The Department of Finance has not objected to these loans as enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency. Redevelopment property tax trust fund monies (formerly known as property tax increment), continues to be distributed to the Successor Agency to pay the debt service on these bonds.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, outstanding principal under loan agreements between the Successor Agency and the Authority totaled \$40,225,000 based on 2010 Series A, Series B and Series C Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds.

2010 Series A

In February 2010, \$15,435,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series A, was issued by the Authority. Concurrently with this issuance of the bonds, the principal amount was loaned to the Agency. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$13,170,000 of outstanding 1995 Series C Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds. The loan is payable in annual installments of \$305,000 to \$2,910,000 from September 1, 2010 through September 1, 2033; interest at 2.00% to 5.25%. The loan balance at June 30, 2018 is \$12,475,000. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$1,510,045, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement.

2010 Series B

In May 2010, \$10,855,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series B, was issued by the Authority. Concurrently with this issuance of the bonds, the principal amount was loaned to the Agency. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$10,065,000 of outstanding 1995 Series A Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$757,319 and a decrease in cash flow expenditures of \$893,956. Proceeds from the 2010 Series B bonds were invested in an escrow fund with a trustee, which together with earnings, will pay interest and principal on the bonds until fully retired. The 1995 Series A bonds are legally defeased and are no longer a liability of the Agency. The Series B loan is payable in annual installments of \$515,000 to \$895,000 from September 1, 2010 through September 1, 2025; and bears interest at 2.00% to 4.75%. The loan balance at June 30, 2018 is \$6,185,000. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$949,538, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement.

2010 Series C

In November 2010, \$29,435,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds, Series C, was issued by the Authority. Concurrently with the bond issuance, the principal amount was loaned to the Agency. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$27,495,000 of outstanding 1999 Series A Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds. Tax revenues from Project Areas 1 and 2 are pledged for the repayment of the loan. In the event that tax revenues are not sufficient from Project Areas 1 and 2, the Agency covenanted to make interfund loans from Project Area 3 and the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund to make the loan payment. The loan is payable in annual installments of \$650,000 to \$2,115,000 from September 1, 2011 through September 1, 2030; and bears interest at 2.00% to 5.00%. The loan balance at June 30, 2018 is \$21,565,000. At June 30, 2018, the Authority has a cash reserve balance for debt service of \$2,246,035, which is sufficient to cover the Bond Indenture Reserve Requirement.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

Future debt requirements for the loans payable to the Public Financing Authority are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Principal Interest		Interest	Total
2019	\$	2,345,000	-	\$	1,768,189	\$ 4,113,189
2020		2,420,000			1,685,482	4,105,482
2021		2,510,000			1,593,292	4,103,292
2022		2,600,000			1,490,679	4,090,679
2023		2,710,000			1,380,348	4,090,348
2024 - 2028		13,515,000			5,042,388	18,557,388
2029 - 2033		12,425,000			1,967,969	14,392,969
2034		1,700,000	_		44,625	 1,744,625
Totals	\$	40,225,000	_	\$	14,972,972	\$ 55,197,972

2015 Series

In August 2015, \$8,065,000 principal amount of Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 were issued to advance refund the 2011 Launch Ramp Project and 2011 Summerly Project Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority bonds. The term bonds are due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$805,000 from September 1, 2016 through September 1, 2038; interest at 1.625% to 5%. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity at specified redemption prices. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$6,605,000.

b. Subordinate Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds

Future debt requirements for the Subordinate Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		0 Principal) Principal Intere		Interest		Total
2019	\$	740,000		\$ 212,394	\$	952,394											
2020		760,000		189,794		949,794											
2021		790,000		168,175		958,175											
2022		805,000		145,656		950,656											
2023		220,000		125,156		345,156											
2024 - 2028		1,250,000		482,206		1,732,206											
2029 - 2033		1,505,000		224,169		1,729,169											
2034 - 2038		490,000		31,875		521,875											
2039		45,000		816		45,816											
Totals	\$	6,605,000		\$ 1,580,241	\$	8,185,241											

c. Third Lien Tax Allocation Bonds

2018 Series A

In February 2018, \$2,350,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A, was issued by the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency. The principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from the Pledged Tax Revenue allocated to the Agency from the Project Areas and other funds. The bonds were issued to finance certain obligations of the Agency under the Summerly DDA The bonds are payable in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$380,000 from March 1, 2019 through March 1, 2038; interest at 2.000% to 3.375%. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$2,350,000.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

2018 Series B

In February 2018, \$7,970,000 principal amount of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B, was issued by the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency. The principal and interest on the bonds are payable solely from the Pledged Tax Revenue allocated to the Agency from the Project Areas and other funds. The bonds were issued to finance certain obligations of the Agency under the Summerly DDA. The bonds are payable in annual installments of \$205,000 to \$545,000 from March 1, 2019 through March 1, 2038; interest at 2.250% to 4.000%. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$7,970,000.

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 445,000	\$ 326,248	\$ 771,248
2020	500,000	334,650	834,650
2021	520,000	322,600	842,600
2022	530,000	309,013	839,013
2023	455,000	294,606	749,606
2024 - 2028	2,470,000	1,260,761	3,730,761
2029 - 2033	2,935,000	803,407	3,738,407
2034 - 2038	2,465,000	229,344	2,694,344
Totals	\$ 10,320,000	\$ 3,880,629	\$ 14,200,629

d. Developer Agreements

The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lake Elsinore ("Agency") entered into several developer agreements for development within the City (project areas). The Agency's significant commitments with certain developers consist of the following:

McMillin Summerly LLC

On or about December 26, 2002, the Agency entered into a Disposition and Development Agreement (as amended to date, the "DDA") with Laing CP Lake Elsinore LLC and Civic Partners Elsinore LLC, as developer and master developer, respectively. Under the DDA, the Agency pledged to the developer and the master developer 100% of the net tax increment generated within the East Lake Specific Plan (ELSP) comprised of approximately 3,000 acres located in Project Areas II and III excluding, without limitation, a portion of the moneys to be set aside in the former low and moderate-income housing fund and funds payable under pass through agreements. As a result of the bankruptcy of the managing member of Laing CP Lake Elsinore LLC, Bank of America foreclosed on and later sold the developer's property to McMillin Summerly LLC, who assumed the developer's rights and obligations under the DDA pursuant to an Amended and Restated DDA entered into as of March 8, 2011.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

On November 19, 2015, the Department of Finance issued its final and conclusive determination that the irrevocable pledge of property tax increment to the developer and the master developer made by the DDA is recognized as an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency. A portion of the tax increment pledged to the master developer is pledged for use in the development of affordable housing provided that certain requirements are met. A portion of the tax increment pledged to the developer is pledged to reimburse the developer for construction of certain extraordinary infrastructure in the ELSP. Developer's reimbursement for construction of extraordinary infrastructure is limited to \$19,000,000, as adjusted in accordance with the terms of the DDA.

The DDA requires that the Successor Agency issue bonds, if requested, to pay the portions of the tax revenues owing to the developer and/or master developer. In April 2011, the Agency issued two subordinate tax allocation bonds 2011 Series totaling an original principal amount of \$4,610,000, the proceeds of which were used to reimburse the developer for construction of certain extraordinary infrastructure under the DDA. In August 2015, the Successor Agency issued its Series 2015 bonds in the original principal amount of \$8,065,00 to advance refund the 2011 Series. In February 2018, the Successor Agency issued its Third Lien Tax Allocation Bonds 2018 Series A and B to finance a portion of the DDA obligations.

Property tax increment accrued by the Successor Agency for payment in accordance with the DDA as of June 30, 2018, is \$941,808, which is payable to the developer and master developer upon satisfaction of the terms of the Amended and Restated DDA and includes debt service amounts on the outstanding bonds described above. In addition, property tax increment accrued as of June 30, 2018 for assistance to an affordable housing project to be developed by the master developer is \$2,074,276.

e. Commitments and Contingencies

The Successor Agency has succeeded to the rights and obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency. The following represents the Successor Agency's significant commitments.

Lake Elsinore Stadium

The Successor Agency has succeeded to the Agency as the owner of Diamond Stadium. Diamond Stadium will require significant capital maintenance in future years. In addition, the Successor Agency will incur costs to operate and regularly maintain the Stadium. The cost of ongoing operation maintenance of the Stadium will vary based on how long the Successor Agency owns the Stadium, how much costs to operate and maintain the Stadium vary over time, and what kind of capital outlay is required over time to maintain the Stadium in its current condition. Capital expenses could be substantial and cannot be estimated at this time.

Note 17: Successor Agency Trust Disclosures (Continued)

The Successor Agency and the Lake Elsinore Storm entered into a Stadium Interim Management Agreement dated January 1, 2013 to provide for the performance by the Lake Elsinore Storm of certain maintenance, upkeep, and operations of Diamond Stadium. The Management Agreement provides that the Successor Agency pay an aggregate management and maintenance fee to the Lake Elsinore Storm in the amount of \$694,692 for the 2017 fiscal year and \$356,030 for the 2018 fiscal year. This amount is net of payments owed to the Successor Agency pursuant to a License Agreement, as amended, and includes payments by the Successor Agency due pursuant to a Stadium Field and Maintenance Agreement, as amended, and assignment of revenues pursuant to a Concession License Agreement, as amended. The Management Agreement was amended and expires on June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve unfavorable to the City.

Pledged Revenue

The City pledged, as security for bonds issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of tax increment revenue (including Low and Moderate Income Housing set-aside and pass through allocations) that it receives. The bonds issued were to provide financing for various capital projects, accomplish Low and Moderate Income Housing projects and to defease previously issued bonds. Assembly Bill 1X 26 provided that upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, property taxes allocated to redevelopment agencies no longer are deemed tax increment but rather property tax revenues and will be allocated first to successor agencies to make payments on the indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency. For the current year, the total property tax revenue recognized by the Successor Agency for the payment of indebtedness incurred by the dissolved redevelopment agency was \$11,002,014 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$5,064,502.

Note 18: Joint Powers Agreements

On March 28, 2000, the City agreed to enter into a joint powers agreement under Proposition 13 with Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District and the Santa Ana Watersheds Project Authority to form the Lake Elsinore and San Jacinto Watersheds Authority. The Authority is due to receive \$15 million in Proposition 13 water bond proceeds to improve the Lake Elsinore and San Jacinto Watersheds Authority lake water quality. As of June 30, 2015, the Authority had minimal activity and according to the criteria in Note 1A, the Authority is not included in these financial statements.

In November 2010, the City agreed to enter into a joint powers agreement with the County of Riverside, City of Canyon Lake, City of Murrieta, City of Temecula and City of Wildomar to form the Southwest Communities Financing Authority (the Authority) to provide animal shelter services. The City contributes a prorated share of the Authority's debt service payments, costs of administrative services and operation of animal shelter. The City does not have measurable equity interest in the Authority. According to criteria in Note 1A, the Authority is not included in these financial statements.

Note 18: Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

In January 2004, the City entered into a joint powers agreement with the County of Riverside, the Cities of Banning, Beaumont, Calimesa, Canyon Lake, Corona, Hemet, Moreno Valley, Murrieta, Norco, Perris, Riverside, San Jacinto and Temecula to form the Western Riverside County Regional Conservation Authority (the Conservation Authority). The purposes of the Conservation Authority are to acquire, administer, operate and maintain land and facilities for ecosystem conservation and habitat reserve for certain endangered species. The City's contributions to the Conservation Authority consist of a development mitigation fee imposed on all new development. The City does not have measurable equity interest in the Conservation Authority. According to criteria in Note 1A, the Conservation Authority is not included in these financial statements.

Note 19: Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance and Net Position

The various restatements of beginning net position and the reasons for each are as follows:

	Governmental Activities (1)
Beginning Net Position, as previously reported	\$ 225,036,484
Restatement	(7,031,503)
Beginning Net Position, as	
restated	\$ 218,004,981

(1) Beginning net position of Governmental Activities, prior period adjustment to net position of \$3,169,125 that was required for construction in progress to correct historical balances of capital assets. An additional amount of \$1,566,533 restatement was required move the housing portion of the Summerly DDA Obligation to Successor Agency. This is an obligation of the Successor Agency, not the Low Moderate Income Housing Fund but rather funds owed to the Low Moderate Income Housing Fund. Originally the obligation was held in RDA funds under the Low Moderate Income Housing Fund of the RDA. When the housing fund was later designated as City funds, the obligation was moved but should have remained with Successor Agency. In addition, a restatement to begin to record OPEB reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 75 of \$(11,767,161) which includes \$(1,605,423) for internal service funds.

Construction in progress	\$ 3,169,125
Summerly DDA obligation	1,566,333
GASB 75 - OPEB	 (11,767,161)
Total	\$ (7,031,703)

The restatement in the governmental fund level statements was the result of the housing portion of the Summerly DDA Obligation being moved to the Successor Agency, which resulted in a restatement of \$1,566,533.

During the current year, the Carl Graves Trust Fund was also moved from the governmental activities to be presented as a private-purpose trust fund in the fiduciary activities.

Note 20: Subsequent Events

On May 30, 2017 the City entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Southern California Edison with the intent to purchase 3,186 LS-1 electric streetlight facilities located within the City of Lake Elsinore. On November 1, 2018, the City entered into an Equipment Lease/Purchase Agreement with Banc of America Leasing & Capital, LLC to finance the acquisition, installation, and retrofitting of these street lights. The acquisition amount is \$3,459,380 with payments due in bi-annual installments of \$362,229 from December 1, 2019 through December 1, 2033. The contract rate is 5.58% per annum.

On July 18, 2018 \$19,745,000 principal amount of Community Facilities District No. 2016-2 (Canyon Hills) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2018 was issued to finance certain public improvements within the District to be owned by the City and water and sewer facilities to be owned and operated by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District. Additionally, the bonds will be used to prepay the special tax obligation of Improvement Area B of Community Facilities District No. 2003-2. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$55,000 to \$1,675,000 from September 1, 2019 through September 1, 2048. Interest payments ranging from 3.000% to 5.000% are due from March 1, 2019 through March 1, 2048. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2048 at specified redemption prices.

On November 7, 2018 \$2,645,000 principal amount of Community Facilities District No. 2007-4 (Makenna Court) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2018 was issued to finance certain public improvements within the District to be owned by the City and water and sewer facilities to be owned and operated by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$210,000 from September 1, 2019 through September 1, 2048. Interest payments ranging from 2.000% to 4.125% are due from March 1, 2019 through March 1, 2048. The bonds are subject to call and redemption prior to their stated maturity commencing September 1, 2048 at specified redemption prices.

On December 20, 2018, \$5,370,000 principal amount of Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 (Summerly) Special Tax Bonds, Series 2018 (Improvement Area JJ) was issued to finance certain public improvements within the District to be owned by the City, water and sewer facilities to be owned and operated by the Elsinore Valley Water District. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$435,000 from September 1, 2020 through September 1, 2048. Interest payments ranging from 2.625% to 5.555% are due from March 1,2019 through September 1, 2048 at specified redemption prices.

CROOM

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION This page left intentionally blank.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Variance with Final Budget
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$12,609,153	\$ 12,609,153	\$12,609,153	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):		04 004 050	04 400 047	(00.044)
Taxes	21,461,119	21,231,858	21,139,847	(92,011)
Assessments	-	-	11,512	11,512
Licenses and permits	4,409,681	3,821,713	3,086,486	(735,227)
Intergovernmental	4,427,006	4,943,033	5,374,408	431,375
Charges for services	4,434,524	4,824,675	3,818,856	(1,005,819)
Use of money and property	108,150	108,150	46,916	(61,234)
Fines and forfeitures	773,598	651,598	577,441	(74,157)
Contributions	-	-	96,956	96,956
Miscellaneous	6,973,245	7,282,148	6,172,991	(1,109,157)
Transfers in	1,140,610	723,871	1,523,125	799,254
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	-	14,502	14,502
Amounts Available for Appropriations	56,337,086	56,196,199	54,472,193	(1,724,006)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government				
City Council	227,299	227,299	252,740	(25,441)
Community Support	92,900	92,900	42,101	50,799
City Clerk	577,810	653,590	631,756	21,834
City Attorney	500,000	500,000	628,749	(128,749)
City Manager	901,293	901,293	838,004	63,289
Administrative Services	1,965,520	1,965,520	1,932,113	33,407
Public safety				
Police Services - Contracted	13,010,246	13,010,246	12,612,042	398,204
Suppression - Contracted	7,900,281	7,900,281	6,690,502	1,209,779
Animal Services - Contracted	836,640	836,640	686,888	149,752
Community development				
Planning & Zoning	1,214,828	1,122,113	1,145,268	(23,155)
Building & Safety	1,847,551	1,940,266	1,741,399	198,867
Code Enforcement/Graffiti	962,062	962,062	960,810	1,252
Economic Development	277,773	278,043	353,426	(75,383)
Fire Prevention	754,949	754,949	446,730	308,219
Community services				
Administration	674,866	674,866	665,895	8,971
Recreation	1,134,387	1,134,387	1,059,054	75,333
Senior Center	264,079	264,079	260,792	3,287
Campground	527,777	527,777	540,910	(13,133)
Public services				
Engineering	2,062,723	2,062,938	1,963,037	99,901
Administration	2,186,487	2,186,272	2,437,808	(251,536)
Park Maintenance	2,395,377	2,395,377	2,402,380	(7,003)
Lake Services	1,554,841	1,554,840	1,395,034	159,806
Non-Departmental	956,700	967,900	863,262	104,638
Capital outlay	11,200	-	-	-
Transfers out	2,223,236	2,211,009	2,082,254	128,755
Total Charges to Appropriations	45,060,825	45,124,647	42,632,954	2,491,693
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$11,276,261	\$ 11,071,552	\$11,839,239	\$ 767,687

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	\$43,379,118	\$43,379,118	\$43,379,118	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Assessments	-	-	479,632	479,632
Use of money and property	130,000	130,000	149	(129,851)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	43,509,118	43,509,118	43,858,899	349,781
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	480,000	480,000	58,059	421,941
Total Charges to Appropriations	480,000	480,000	58,059	421,941
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$43,029,118	\$ 43,029,118	\$43,800,840	\$ 771,722

CALPERS PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2015		2016		2017		 2018
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.29477%		0.32568%		0.31058%	0.30896%
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	7,292,642	\$	8,943,640	\$	10,798,127	\$ 12,189,277
Covered Payroll	\$	4,537,860	\$	4,751,199	\$	3,804,985	\$ 5,605,231
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll		160.71%		188.24%		283.79%	217.46%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.40%		79.82%		75.87%	73.31%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. However, individual employers in the Plan may have provided a benefit improvement to their employees by granting Two Years Additional Service Credit to members retiring during a specified time period (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes). Employers that have done so may need to report this information as a separate liability in their financial statement as CaIPERS considers such amounts to be separately financed employer-specific liabilities. These employers should consult with their auditors.

Changes of Assumptions:

Changes of Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of adminstrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan adminstrative expense.) In 2014, amount reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

CALPERS PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	201	5	201	6	2017	7	201	8
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	+),999),999) -	\$ 1,049 (1,049 \$,	\$ 1,313, (1,313, \$,	\$ 1,397 (1,397 \$,
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,751	,199	\$ 3,804	,985	\$ 5,605,	,231	\$ 5,975	,932
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	18	8.75%	27	.57%	23.	.43%	23	.39%

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

Note to Schedule:

30, 2015
rates:
Age Normal Cost Method
percentage of payroll, closed
et Value
ο (net of administrative expenses)
% to 14.20% depending on Age,. Service, and type of employment.
0
0
rit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an ned annual inflation of 2.75% and an annual production growth of 6.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF JUNE 30, FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 841,236
Interest on the total OPEB liability	700,306
Changes in assumptions	(2,304,484)
Benefit payments (2)	(964,068)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (1,727,010)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	23,623,894
Total OPEB liability - ending	 21,896,884
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,397,701
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1566.64%

(1) Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.
 (2) Benefit payments are equal to \$683,261 direct subsidy payments to retirees and \$280,807 implicit subsidy costs incurred during measurement period ending 6/30/2017.

Notes to Schedule: None.

Changes in assumptions: The discount rate was changed from 2.92% to 3.56% based on updated 20-year municipal bond rates.

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY DATA

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In May, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and estimated revenues and other means of financing.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at City Council meetings to obtain public input.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by Council action.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer funds appropriated with respect to those classifications designed as other services and material and supplies within the same department. The City Manager may transfer appropriated funds from any classification within other expenditure categories to the capital outlay classification within the same department only. For budgeting purposes, the General Fund is composed of several departments while all other budgeted funds are considered a single department. Revenues are budgeted on a line item basis.
- 5. The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control devise during the year for the General and Special Revenue Fund types to assist in controlling expenditures and enforcing revenue provisions. Capital Projects Fund types are budgeted on a project by project basis. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for capital projects which are carried forward until the project is completed or terminated.
- 6. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City Council for all governmental funds except for certain special revenue funds and capital projects funds, which adopt project length budgets and debt service funds that are not budgeted as effective budgetary control is achieved through debt indenture provisions.

Fund	Ex	Expenditures		Appropriations		Excess
Major Governmental Funds:						
General Fund:						
General Government						
City Council	\$	252,740	\$	227,299	\$	(25,441)
City Attorney		628,749		500,000		(128,749)
Community Development						
Planning and zoning		1,145,268		1,122,113		(23,155)
Economic Development		353,426		278,043		(75,383)
Community Services						
Campground		538,051		522,777		(15,274)
Public works						
Administration		2,437,658		2,186,272		(251,386)
Park Maintenance		2,402,380		2,395,377		(7,003)

Excess of expenditures over appropriations are as follows:

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Supplemental Law Enforcement Service</u> - to account for receipts and expenditures of money related to the citizens option for public safety grant.

<u>Traffic Offender</u> - to account for administrative fees generated from charges to drivers who have been arrested for DUI, who are driving on suspended/revoked licenses, or have never been issued a driver's license. These funds may only be used to further the traffic safety goals of the City of Lake Elsinore and are subject to OTS audit.

<u>Gas Tax</u> - to account for receipts and expenditures of money apportioned under the Street and Highway Code of the State of California.

<u>Transportation</u> - Measure A - to account for revenues derived from half-cent sales tax and for expenditures to improve the City's transportation system in response to traffic congestion.

<u>SB1186 CAS Education</u> - to account for required state fees imposed on business licenses for the development of educational resources on federal and state disability laws for businesses.

<u>Traffic Safety</u> - to account for expenditures financed by revenue generated from enforcement of California vehicle codes and City ordinances. These restricted funds may be used only for traffic signals, school crossing guards, and other related traffic safety expenditures.

<u>City-wide Lighting and Landscape</u> - to account for revenues derived from annual assessments which are used to pay the costs incurred by the City for landscape maintenance and street light maintenance.

<u>Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District (L.L.M.D No. 1)</u> - to account for revenues derived from annual assessments which are used to pay the costs incurred by the City for landscape maintenance and street light maintenance within the District.

<u>Geothermal</u> - to account for cash bond held by the City, as required by the State, for the City owned geothermal well. Interest earned is available for City use.

<u>AB2766 Air Pollution</u> - to account for South Coast Air Quality Board receipts, representing revenues collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles. The City is committed to spend revenues to reduce air pollution from mobile sources.

<u>Community Development Block Grant (C.D.B.G.)</u> - to account for grant monies received from a federal pass-through agency not accounted for in the other funds.

<u>Cost Recovery System</u> - to account for receipts of deposits. Deposits may be paid by developers used to pay for plans and permits or by citizens for facility rentals.

<u>Developer Agreement Revenue/Trust</u> - to account for development fees based on developer agreements.

<u>Affordable Housing in Lieu</u> - to account for collection of fees assessed to developers and for expenditures made on affordable housing projects.

<u>City Hall/Public Works</u> - to account for collection of fees assessed to developers and for expenditures made on City Hall and Public Works facilities projects.

<u>Community Center</u> - to account for collection of fees assessed to developers and for expenditures made on Community Center facilities projects.

<u>Lakeside Facilities</u> - to account for collection of fees assessed to developers and for expenditure made on Lake Side facilities projects.

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Animal Shelter</u> - to account for collection of fees assessed developers and for expenditures made on animal shelter facilities projects.

<u>National Pollutant Discharge System (N.P.D.E.S.)</u> - to account for fees assessed to property owners for the N.P.D.E.S., which is mandated by the federal government. This requires cities to clean up storm water runoff.

<u>PEG Grant</u> - to account for public access cable channel grant revenue provided by cable franchisees based on subscribers. Funds are used for PEG access equipment, production equipment, as well as renovation or construction of PEG access facilities.

<u>Pedestrian Sidewalk</u> - to account for expenditures finances by the Local Transportation Commission grant program and use on bicycle and pedestrian facility projects.

Miscellaneous General Project - to account for miscellaneous general projects of the City.

<u>Park Improvement and Development</u> - to account for the improvement and development of parks that are financed by developer fees.

<u>Storm Drains</u> - to account for the capital improvements of upgrading the storm drains within the City that are financed by the development fees.

<u>Library Capital Improvement</u> - to account for general capital improvements necessary for the upgrade and maintenance of the Public Libraries within the City. Financed by development fees, upgrades include the purchase of reading material.

Traffic Impact - to account for projects related to traffic improvements, financed by development fees.

<u>City Fire Protection</u> - to account for the construction of fire facilities financed by development fees.

<u>Public Improvement In-Lieu</u> - to account for special designated improvements to City property, financed by development fees.

<u>Road Improvement Program</u> - to account for projects related to road improvements, financed by debt proceeds.

<u>Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF)</u> - to account for multi-jurisdictional development impact fee paid for by new development to provide the transportation infrastructure necessary to accommodate new development.

Street Lighting – to account for construction projects related to street lighting improvements

Facilities Construction - to account for improvements to City facilities financed by debt issuances

<u>Facilities Financing Authority</u> - used to account for debt service transactions and payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations of the component unit.

<u>Endowment Trust</u> - to account for assets held by the City as a trustee capacity for the Adolph Korn Estate. Money is held for the purpose of building a nurses home for a proposed hospital within the City. Until that time, interest earnings from the estate are used as a scholarship fund for college tuition for students seeking a degree in the nursing field.

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	Special Revenue Funds										
	Enfo	blemental Law rcement ervice	Traffic Offender		Gas Tax	Transportatior Measure A					
Assets: Cash and investments	\$		\$-	\$	619,784	\$	1,414,467				
Receivables:	Φ	-	φ -	φ	019,704	φ	1,414,407				
Accounts		-	-		-		-				
Notes and loans		-	-		-		-				
Accrued interest		-	-		3,292		9,264				
Prepaid costs		-	-		-		-				
Due from other governments Cash and investments with fiscal agents		73,747	-		131,603		322,272				
Investment in bonds		-	-		-		-				
Total Assets	\$	73,747	\$-	\$	754,679	\$	1,746,003				
	<u> </u>	10,141	¥		104,013	Ψ	1,740,000				
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	42,312	\$	-				
Unearned revenues Deposits payable		-	-		-		-				
Due to other funds		25,000	-		-		-				
					10.010						
Total Liabilities		25,000	-		42,312		-				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Unavailable revenues		48,747	-		-		-				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		48,747			-		-				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		_	-		_		-				
Restricted		-	-		712,367		1,746,003				
Assigned		-					-				
Total Fund Balances		-			712,367		1,746,003				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	73,747	\$ -	\$	754,679	\$	1,746,003				
,		- / -	·	-	- ,	<u> </u>	, ,,				

(CONTINUED)

				Special Re	venue	Funds			
		SB1186 CAS Education			Lig	City-wide hting and ndscaping	L.L.M.D No. 1		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	7,688	\$		\$	68,347	\$	1,061,615	
Receivables: Accounts	φ	7,000	φ	-	φ	00,347	φ	1,001,015	
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-	
Accrued interest		51		654		-		5,625	
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		53,605		88,547		16,765	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds		-		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	7,739	\$	54,259	\$	156,894	\$	1,084,005	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$	279 - -	\$	- - 54,259	\$	90,960 - -	\$	27,614 - -	
Total Liabilities		279		54,259		90,960		27,614	
Total Liabilities		219		54,255		90,900		27,014	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		-		-		65,934		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		65,934		-	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 7,460 -		- -		-		- 1,056,391 -	
Total Fund Balances		7,460		-		-		1,056,391	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,739	\$	54,259	\$	156,894	\$	1,084,005	

				Special Rev	/enue	Funds		
				B2766 Air Pollution		Cost Recovery System		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	22,012	\$	215,139	\$	13,494	\$	1,274,743
Receivables:	φ	22,012	φ	215,159	φ	13,494	φ	1,274,743
Accounts		-		-		87,115		116,597
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest Prepaid costs		109		1,124		-		-
Due from other governments		-		- 20,442		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-
Investment in bonds		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	22,121	\$	236,705	\$	100,609	\$	1,391,340
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,418
Deposits payable Due to other funds		1,700 -		-		- 100,609		1,322,922 -
Total Liabilities		1,700		-		100,609		1,391,340
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 20,421 -		- 236,705 -		- -		- -
Total Fund Balances		20,421		236,705				-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	22,121	\$	236,705	\$	100,609	\$	1,391,340

(CONTINUED)

				Special Reve	enue F	unds		
	Developer Agreement Revenue/Trust			Affordable ousing In- Lieu		City Hall / plic Works	Community Center	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	122,251	\$	1,445,764	\$	558,988	\$	
Receivables:	φ	122,251	φ	1,445,764	φ	556,966	φ	-
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Notes and loans		-		2,695,250		-		-
Accrued interest		499		11,493		5,511		-
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds		-		-		-		-
Investment in bonds						-		-
Total Assets	\$	122,750	\$	4,152,507	\$	564,499	\$	-
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	39,329 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		-		39,329		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		-		2,668		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		2,668		-		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 122,750 -		- 4,110,510 -		- 564,499 -		- -
Total Fund Balances		122,750		4,110,510		564,499		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	122,750	\$	4,152,507	\$	564,499	\$	-

	Lake Facil	eside lities	 nimal nelter	N.P.D.E.S.		PE	G Grant
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts Notes and loans		-	-		-		5,633 -
Accrued interest Prepaid costs		-	400		-		24 -
Due from other governments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds		-	 		29,849 - -		-
Total Assets	\$	-	\$ 400	\$	29,849	\$	5,657
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,915 -	\$	-
Deposits payable Due to other funds		-	 -		-		- 5,657
Total Liabilities		-	 -		4,915		5,657
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues			 				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		-		-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- -	 400		- 24,934 -		-
Total Fund Balances			 400		24,934		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$ 400	\$	29,849	\$	5,657

Special Revenue Funds

JUNE 30, 2018

				Capital Projects Funds								
•				scellaneous neral Project	Imp	Park rovement and elopment	Storm Drains					
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts Notes and loans Accrued interest	\$	-	\$	1,628,106 - -	\$	55,233 - - 293	\$	323,155 - - 5,177				
Prepaid costs Due from other governments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds		- - -		-								
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	1,628,106	\$	55,526	\$	328,332				
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	- 38,640 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -				
Total Liabilities		-		38,640		-		-				
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		-										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- - -		- - 1,589,466		- 55,526 -		- 328,332 -				
Total Fund Balances		-		1,589,466		55,526		328,332				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	1,628,106	\$	55,526	\$	328,332				

(CONTINUED)

	Capital Projects Funds									
	Library Capital			Traffic Impact		City Fire Protection		Public rovement n-Lieu		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	1,794,980	\$	4,245,576	\$	934	\$	48,946		
Receivables: Accounts Notes and loans Accrued interest	Ψ	9,795	Ψ		Ŷ	80	Ŷ	308		
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-		
Due from other governments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds		- -		- -		-				
Total Assets	\$	1,804,775	\$	4,269,286	\$	1,014	\$	49,254		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues Deposits payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities										
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues								-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-				-		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 1,804,775 -		- 4,269,286 -		- 1,014 -		- 49,254 -		
Total Fund Balances		1,804,775		4,269,286		1,014		49,254		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,804,775	\$	4,269,286	\$	1,014	\$	49,254		

(CONTINUED)

				Capital Pro	jects	Funds		
	Impi Prog		TUMF	1	Street Lighting	Facilities Construction		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	128	\$	41,681	\$	101,159	\$	
Receivables:	φ	120	φ	41,001	φ	101,159	φ	-
Accounts		-		3,400		-		-
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		11		-		547		5,539
Prepaid costs		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds		16,051 -		-		-	4	,146,634 -
Total Assets	\$	16,190	\$	45,081	\$	101,706	\$4	,152,173
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$	- - -	\$	- - 45,081	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities		-		45,081		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned		- 16,190 -		-		- 101,706 -	4	- ,152,173 -
Total Fund Balances		16,190		-		101,706	4	,152,173
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	16,190	\$	45,081	\$	101,706	\$ 4	,152,173

	Debt Service Fund	Permanent Fund	_
	Facilities Financing Authority	Endowment Trust - Adolph Korn	Total Governmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 31,357	\$ 15,095,547
Receivables:	ΨΞ	φ 01,007	φ 10,000,047
Accounts	-	-	212,745
Notes and loans	-	-	2,695,250
Accrued interest	582	170	84,258
Prepaid costs	73,562	-	73,562
Due from other governments	-	-	736,830
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Investment in bonds	492,073	-	4,654,758
Investment in bonds	7,573,933		7,573,933
Total Assets	\$ 8,140,150	\$ 31,527	\$ 31,126,883
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$	\$	\$ 273,827 38,640
Deposits payable	474,577	-	1,799,199
Due to other funds			230,606
Total Liabilities	474,577		2,342,272
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues			117,349
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			117,349
Fund Balances: Nonspendable	73,562	20,000	93,562
Restricted	7,592,011	-	26,972,707
Assigned		11,527	1,600,993
Total Fund Balances	7,665,573	31,527	28,667,262
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 8,140,150	\$ 31,527	\$ 31,126,883

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Supplemental Law Enforcement Service	Traffic Offender	Gas Tax	Transportation Measure A	
Revenues: Special assessments	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	Ψ -	پ 25,125	φ -	φ -	
Intergovernmental	156,083	-	1,674,336	1,351,409	
Investment earnings	-	-	5,390	8,336	
Fines and forfeitures Contributions	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous					
Total Revenues	156,083	25,125	1,679,726	1,359,745	
Expenditures:					
Current: General government					
Public safety	- 156,083	- 25,125	-	-	
Community development	-	-	-	-	
Community services	-	-	-	-	
Public Services	-	-	1,232,253	-	
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	104,612	-	
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges					
Total Expenditures	156,083	25,125	1,336,865		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures			342,861	1,359,745	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-	-	
Debt issued			(191,377)	(1,159,113) 	
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)			(191,377)	(1,159,113)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	151,484	200,632	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			560,883	1,545,371	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$-	\$-	\$ 712,367	\$ 1,746,003	

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	SB1186 CAS Education	Traffic Safety	City-wide Lighting and Landscaping	L.L.M.D No. 1		
Revenues: Special assessments	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,396,208	\$ 519,914		
Licenses and permits	φ -	φ -	φ 1,390,200 -	φ 519,914 -		
Intergovernmental	5,212	-	-	-		
Investment earnings Fines and forfeitures	48	1,013 336,217	-	5,003		
Contributions	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous			7,310			
Total Revenues	5,260	337,230	1,403,518	524,917		
Expenditures: Current:						
General government Public safety	-	- 337,230	-	-		
Community development	-	- 337,230	-	-		
Community services	-	-	-	-		
Public Services Capital outlay	6,439	-	1,717,950	183,490		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges			<u>-</u>			
Total Expenditures	6,439	337,230	1,717,950	183,490		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(4, 470)			044 407		
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,179)		(314,432)	341,427		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	314,432	-		
Debt issued		-				
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)			314,432			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,179)	-	-	341,427		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,639			714,964		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 7,460	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,056,391		

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Geo	othermal		B2766 Air Pollution	C.D.B.G	Cos Recov Syste	very
Revenues:	•		•		^	•	
Special assessments Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		- 79,482	- 138,525		-
Investment earnings		86		1,197	-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-	-		-
Contributions		-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-			-
Total Revenues		86		80,679	138,525		-
Expenditures:							
Current: General government		_		_	_		_
Public safety		-		-	-		_
Community development		-		-	25,000		-
Community services		-		-	-		-
Public Services		-		6,000	-		-
Capital outlay Debt service:		-		-	-		-
Principal retirement		-		-	-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-			-
Total Expenditures				6,000	25,000		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		86		74,679	113,525		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in Transfers out		-		- (68,516)	13,494 (127,019)		-
Debt issued		-		(016,510) -	(127,019) 		-
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)		-		(68,516)	(113,525)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		86		6,163	-		-
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		20,335		230,542			-
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	20,421	\$	236,705	\$-	\$	-

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Developer Agreement Revenue/Trust	Affordable Housing In- Lieu	City Hall / Public Works	Community Center	
Revenues:	¢	¢	¢	¢	
Special assessments Licenses and permits	\$- 149,000	\$-	\$- 79,934	\$- 49,050	
Intergovernmental	-	806,151	- 10,004		
Investment earnings	(66)	8,066	3,281	958	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Contributions	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	1,819,077			
Total Revenues	148,934	2,633,294	83,215	50,008	
Expenditures:					
Current:		00 740			
General government Public safety	-	33,742	-	-	
Community development	-	_	-	-	
Community services	-	-	-	-	
Public Services	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	-	
Principal retirement		-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges				-	
Total Expenditures		33,742			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	148,934	2,599,552	83,215	50,008	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	75,204	-	-	-	
Transfers out Debt issued	(414,930)	(124,739) -	(772,059) -	(515,732)	
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	(339,726)	(124,739)	(772,059)	(515,732)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(190,792)	2,474,813	(688,844)	(465,724)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	313,542	1,635,697	1,253,343	465,724	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 122,750	\$ 4,110,510	\$ 564,499	\$ -	

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Lakeside Facilities	Animal Shelter	N.P.D.E.S.	PEG Grant	
Revenues: Special assessments	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	70,110	31,320	179,114	23,155	
Investment earnings	- 1,702	- 1,404	- 991	- 53	
Fines and forfeitures Contributions	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous					
Total Revenues	71,812	32,724	180,105	23,208	
Expenditures:					
Current: General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Community development Community services	-	-	-	- 10,641	
Public Services Capital outlay	-	-	56,636	-	
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-	
Total Expenditures			56,636	10,641	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	71,812	32,724	123,469	12,567	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in Transfers out	- (787,113)	- (75,204)	- (181,195)	- (12,567)	
Debt issued	-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	(787,113)	(75,204)	(181,195)	(12,567)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(715,301)	(42,480)	(57,726)	-	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	715,301	42,880	82,660		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 24,934	\$-	

	Special Revenue				
	Funds	Ca	pital Projects Funds		
	Pedestrian Sidewalk	Miscellaneous General Project	Park Improvement and Development	Storm Drains	
Revenues: Special assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ - - - -	\$ - - 4,247	\$- 55,296 - 230	\$- 97,686 - 4,652	
Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	-	-		- - -	
Total Revenues		4,247	55,526	102,338	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public Services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			- - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 208,565 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Debt issued	21,910 (21,910) -	1,777,526 (1,197,465) -		(771,475)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	580,061		(771,475)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	584,308	55,526	(877,702)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		1,005,158		1,206,034	
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 1,589,466	\$ 55,526	\$ 328,332	

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

	Capital Projects Funds					
	Library Capital Improvement	Traffic Impact	City Fire Protection	Public Improvement In-Lieu		
Revenues: Special assessments	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
Licenses and permits	v 80,850	467,040	¥ 82,162	÷ -		
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	- 7,891	- 19,603	- 618	- 41		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-		
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-		
MISCEIIAIIEOUS	<u> </u>					
Total Revenues	88,741	486,643	82,780	41		
Expenditures:						
Current: General government						
Public safety	-	-	-	-		
Community development	-	-	-	-		
Community services Public Services	39,999	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	-	251,297	-	-		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	-		
Total Expenditures	39,999	251,297				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	48,742	235,346	82,780	41		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in Transfers out	-	- (211,997)	- (94,533)	- (658,749)		
Debt issued						
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	<u> </u>	(211,997)	(94,533)	(658,749)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	48,742	23,349	(11,753)	(658,708)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,756,033	4,245,937	12,767	707,962		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,804,775	\$ 4,269,286	\$ 1,014	\$ 49,254		

(CONTINUED)

	Capital Projects Funds				
	Road Improvement Program Fund	TUMF	Street Lighting	Facilities Construction	
Revenues: Special assessments	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Licenses and permits	φ - -	φ - -	 48,000	φ - -	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	
Investment earnings	29,249	-	614	85,287	
Fines and forfeitures Contributions	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	- 101,054	-	-	
Total Revenues	29,249	101,054	48,614	85,287	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Community development	-	-	-	-	
Community services	-	-	-	-	
Public Services	3,935,846	-	-	5,523,105	
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	-	
Principal retirement	220,000	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	275,937				
Total Expenditures	4,431,783	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5,523,105	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,402,534)	101,054	48,614	(5,437,818)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	499,596	41,681	-	-	
Transfers out	-	(47,799)	-	-	
Debt issued	-				
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	499,596	(6,118)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,902,938)	94,936	48,614	(5,437,818)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	3,919,128	(94,936)	53,092	9,589,991	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 16,190	\$-	\$ 101,706	\$ 4,152,173	

	Debt Service Fund	Permanent Fund	
	Facilities Financing Authority	Endowment Trust - Adolph Korn	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Special assessments Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Investment earnings Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ - - 58,860 - - -	\$ - - - 135 - - -	\$ 1,916,122 1,437,842 4,211,198 248,889 336,217 - 1,927,441
Total Revenues	58,860	135	10,077,709
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Community services Public Services Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,627 - - - - 240,000 765,812 1,008,439 (949,579)	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	36,369 518,438 25,000 50,640 12,870,284 355,909 460,000 1,041,749 15,358,389 (5,280,680)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Debt issued	559,038 - 7,975,000		3,302,881 (7,433,492) 7,975,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,534,038		3,844,389
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,584,459	135	(1,436,291)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	81,114	31,392	30,103,553
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 7,665,573	\$ 31,527	\$ 28,667,262

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	<u>v</u>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	100,000	100,000	156,083	56.083
Amounts Available for Appropriations	100,000	100,000	156,083	56,083
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	-	-	156.083	(156,083)
Transfers out	100,000	100,000	-	100,000
Total Charges to Appropriations	100,000	100,000	156,083	(56,083)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ -	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC OFFENDER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	124,630	124,630	25,125	(99,505)
Use of money and property	206	206	-	(206)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	124,836	124,836	25,125	(99,711)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	-	-	25,125	(25,125)
Transfers out	124,836	124,836	-	124,836
Total Charges to Appropriations	124,836	124,836	25,125	99,711
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$-</u>	\$-

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 560,883	\$ 560,883	\$ 560,883	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	-	1,702,233	1,674,336	(27,897)
Use of money and property	-	28,249	5,390	(22,859)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	560,883	2,291,365	2,240,609	(50,756)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services	-	575,000	1,232,253	(657,253)
Capital outlay	-	-	104,612	(104,612)
Transfers out	-	917,865	191,377	726,488
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	1,492,865	1,528,242	(35,377)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 560,883	\$ 798,500	\$ 712,367	\$ (86,133)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSPORTATION MEASURE A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,545,371	\$ 1,545,371	\$ 1,545,371	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	-	1,280,000	1,351,409	71,409
Use of money and property	-	11,300	8,336	(2,964)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,545,371	2,836,671	2,905,116	68,445
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	2,592,319	1,159,113	1,433,206
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	2,592,319	1,159,113	1,433,206
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,545,371	\$ 244,352	\$ 1,746,003	\$ 1,501,651

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SB1186 CAS EDUCATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budg Original	et Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 8,63	9 \$ 8,639	\$ 8,639	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental		- 2,400	5,212	2,812
Use of money and property		- 100	48	(52)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	8,63	9 11,139	13,899	2,760
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services		- 8,198	6,439	1,759
Total Charges to Appropriations		- 8,198	6,439	1,759
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 8,63	9 \$ 2,941	\$ 7,460	\$ 4,519

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC SAFETY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	Original	<u> </u>	Amounts ©	(Negative)
Resources (Inflows):	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -
Use of money and property	773	773	1,013	240
Fines and forfeitures	498,262	498,263	336,217	(162,046)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	499,035	499,036	337,230	(161,806)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	-	-	337,230	(337,230)
Transfers out	499,035	499,035	-	499,035
Total Charges to Appropriations	499,035	499,035	337,230	161,805
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ -	\$1	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (1)

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CITY-WIDE LIGHTING AND LANDSCAPING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		<u>Budget /</u> jinal	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	<u>(Negative)</u> \$ -
Resources (Inflows):	Ψ		Ψ -	Ψ	Ψ -
Assessments		-	1.478.226	1,396,208	(82,018)
Miscellaneous		-	7,100	7,310	210
Transfers in		-	-	314,432	314,432
Amounts Available for Appropriations		-	1,485,326	1,717,950	232,624
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public services		-	1,942,641	1,717,950	224,691
Total Charges to Appropriations		-	1,942,641	1,717,950	224,691
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	-	\$ (457,315)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 457,315

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE L.L.M.D NO. 1 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 714,964	\$ 714,964	\$ 714,964	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Assessments	-	523,055	519,914	(3,141)
Use of money and property	-	4,400	5,003	603
Amounts Available for Appropriations	714,964	1,242,419	1,239,881	(2,538)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services	-	543,088	183,490	359,598
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	543,088	183,490	359,598
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 714,964	\$ 699,331	\$ 1,056,391	\$ 357,060

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GEOTHERMAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	U	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 20,335	\$ 20,335	\$ 20,335	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	. ,	. ,	. ,	
Use of money and property	-	140	86	54
Amounts Available for Appropriations	20,335	20,475	20,421	54
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 20,335	\$ 20,475	\$ 20,421	\$ 54

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AB2766 AIR POLLUTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Dudgeter Fund Delence July 1	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 230,542	\$ 230,542	\$ 230,542	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	-	77,550	79,482	1,932
Use of money and property	-	3,400	1,197	(2,203)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	230,542	311,492	311,221	(271)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services	-	6,000	6,000	-
Transfers out	-	305,492	68,516	236,976
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	311,492	74,516	236,976
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 230,542	\$-	\$ 236,705	\$ 236,705

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE C.D.B.G YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	-	330,357	138,525	(191,832)
Transfers in	-	-	13,494	13,494
Amounts Available for Appropriations	-	330,357	152,019	(178,338)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	-	25,000	25,000	-
Transfers out	-	305,357	127,019	178,338
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	330,357	152,019	178,338
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEVELOPER AGREEMENT REVENUE/TRUST YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 313,542	\$ 313,542	\$ 313,542	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	276,490	149,000	(127,490)
Use of money and property	-	13,000	(66)	(13,066)
Transfers in	-	-	75,204	75,204
Amounts Available for Appropriations	313,542	603,032	537,680	(65,352)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	648,979	414,930	234,049
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	648,979	414,930	234,049
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 313,542	\$ (45,947)	\$ 122,750	\$ 168,697

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN-LIEU YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,635,697	\$ 1,635,697	\$ 1,635,697	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):	¢ .,000,001	• .,,	¢ 1,000,001	¥
Intergovernmental	-	412,640	806,151	393,511
Use of money and property	-	23,100	8,066	(15,034)
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,819,077	1,819,077
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,635,697	2,071,437	4,268,991	2,197,554
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	-	12,800	33,742	(20,942)
Transfers out	-	24,739	124,739	(100,000)
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	37,539	158,481	(120,942)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,635,697	\$ 2,033,898	\$ 4,110,510	\$ 2,076,612

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CITY HALL / PUBLIC WORKS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,253,343	\$ 1,253,343	\$ 1,253,343	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	179,000	79,934	(99,066)
Use of money and property	-	11,000	3,281	(7,719)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,253,343	1,443,343	1,336,558	(106,785)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	1,500,000	772,059	727,941
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	1,500,000	772,059	727,941
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,253,343	\$ (56,657)	\$ 564,499	\$ 621,156

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY CENTER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 465,724	\$ 465,724	\$ 465,724	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	109,950	49,050	(60,900)
Use of money and property	-	4,660	958	(3,702)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	465,724	580,334	515,732	(64,602)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	639,516	515,732	123,784
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	639,516	515,732	123,784
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 465,724	\$ (59,182)	\$-	\$ 59,182

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAKESIDE FACILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	<u> </u>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 715,301	\$ 715,301	\$ 715,301	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	154,341	70,110	(84,231)
Use of money and property	-	6,900	1,702	(5,198)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	715,301	876,542	787,113	(89,429)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	-	16,300	-	16,300
Transfers out	-	824,267	787,113	37,154
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	840,567	787,113	53,454
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 715,301	\$ 35,975	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (35,975)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ANIMAL SHELTER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 42,880	\$ 42,880	\$ 42,880	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	68,510	31,320	(37,190)
Use of money and property	-	100	1,404	1,304
Amounts Available for Appropriations	42,880	111,490	75,604	(35,886)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	-	75,204	(75,204)
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	-	75,204	(75,204)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 42,880	\$ 111,490	\$ 400	\$ (111,090)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE N.P.D.E.S. YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 82,660	\$ 82,660	\$ 82,660	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	364,000	179,114	(184,886)
Use of money and property	-	580	991	411
Amounts Available for Appropriations	82,660	447,240	262,765	(184,475)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services	-	288,503	56,636	231,867
Transfers out	-	191,528	181,195	10,333
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	480,031	237,831	242,200
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 82,660	\$ (32,791)	\$ 24,934	\$ 57,725

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PEG GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budge Original	t Amou	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):					
Licenses and permits	-		43,600	23,155	(20,445)
Use of money and property	-		290	53	(237)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	-		43,890	23,208	(20,682)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Community services	-		2,500	10,641	(8,141)
Transfers out	-		3,548	12,567	(9,019)
Total Charges to Appropriations	-		6,048	23,208	(17,160)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$-	\$	37,842	\$ -	\$ (37,842)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PEDESTRIAN SIDEWALK YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	-	749,015	-	(749,015)
Transfers in	-	-	21,910	21,910
Amounts Available for Appropriation	-	749,015	21,910	(727,105)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	749,015	21,910	727,105
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	749,015	21,910	727,105
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ -	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL PROJECT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,005,158	\$ 1,005,158	\$ 1,005,158	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	-	18,363	4,247	(14,116)
Transfers in	-	2,551,638	1,777,526	(774,112)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	38,640	-	(38,640)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,005,158	3,613,799	2,786,931	(826,868)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	-	579,450	-	579,450
Transfers out	-	2,010,090	1,197,465	812,625
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	2,589,540	1,197,465	1,392,075
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,005,158	\$ 1,024,259	\$ 1,589,466	\$ 565,207

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARK IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	B Orig	udget /	nts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):					
Licenses and permits		-	81,440	55,296	(26,144)
Use of money and property		-	1,400	230	(1,170)
Transfers in		-	109,171	-	(109,171)
Amounts Available for Appropriations		-	 192,011	55,526	(136,485)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	-	\$ 192,011	\$ 55,526	\$ (136,485)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STORM DRAINS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,206,034	\$ 1,206,034	\$ 1,206,034	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	468,400	97,686	(370,714)
Use of money and property	-	35,340	4,652	(30,688)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,206,034	1,709,774	1,308,372	(401,402)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	-	-	208,565	(208,565)
Transfers out	-	1,262,080	771,475	490,605
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	1,262,080	980,040	282,040
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,206,034	\$ 447,694	\$ 328,332	\$ (119,362)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LIBRARY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget :	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,756,033	\$ 1,756,033	\$ 1,756,033	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	85,360	80,850	(4,510)
Use of money and property	-	17,500	7,891	(9,609)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,756,033	1,858,893	1,844,774	(14,119)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community services	-	160,000	39,999	120,001
Transfers out	-	1,662,608	-	1,662,608
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	1,822,608	39,999	1,782,609
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,756,033	\$ 36,285	\$ 1,804,775	\$ 1,768,490

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRAFFIC IMPACT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$4,245,937	\$ 4,245,937	\$ 4,245,937	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	468,000	467,040	(960)
Use of money and property	-	36,400	19,603	(16,797)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	4,245,937	4,750,337	4,732,580	(17,757)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	-	9,700	-	9,700
Capital outlay	-	251,535	251,297	238
Transfers out	-	4,143,758	211,997	3,931,761
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	4,404,993	463,294	3,941,699
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$4,245,937	\$ 345,344	\$ 4,269,286	\$ 3,923,942

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CITY FIRE PROTECTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 12,767	\$ 12,767	\$ 12,767	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	149,580	82,162	(67,418)
Use of money and property	-	540	618	78
Amounts Available for Appropriations	12,767	162,887	95,547	(67,340)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	162,887	94,533	68,354
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	162,887	94,533	68,354
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 12,767	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,014	\$ 1,014

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT IN-LIEU YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 707,962	\$ 707,962	\$ 707,962	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Licenses and permits	-	2,400	-	(2,400)
Use of money and property	-	8,900	41	(8,859)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	707,962	719,262	708,003	(11,259)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	719,262	658,749	60,513
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	719,262	658,749	60,513
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 707,962	\$-	\$ 49,254	\$ 49,254

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,919,128	\$ 3,919,128	\$ 3,919,128	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	-	1,140	29,249	28,109
Transfers in	-	495,938	499,596	3,658
Amounts Available for Appropriations	3,919,128	4,416,206	4,447,973	31,767
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services	-	3,918,307	3,935,846	(17,539)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	220,000	220,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	275,937	275,937	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	4,414,244	4,431,783	(17,539)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$3,919,128	\$ 1,962	\$ 16,190	\$ 14,228

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TUMF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (94,936)	\$ (94,936)	\$ (94,936)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Miscellaneous	-	8,933,613	101,054	(8,832,559)
Transfers in	-	-	41,681	41,681
Amounts Available for Appropriation	(94,936)	8,838,677	47,799	(8,790,878)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Transfers out	-	8,933,613	47,799	8,885,814
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	8,933,613	47,799	8,885,814
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (94,936)	\$ (94,936)	\$-	\$ 94,936

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHTING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budget	Amo			Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	C	Driginal		Final	Α	mounts	(N	legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	53,092	\$	53,092	\$	53,092	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Licenses and permits		-		120,000		48,000		(72,000)
Use of money and property		-		-		614		614
Amounts Available for Appropriation		53,092		173,092		101,706		(71,386)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	53,092	\$	173,092	\$	101,706	\$	(71,386)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget . Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$9,589,991	\$ 9,589,991	\$ 9,589,991	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	-	26,600	85,287	58,687
Amounts Available for Appropriation	9,589,991	9,616,591	9,675,278	58,687
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	-	9,632,020	5,523,105	4,108,915
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	9,632,020	5,523,105	4,108,915
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$9,589,991	\$ (15,429)	\$ 4,152,173	\$ 4,167,602

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 430,809	\$ 430,809	\$ 430,809	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	-	565	4,454	3,889
Contributions	-	15,002,732	13,202,795	(1,799,937)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	430,809	15,434,106	13,638,058	(1,796,048)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public services	-	15,002,732	13,509,490	1,493,242
Transfers out	-	304,080	-	304,080
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	15,306,812	13,509,490	1,797,322
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 430,809	\$ 127,294	\$ 128,568	\$ 1,274

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$8,292,798	\$ 8,292,798	\$ 8,292,798	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Charges for services	-	-	1,583,379	1,583,379
Use of money and property	-	28,600	46,342	17,742
Contributions	-	4,950,981	15,553,743	10,602,762
Miscellaneous	-	500	1,618	1,118
Transfers in	-	28,728,733	5,566,225	(23,162,508)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	8,292,798	42,001,612	31,044,105	(10,957,507)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Capital outlay	-	56,817,676	13,008,692	43,808,984
Transfers out	-	3,862,751	2,008,185	1,854,566
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	60,680,427	15,016,877	45,663,550
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 8,292,798	\$(18,678,815)	\$ 16,027,228	\$ 34,706,043

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$228,892,795	\$228,892,795	\$228,892,795	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	-	10,604,500	10,001,549	(602,951)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	228,892,795	239,497,295	238,894,344	(602,951)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	-	1,000	4,774	(3,774)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	6,999,019	7,855,000	(855,981)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	10,693,764	10,328,873	364,891
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	17,693,783	18,188,647	(494,864)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 228,892,795	\$ 221,803,512	\$ 220,705,697	\$ (1,097,815)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RECREATION AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,812,805	\$ 1,812,805	\$ 1,812,805	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Revenue from lease/rent	-	1,132,810	15,992	(1,116,818)
Transfers in	-	-	1,131,700	1,131,700
Amounts Available for Appropriations	1,812,805	2,945,615	2,960,497	14,882
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	-	-	3,163	(3,163)
Debt service:			,	
Principal retirement	-	620.000	620.000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	511,700	511,700	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	1,131,700	1,134,863	(3,163)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,812,805	\$ 1,813,915	\$ 1,825,634	\$ 11,719

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 81,114	\$ 81,114	\$ 81,114	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	-	560,138	58,860	(501,278)
Transfers in	-	-	559,038	559,038
Other debts issued	-	7,975,000	7,975,000	-
Amounts Available for Appropriations	81,114	8,616,252	8,674,012	57,760
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	-	1,000	2,627	(1,627)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	240,000	240,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	770,812	765,812	5,000
Total Charges to Appropriations	-	1,011,812	1,008,439	3,373
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 81,114	\$ 7,604,440	\$ 7,665,573	\$ 61,133

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ENDOWMENT TRUST - ADOLPH KORN YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budget .	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 31,392	\$ 31,392	\$ 31,392	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):		. ,	. ,	
Use of money and property	-	200	135	(65)
Amounts Available for Appropriations	31,392	31,592	31,527	(65)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 31,392	\$ 31,592	\$ 31,527	\$ (65)

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Insurance Fund</u> - this fund is used to finance and account for the City's risk management and insurance programs.

<u>Info Systems Fund</u> - this fund is used to account for the cost of providing electronic data processing equipment, software and central telephone services.

<u>Support Services Fund</u> - this fund is used to account for the cost of proving central mailing and reprographic services.

Fleet Services Fund - this fund is used to account for the replacement of the City's vehicles.

<u>Facilities Fund</u> - this fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of City Hall and the City's maintenance facilities.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Insurance	Info Systems	Support Services
Assets:			
Current: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 703,684	\$ 633,572	\$ 26,899
Accrued interest Prepaid costs Due from other funds	4,654 696,135	1,863 18,016	-
Total Current Assets	1,404,473	653,451	
Noncurrent: Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		66,221	5,578
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	66,221	5,578
Total Assets	1,404,473	719,672	32,477
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pension Related Items OPEB related items	9,574	157,380 30,035	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,574	187,415	-
Liabilities: Current: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	44 846 -	2,924 8,837	2,623
Total Current Liabilities	890	11,761	2,623
Noncurrent: Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	13,912	407,413 875,876	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,912	1,283,289	-
Total Liabilities	14,802	1,295,050	2,623
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension Related Items OPEB Related Items	452	9,035 78,683	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	452	87,718	-
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,398,793	66,221 (541,902)	5,578 24,276
Total Net Position	\$ 1,398,793	\$ (475,681)	\$ 29,854

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Fleet Services	Facilities	Totals	
Assets: Current: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 529,910	\$ 1,894,065	
Receivables:	·			
Accrued interest Prepaid costs	-	3,072 3,653	9,589 717,804	
Due from other funds	-	143,366	143,366	
Total Current Assets	-	680,001	2,764,824	
Noncurrent: Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	991,840	293,274	1,356,913	
Total Noncurrent Assets	991,840	293,274	1,356,913	
Total Assets	991,840	973,275	4,121,737	
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pension Related Items OPEB related items	150,473 15,018	90,027 7,509	407,454 52,562	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	165,491	97,536	460,016	
Liabilities: Current: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	65,135 3,360 143,366	28,145 978 	98,871 14,021 143,366	
Total Current Liabilities	211,861	29,123	256,258	
Noncurrent: Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	473,660 437,937	121,893 218,969	1,016,878 1,532,782	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	911,597	340,862	2,549,660	
Total Liabilities	1,123,458	369,985	2,805,918	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Pension Related Items OPEB Related Items	14,303 39,342	3,463 19,670	27,253 137,695	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	53,645	23,133	164,948	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	991,840 (1,011,612)	293,274 384,419	1,356,913 253,974	
Total Net Position	\$ (19,772)	\$ 677,693	\$ 1,610,887	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Insurance	Info Systems	Support Services
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 1,070,090 13,146	\$ 1,255,606 -	\$
Total Operating Revenues	1,083,236	1,255,606	89,813
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Contractural Services Utilities Maintenance and Operation Depreciation expense Insurance	62,255 - 2,039 - 733,692	634,852 62,392 119,190 299,211 18,006	25,836 - 54,844 2,159 -
Total Operating Expenses	797,986	1,133,651	82,839
Operating Income (Loss)	285,250	121,955	6,974
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue	152	(538)	97
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	152	(538)	97_
Changes in Net Position	285,402	121,417	7,071
Net Position:			
Beginning of Year, as originally reported	1,113,391	320,287	22,783
Restatements		(917,385)	
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	1,113,391	(597,098)	22,783
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 1,398,793	\$ (475,681)	\$ 29,854

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSE: AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Fleet Services	Facilities	Totals
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 814,797 84,591	\$ 508,750 	\$
Total Operating Revenues	899,388	508,750	3,836,793
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Contractural Services Utilities Maintenance and Operation Depreciation expense Insurance	320,254 47,018 - 346,896 180,927 -	88,862 183,492 86,908 114,957 30,555 -	1,106,223 318,738 206,098 817,947 231,647 733,692
Total Operating Expenses	895,095	504,774	3,414,345
Operating Income (Loss)	4,293	3,976	422,448
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue	(130)	1,407	988
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(130)	1,407	988
Changes in Net Position	4,163	5,383	423,436
Net Position:			
Beginning of Year, as originally reported	434,757	901,656	2,792,874
Restatements	(458,692)	(229,346)	(1,605,423)
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	(23,935)	672,310	1,187,451
End of Fiscal Year	\$ (19,772)	\$ 677,693	\$ 1,610,887

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Insurance	Info Systems	Support Services
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢ 1.002.026	¢ 1 255 606	¢ 00.010
Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 1,083,236 (634,829)	\$ 1,255,606 (673,933)	\$
Cash paid to suppliers for services	(57,465)	(551,215)	(00,011)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	390,942	30,458	4,802
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities:			
Cash paid - due from other funds Cash received - due to other funds	-	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities			
Cash Flows from Capital			
and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	-	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from the sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investments			
Interest received	(1,531)	(2,401)	97
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	(4 524)	(2.404)	97
Investing Activities	(1,531)	(2,401)	97
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	389,411	28,057	4,899
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	314,273	605,515	22,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 703,684	\$ 633,572	\$ 26,899
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 285,250	\$ 121,955	\$ 6,974
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	-	18,006	2,159
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	-	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows from pensions	(9,574)	(4,262)	-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows OPEB	-	(2,464)	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	100,239 (183)	(18,016) (170,838)	- (4,331)
Increase (decrease) in accured liabilities	846	(4,286)	(4,331)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	13,912	83,469	_
Increase (decrease) in Total OPEB liability		(69,080)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows from OPEB	-	78,683	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows from pensions	452	(2,709)	
Total Adjustments	105,692	(91,497)	(2,172)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 390,942	\$ 30,458	\$ 4,802

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Fleet Services	Facilities	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢ 000.000	¢ 500.750	¢ 0 007 700
Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 900,388 (376,272)	\$ 508,750 (396,376)	\$ 3,837,793 (2,166,421)
Cash paid to employees for services	(281,155)	(69,718)	(959,553)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	242,961	42,656	711,819
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities: Cash paid - due from other funds	_	(143,366)	(143,366)
Cash received - due to other funds	143,366	-	143,366
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Non-Capital Financing Activities	143,366	(143,366)	
Cash Flows from Capital			
and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(706,685)	(264,523)	(971,208)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(706,685)	(264,523)	(971,208)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from the sales and maturities of investments Purchase of investments			-
Interest received	962	804	(2,069)
Not Cash Broyidad (Usad) by			(=,)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	962	804	(2,069)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash			
and Cash Equivalents	(319,396)	(364,429)	(261,458)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	319,396	894,339	2,155,523
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$-	\$ 529,910	\$ 1,894,065
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 4,293	\$ 3,976	\$ 422,448
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation	180,927	30,555	231,647
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1,000	-	1,000
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows from pensions (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows OPEB	(4,850) (1,232)	3,900 (616)	(14,786) (4,312)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(1,202)	(83)	82,140
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	17,406	(10,872)	(168,818)
Increase (decrease) in accured liabilities	236	(64)	(3,268)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	41,735	13,912	153,028
Increase (decrease) in Total OPEB liability	(34,541)	(17,270)	(120,891)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows from OPEB Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows from pensions	39,342 (1,355)	19,670 (452)	137,695 (4,064)
Total Adjustments	238,668	38,680	289,371
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		• • • •	
Operating Activities	\$ 242,961	\$ 42,656	\$ 711,819

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FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Developer Deposit Trust</u> - to account for receipts of deposits paid by Developers.

<u>Assessment Districts</u> - to account for receipts of special assessments and taxes that will be used to pay interest and principal on Community Facilities and Assessment Districts bonds.

<u>Lake Maintenance</u> - to account for receipts made by Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District and the City to jointly fund the purchase of water to keep the lake level stabilized.

<u>Destratification Equipment Replacement Fund</u> - to account for receipts made by Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District, Riverside County and the City to replace equipment for the axial flow pump destratification system in the lake.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Developer Deposit Trust	Assessment Districts	Lake Maintenance
Assets: Pooled cash and investments Receivables: Accounts	\$ 1,540,130 -	\$ 18,047,185 31,968	\$ - -
Accrued interest Due from other governments Restricted assets:	-	82,730 274,614	-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Deposits with other agencies		5,303,527 17,754,116	1,380,033
Total Assets	\$ 1,540,130	\$ 41,494,140	\$ 1,380,033
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to bondholders	\$ 1,000 1,539,130 	\$ 13,470 451,659 41,029,011	\$ - 1,380,033 -
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,540,130	\$ 41,494,140	\$ 1,380,033

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Destratifica Equipme Replaceme	nt
Assets:		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 339	,869 \$ 19,927,18
Receivables:		
Accounts		- 31,96
Accrued interest		,519 84,24
Due from other governments	48	,189 322,80
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments		
with fiscal agents		- 6,683,56
Deposits with other agencies		- 17,754,11
Total Assets	\$ 389	,577 \$ 44,803,88
Liabilities:		000 ¢ 40.40
Accounts payable		,690 \$ 19,16
Deposits payable	384	,887 3,755,70
Due to bondholders		- 41,029,01
Total Liabilities	\$ 389	,577 \$ 44,803,88

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance July 1, 2017			Additions	Balance June 30, 2018			
Developer Deposit Trust								
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments Total Assets	\$ \$	5,055,317 5,055,317	\$ \$	744,119 744,119	\$ \$	4,259,306 4,259,306	\$ \$	1,540,130 1,540,130
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	83,468 1,460,517	\$	665,506 1,800,493	\$	747,974 1,721,880	\$	1,000 1,539,130
Due to other governments		3,511,332		- 1,000,495		3,511,332		- 1,009,100
Total Liabilities	\$	5,055,317	\$	2,465,999	\$	5,981,186	\$	1,540,130
Assessment Districts								
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	15,411,425	\$	22,289,286	\$	19,653,526	\$	18,047,185
Accounts		-		458,431		426,463		31,968
Accrued interest		42,952		94,679		54,901		82,730
Due from other governments		329,923		249,926		305,235		274,614
Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents		3,747,335		35,176,254		33,620,062		5,303,527
Deposits with other agencies		17,255,828		850,589		352,301		17,754,116
Total Assets	\$	36,787,463	\$	59,119,165	\$	54,412,488	\$	41,494,140
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	4,276	\$	17,018,535	\$	17,009,341	\$	13,470
Deposits payable Due to bondholders		438,377		314,036 45,403,215		300,754 40,719,014		451,659 41,029,011
		36,344,810						
Total Liabilities	\$	36,787,463	\$	62,735,786	\$	58,029,109	\$	41,494,140
Lake Maintenance								
Assets:								
Restricted assets:	¢	707.000	¢	1 510 100	¢	040 100	¢	1 200 022
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$	707,006	\$	1,519,129	\$	846,102	\$	1,380,033
Total Assets	\$	707,006	\$	1,519,129	\$	846,102	\$	1,380,033
Liabilities:	•	707 000	*	4 540 400	*	040 400	*	4 000 000
Deposits payable	\$	707,006	\$	1,519,129	\$	846,102	\$	1,380,033
Total Liabilities	\$	707,006	\$	1,519,129	\$	846,102	\$	1,380,033

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	J	Balance uly 1, 2017	Additions		Deductions		Ju	Balance une 30, 2018
Destratification Equipment Replacement								
Assets: Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	283,865	\$	127,610	\$	71,606	\$	339,869
Accrued interest Due from other governments		904 -		1,779 48,189		1,164 -		1,519 48,189
Total Assets	\$	284,769	\$	177,578	\$	72,770	\$	389,577
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	- 284,769	\$	60,341 174,356	\$	55,651 74,238	\$	4,690 384,887
Total Liabilities	\$	284,769	\$	234,697	\$	129,889	\$	389,577
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets: Pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	20,750,607	\$	23,161,015	\$	23,984,438	\$	19,927,184
Accounts Accrued interest Due from other governments Restricted assets:		- 43,856 329,923		458,431 96,458 298,115		426,463 56,065 305,235		31,968 84,249 322,803
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Deposits with other agencies		4,454,341 17,255,828		36,695,383 850,589		34,466,164 352,301		6,683,560 17,754,116
Total Assets	\$	42,834,555	\$	61,559,991	\$	59,590,666	\$	44,803,880
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to other governments Due to bondholders	\$	87,744 2,890,669 3,511,332 36,344,810	\$	17,744,382 3,808,014 - 45,403,215	\$	17,812,966 2,942,974 3,511,332 40,719,014	\$	19,160 3,755,709 - 41,029,011
Total Liabilities	\$	42,834,555	\$	66,955,611	\$	64,986,286	\$	44,803,880

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Private-Purp	ose T	rust Funds		
	Trust - Carl Graves			Successor ency Private- urpose Trust Fund		Total
Assets:						
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,017,459	\$	10,895,553	\$	11,913,012
Receivables:						
Accounts		217		-		217
Accrued interest		5,299		62,115		67,414
Prepaid costs		-		183,365		183,365
Due from other governments		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		6,039,994		6,039,994
Deferred charges		-		917,426		917,426
Restricted assets:						
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		6,010		6,010
Capital assets:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated		-		2,004,419		2,004,419
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		14,299,747		14,299,747
Deposits with Other Agencies		-		4,705,610		4,705,610
Total Assets	\$	1,022,975	\$	39,114,239	\$	40,137,214
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,369,123	\$	2,369,123
Accrued interest	Ŷ	-	Ψ	778,351	Ŷ	778,351
Deposits payable		-		-		-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due in one year		-		3,530,000		3,530,000
Due in more than one year		-		83,957,012		83,957,012
Due to Bondholders		-				
			-			
Total Liabilities		-	\$	90,634,486	\$	90,634,486
Net Position:						
Held in trust for other purposes		1,022,975	\$	(51,520,247)	\$	(50,497,272)
Total Net Position	\$	1,022,975	\$	(51,520,247)	\$	- (50,497,272)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	P	rivate-Purpo	ose Tru	st Funds	
		ist - Carl Graves	Ager	uccessor ncy Private- pose Trust Fund	Total
Additions:					
Contributions: Trust Contributions	\$	52,641	\$	-	\$ 52,641
Taxes Investment earnings		- 7,270		11,002,014 27,051	11,002,014 34,321
investment earnings		1,210		27,001	 54,521
Total Additions		59,911		11,029,065	 11,088,976
Deductions:					
Contractual services		-		13,771,801	13,771,801
Interest expense		-		2,603,431	2,603,431
Depreciation expense		-		946,382	946,382
Costs of issuance		-		468,000	 468,000
Total Deductions		-		17,789,614	 17,789,614
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated		963,064		(44,759,698)	 (43,796,634)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	1,022,975	\$	(51,520,247)	\$ (50,497,272)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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City of Lake Elsinore, California Statistical Section Contents June 30, 2018

The City of Lake Elsinore's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health. The statistical section offers operational, economic, and historical data that provide a context for assessing the City's economic condition.

CONTENTS	PAGES
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's	185 - 195
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, sales taxes and property tax.	197 - 204
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue	205 - 211
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	212 - 213
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	214 - 217

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City of Lake Elsinore, California Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisca	l Yea	ar	
	 2009	2010		2011		2012
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	\$ 141,550,858	\$	142,968,348	\$	141,427,875	\$ 134,976,102
Restricted	122,099,858		110,984,917		134,777,767	141,619,986
Unrestricted	(96,792,528)		(93,859,128)		(110,573,961)	 (48,524,474)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 166,858,188	\$	160,094,137	\$	165,631,681	\$ 228,071,614

			Fisca	l Yea	r		
 2013	 2014		2015		2016	 2017	 2018
\$ 147,176,443 75,129,411 (2,804,065)	\$ 131,965,428 74,462,124 7,500,328	\$	137,914,627 90,537,124 (12,503,489)	\$	145,170,561 75,054,285 (10,180,146)	\$ 146,735,654 90,363,046 (12,062,216)	\$ 142,754,254 92,281,048 (13,553,724)
\$ 219,501,789	\$ 213,927,880	\$	215,948,262	\$	210,044,700	\$ 225,036,484	\$ 221,481,578

City of Lake Elsinore, California Changes in Net Position Expenses and Program Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2009		2010	2011			2012	
EXPENSES									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	10,562,122	\$	10,252,727	\$	11,079,707	\$	11,944,507	
Public Safety		13,139,389		11,022,531		11,212,605		11,911,363	
Community Development		31,976,146		15,847,532		16,060,065		4,989,313	
Community Services		4,737,856		4,295,719		4,704,242		7,010,026	
Public Services		14,123,738		14,812,199		8,145,956		9,834,764	
Interest on Long-term Debt		10,168,917		10,509,806		7,674,342		8,835,312	
Total Governmental Activities									
Expenses		84,708,168		66,740,514		58,876,917		54,525,285	
PROGRAM REVENUES									
Governmental Activities:									
Charges for Services:									
General Government		4,828,438		3,181,706		3,167,346		3,035,324	
Public Safety		-		-		-		-	
Community Development		1,064,036		924,493		1,508,526		1,247,117	
Community Services		1,482,146		1,578,779		1,586,602		1,578,318	
Public Services		-		-		-		-	
Operating Grants and Contributions		6,482,888		4,561,669		3,292,972		3,306,452	
Capital Grants and Contributions		-		-		6,573,426		4,539,293	
Total Governmental Activities								i	
Program Revenues		13,857,508		10,246,647		16,128,872		13,706,504	
NET REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Governmental Activities		(70,850,660)		(56,493,867)	<u> </u>	(42,748,045)		(40,818,781)	
Total Net Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(70,850,660)	\$	(56,493,867)	\$	(42,748,045)	\$	(40,818,781)	

Fiscal Year											
 2013 2014		2014		2015		2016	2017		2018		
\$ 8,833,983	\$	7,836,775	\$	8,617,841	\$	6,477,776	\$	8,904,130	\$	5,856,845	
12,684,631		14,485,711		18,626,488		19,098,659		21,218,964		20,963,229	
10,242,652		9,079,863		7,391,688		4,005,355		4,807,685		5,000,426	
4,416,500		4,819,153		4,652,536		5,411,152		9,791,967		3,313,875	
10,359,134		10,610,540		11,162,854		18,668,180		14,148,801		43,153,162	
 6,451,470		6,330,889		8,097,248		11,204,357		11,832,732		11,463,403	
 52,988,370		53,162,931		58,548,655		64,865,479		70,704,279		89,750,940	
456,760		460,808		1,464,689		734,034		1,726,741		2,666,057	
700,069		1,067,440		1,427,632		1,922,602		2,665,603		1,716,350	
4,381,899		5,018,102		3,905,472		4,660,580		8,727,675		9,727,246	
2,822,458		3,112,662		2,405,100		2,977,699		858,119		759,254	
1,117,800		1,574,245		2,329,172		2,977,138		5,504,572		2,609,931	
12,172,208		20,954,573		20,141,320		19,883,338		5,496,146		8,599,061	
 9,587,008		6,485,279		21,044,552		5,901,491		30,389,367		30,754,329	
 31,238,202		38,673,109		52,717,937		39,056,882		55,368,223		56,832,228	
 (21,750,168)	_	(14,489,822)		(5,830,718)		(25,808,597)	-	(15,336,056)	_	(32,918,712)	
\$ (21,750,168)	\$	(14,489,822)	\$	(5,830,718)	\$	(25,808,597)	\$	(15,336,056)	\$	(32,918,712)	

City of Lake Elsinore, California Changes in Net Position General Revenues, Special and Extraordinary Items Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2009	2010		2011			2012		
GENERAL REVENUES							-			
Governmental Activities										
Taxes										
Property Taxes	\$	31,590,868	\$	25,904,948	\$	24,237,023	\$	14,698,032		
Sales Taxes		6,414,419		6,236,748		7,190,695		7,444,947		
Franchise Taxes		1,824,890		1,792,699		1,913,807		2,002,550		
Other Taxes		751,794		519,001		483,556		538,402		
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		937,506		733,792		972,457		1,850,398		
Investment Earnings		9,334,141		7,470,635		7,782,639		8,031,256		
Miscellaneous		5,768,257		6,661,239		5,705,412		6,992,813		
Special Item										
Loss on CFD and AD Investments		-		-		-		-		
Extraordinary Item										
Gain on Dissolution of										
Redevelopment Agency		-		-		-		61,700,316		
Total General Revenues, Special										
and Extraordinary Items		56,621,875		49,319,062		48,285,589		103,258,714		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities		(14,228,785)		(7,174,805)		5,537,544		62,439,933		
Total Changes in Net Position	\$	(14,228,785)	\$	(7,174,805)	\$	5,537,544	\$	62,439,933		

Fiscal Year											
2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
\$ 5,804,265 6,935,215 2,097,081 567,560 592,185 689,149 688,105	\$	5,487,743 8,031,486 2,275,619 760,203 507,265 574,477 1,054,958	\$	6,276,548 8,572,066 2,389,413 767,058 683,573 966,365 1,022,472	\$	6,537,540 9,939,637 2,423,707 838,364 - 925,517 706,094	\$	7,380,594 9,745,714 2,297,401 598,126 - 11,247,531 2,745,222	\$	8,030,862 10,071,435 2,477,400 560,150 - 13,191,802 3,026,724	
 -		(9,880,891) -		(4,502,385)		-					
 17,373,560		8,810,860		16,175,110		21,370,859		34,014,588		37,358,373	
 (4,376,008)		(5,678,962)		10,344,392		(4,437,738)		18,678,532		4,439,661	
\$ (4,376,008)	\$	(5,678,962)	\$	10,344,392	\$	(4,437,738)	\$	18,678,532	\$	4,439,661	

City of Lake Elsinore, California Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2009			2010		2011	2012	
GENERAL FUND Reserved Unreserved	\$	8,580,684 8,762,248	\$	8,589,723 6,327,596	\$	-	\$	-
Total General Fund	\$	17,342,932	\$	14,917,319	\$		\$	
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Reserved	\$	163,768,859	\$	161,473,544	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved, Reported In Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Funds Capital Projects Funds	• 	5,241,416 (3,841,954) 2,966,273	Ψ	6,999,090 (28,305,645) 5,497,137	Ψ	- -	Ψ	- - -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	168,134,594	\$	145,664,126	\$		\$	
GENERAL FUND Nonspendable Unassigned	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,027,179 10,788,602	\$	2,505,503 11,826,885
Total General Fund	\$	-	\$		\$	14,815,781	\$	14,332,388
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS								
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	84,348,929 105,281,543 11,255,852 (38,062,318)	\$	76,688,811 79,292,713 12,548,403 (987,601)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	-	\$		\$1	62,824,006.00	\$	167,542,326

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in fiscal year 2011, prior years have no comparable data for these categories of fund balance.

	Fiscal Year										
2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	
\$	- \$	\$ - -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	- \$	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		
\$	- \$	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	- - -	-		- - -		-				- -	
\$	- \$	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$		
\$ 1,821 12,017		\$ 1,264,392 10,488,843	\$	1,016,468 10,954,475	\$	1,029,015 11,365,894	\$	1,096,846 11,512,307	\$	1,031,385 10,807,854	
\$ 13,839	9,223 \$	\$ 11,753,235	\$	11,970,943	\$	12,394,909	\$	12,609,153	\$	11,839,239	
202,134 1,034	1,812	\$ 20,003 199,162,404 1,232,105 (1,014,226)	\$	132,037 335,415,122 1,929,497 (1,316,398)	\$	124,177 303,860,121 1,548,764 (891)	\$	979,130 302,110,933 9,313,282 (94,936)	\$	182,018 293,344,990 17,628,221 -	
\$ 202,284	1,070 \$	\$ 199,400,286	\$	336,160,258	\$	305,532,171	\$	312,308,409	\$	311,155,229	

City of Lake Elsinore, California Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Year	r	
	 2009	 2010		2011	 2012
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 31,590,868	\$ 25,429,344	\$	24,443,046	\$ 14,738,584
Other Taxes	9,071,246	8,517,826		9,557,873	9,911,400
Special Assessments	1,482,146	1,578,779		1,586,602	1,578,318
Licenses, Permits and Fees	2,267,568	2,587,918		3,291,938	2,908,091
Intergovernmental Revenues	3,630,144	7,322,908		4,680,095	6,193,777
Charges for Services	3,548,413	1,594,774		1,383,934	1,374,351
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	937,506	733,792		972,457	1,850,398
Investment Earnings	9,445,099	7,928,611		7,147,497	7,180,018
Contributions from Property Owners	-	-		5,352,614	1,221,184
Miscellaneous	5,768,257	 6,910,516		5,608,837	7,384,749
Total Revenues	 67,741,247	 62,604,468		64,024,893	 54,340,870
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General Government	6,479,795	6,797,320		8,904,165	7,467,755
Public Safety	13,139,389	11,022,531		11,212,605	11,911,364
Community Development	4,662,003	3,049,501		18,805,484	1,608,782
Community Services	3,750,267	3,313,082		3,714,646	5,963,873
Public Services	12,202,971	12,901,064		6,221,286	7,800,095
Pass-through Payments	9,647,322	7,782,513		7,655,170	
Set Aside Suspension	9,047,322			7,055,170	3,542,473
	-	3,750,000		-	-
SERAF Payments	-	6,976,853		1,436,411	10 269 752
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	38,113,875	4,394,834		2,931,038	10,268,753
Payment to Escrow Agent	-	1,987,745		1,832,080	-
Bond Issuance Costs	-	1,584,965		1,874,527	238,290
Principal Retirement	5,469,538	6,037,770		6,928,822	6,091,578
Interest and Fiscal Charges	10,066,977	10,318,720		9,046,095	7,951,971
Total Expenditures	 103,532,137	 79,916,898		80,562,329	 62,844,934
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 ,,	 , ,			 , ,
Over (Under) Expenditures	(35,790,890)	(17,312,430)		(16,537,436)	(8,504,064)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	4,386,162	4,500,694		6,186,205	2,509,613
Transfers Out	(4,386,162)	(4,500,694)		(6,186,205)	(2,509,613)
Debt Issuance	-	-		-	
Loans Issued	-	26,290,000		47,780,000	-
Loan Payments	-	(23,235,000)		(27,495,000)	-
Premiums	-	(,,,,,,,,		(,,,,	-
Discounts	-	(166,785)		(621,302)	(30,000)
Refunding Bonds Issued	-	26,290,000		29,435,000	1,405,000
Certificates of Participation Issued	-	-		-	-
Tax Allocation Bonds Issued	-	-		10,160,000	-
Sale of Capital Assets	_	_		-	_
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	 -	 (22,082,648)		(25,662,920)	 (1,345,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	 7,095,567		33,595,778	30,000
Net Change in Fund Balances before Special and Extraordinary Items	 (35,790,890)	 (10,216,863)		17,058,342	 (8,474,064)
	(00,190,090)	(10,210,000)		17,000,042	
Extraordinary/Special Items	 -	 -		-	11,708,991
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (35,790,890)	\$ (10,216,863)	\$	17,058,342	\$ 3,234,927
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	24%	26%		25%	27%

The City of Lake Elsinore has elected to show ten years of data for this schedule. The fiscal year of 2012 takes into account the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lake Elsinore.

Source: City Finance Department

Fiscal Year										
 2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$ 5,844,498 9,572,675	\$	5,495,091 11,043,792	\$	6,249,786 11,705,293	\$	6,551,939 13,178,135	\$	20,077,953	\$	21,139,847
1,585,606		1,641,557		1,671,595		1,680,980		1,790,941		2,407,266
4,999,154		5,936,900		4,655,325		6,894,107		7,465,474		4,524,328
5,055,511		5,582,705		5,812,486		6,807,169		6,846,125		9,585,606
1,746,713		2,409,558		3,189,138		2,453,380		2,826,491		5,402,235
927,315		931,168		1,088,411		1,103,154		2,289,357		913,658
12,122,739		10,315,842		7,972,858		11,117,857		10,410,765		10,364,291
8,079,739		5,985,053		22,535,167		6,219,934		29,339,769		28,853,494
 3,469,837		3,545,812		4,099,189		3,574,278		6,630,285		8,102,050
53,403,787		52,887,478		68,979,248		59,580,933		87,677,160		91,292,775
5,871,649		4,788,505		4,611,722		5,318,933		6,345,498		5,233,031
12,339,592		14,093,095		18,163,150		18,614,077		20,751,331		20,507,870
2,925,329 4,281,401		3,407,415 4,363,257		6,200,761 4,174,545		4,164,059 4,984,422		4,395,026 3,963,912		4,730,692 2,577,291
6,772,010		7,107,120		6,551,578		6,345,398		13,968,654		34,578,033
0,772,010		7,107,120		0,001,070		0,040,090		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
10,889,810		8,992,686		11,123,256		20,106,238		21,241,461		13,364,601
-		-		-		982,386		-		-
1,260,059		1,485,399		2,445,261		6,515		-		-
5,725,000		18,385,000		7,165,000		7,375,000		8,315,000		8,935,000
 6,081,766		6,091,389		6,231,581		11,468,287		11,797,719		11,882,322
 56,146,616		68,713,866		66,666,854		79,365,315		90,778,601		101,808,840
 (2,742,829)		(15,826,388)		2,312,394		(19,784,382)		(3,101,441)		(10,516,065)
2,235,297		1,851,084		10,947,946		18,142,559		24,483,943		11,523,931
(2,235,297)		(1,851,084)		(10,947,946)		(19,791,262)		(24,802,020)		(11,523,931)
-		-		-		-		10,410,000		7,975,000
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
120,640		14,460,000		12,151,673		-		-		-
(23,125)		(149,044)		(96,307)		-		-		-
27,760,000		25,335,000		137,845,000		-		-		-
-		-		7,965,000		-		-		-
-		-		- 13,362		- 14,743		-		- 14,502
 (3,244,386)		- (19,013,502)		(18,542,280)		-		-		-
 24,613,129		20,632,454		139,336,448		(1,633,960)		10,091,923		7,989,502
21,870,300		4,806,066		141,648,842		(21,418,342)		6,990,482		(2,526,563)
-		(9,880,891)		(4,502,385)		(7,319,955)				
\$ 21,870,300	\$	(5,074,825)	\$	137,146,457	\$	(28,738,297)	\$	6,990,482	\$	(2,526,563)
29%		40%		24%		28%		29%		23%

City of Lake Elsinore, California Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Taxes	Sales Taxes	Franchise Taxes	Other Taxes	Total
2009	31,590,868	6,414,419	1,824,890	751,794	40,581,971
2010	25,904,948	6,236,748	1,792,699	519,001	34,453,396
2011	24,237,023	7,190,695	1,913,807	483,556	33,825,081
2012	14,698,032	7,444,947	2,002,550	538,402	24,683,931
2013	5,804,265	6,935,215	2,097,081	567,560	15,404,121
2014	5,487,743	8,031,486	2,275,619	760,203	16,555,051
2015	6,276,548	8,572,066	2,389,413	767,058	18,005,085
2016	6,537,540	9,939,637	2,423,707	838,364	19,739,248
2017	7,380,594	9,745,714	2,297,401	598,126	20,021,835
2018	8,030,862	10,071,435	2,477,400	560,150	21,139,847

Note: Property taxes significantly decreased in 2012 and in subsequent years due to the dissolution of the Lake Elsinore Redevelopment Agency on February 1, 2012.

Sources: City of Lake Elsinore Finance Department

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City of Lake Elsinore, California Taxable Sales by Major Industry Groups

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Consumer Goods	Autos and Transportation	Business and Industry	Restaurants and Hotels	Building and Construction
2009	2,221,776	895,720	253,028	682,798	644,591
2010	2,235,363	794,700	167,078	651,995	596,944
2011	2,361,769	890,865	175,895	641,608	602,028
2012	2,419,664	962,971	253,830	678,111	618,795
2013	2,528,412	1,014,135	213,857	711,110	650,148
2014	2,473,302	1,040,650	406,542	783,964	768,931
2015	2,547,975	1,428,726	430,417	857,198	838,876
2016	2,634,703	1,614,074	426,315	903,775	923,941
2017	2,641,653	1,758,829	526,084	978,920	989,062
2018	2,650,429	1,690,269	584,903	1,047,324	801,425

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue.

Sources: HdL Companies

Fuel and _Service Stations	Food and Drugs	Other and Transfers	Total		
1,030,792	446,255	-	6,174,960		
964,291	444,685	4,209	5,859,265		
1,033,721	437,268	4,073	6,147,227		
1,046,935	558,890	5,759	6,544,955		
990,747	656,593	5,279	6,770,281		
1,023,468	622,414	(138)	7,119,133		
925,698	641,504	133	7,670,527		
901,585	633,606	(3,586)	8,034,413		
977,729	510,667	30	8,382,974		
975,064	497,074	(1,388)	8,245,100		

City of Lake Elsinore, California Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of taxable value)

AGENCY	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
City Basic Levy ¹ Lake Elsinore Unified Menifee School Dist. Metro Water East Metro Water West Metro Water Original Area Mt. San Jacinto Jr. College	1.00000 0.00000 0.02370 0.00430 0.00430	1.00000 0.00000 0.03254 0.00430 0.00430	1.00000 0.00000 0.03436 0.00370 0.00370	1.00000 0.00000 0.03486 0.00370 0.00370	1.00000 0.00000 0.03543 0.00350 0.00350	1.00000 0.00000 0.03421 0.00350 0.00350	1.00000 0.00000 0.03275 0.00350 0.00350	1.00000 0.00000 0.03010 0.00350 0.00350 - 0.01394	1.00000 0.00000 0.03269 - 0.00350 0.01320	1.00000 0.01900 0.06080 - - 0.00350 0.01320
Perris School Dist. Perris Union High School	0.02894 0.02031	0.02485 0.02686	0.01983 0.03126	0.01983 0.03429	0.01800 0.03429	0.02524 0.06970	0.05588 0.06303	0.04699 0.06236	0.05491 0.06092	0.06000 0.05675
Total Direct & Overlapping² Tax Rates	1.08155	1.09285	1.09285	1.09638	1.09472	1.13615	1.15866	1.16039	1.16522	1.21325
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 ³	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.17415	0.07576
GENERAL OBLIGATION DE	BT RATE									
RDA Basic Rate⁴	1.00430	1.00430	1.00370	1.00370	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Direct Rate⁵	0.51775	0.53513	0.53306	0.52110	0.51923	0.08908	0.08528	0.08349	0.08181	0.08025

Notes:

¹In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

²Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

³City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the city. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.

⁴Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.

⁵Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

Source: Riverside County Assessor 2008/09 - 2017/18 Tax Rate Table

City of Lake Elsinore, California Principal Property Tax Payers

Current Year Compared to 2009

	Fiscal Year 2018			8	Fiscal Year 2009			
TAXPAYER		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value ⁽²⁾
Plaza Apartments Investment	\$	50,013,534	1	0.89%	\$	-		0.00%
Castle and Cooke Lake Elsinore West Inc.		25,998,660	2	0.46%		38,358,871	3	0.78%
Rivers Edge Apartments		25,458,351	3	0.45%		-		0.00%
Helf Canyon Hills Market Place I		24,367,002	4	0.43%		-		0.00%
Mohr Affinity, LLC		24,057,194	5	0.43%		-		0.00%
Lake Elsinore Marketplace		21,567,308	6	0.38%		-		0.00%
HGEF Holding Company LLC		18,655,783	7	0.33%		-		0.00%
Costco Wholesale Corporation		18,284,406	8	0.32%		-		0.00%
Walmart Stores Inc		18,213,726	9	0.32%				0.00%
Pacific Aggregates Inc		17,598,886	10	0.31%		-		0.00%
Castle and Cooke Lake Elsinore Outlet		-		0.00%		61,776,201	1	1.25%
Fairfield Ramsgate LP		-		0.00%		49,763,323	2	1.01%
WL Summerly Associates		-		0.00%		28,560,356	4	0.58%
Broadstone Rivers Edge Alliance		-		0.00%		27,558,012	5	0.56%
Harbor Grand Apartments Investment		-		0.00%		24,437,057	6	0.50%
Centex Homes		-		0.00%		24,326,246	7	0.49%
First National Bank of Arizona		-		0.00%		21,298,710	8	0.43%
Laing CP Lake Elsinore		-		0.00%		17,645,354	9	0.36%
Elsinore VETO		-		0.00%		17,025,807	10	0.35%
	\$	244,214,850		4.33%	\$	310,749,937		6.31%
(1) 2017-18 Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation:	\$ 5	5.644.172.790						

(1) 2017-18 Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation: \$5,644,172,790 (2) 2008-09 Local Secured Assessed Valuation:

\$4,927,408,004

Source: Riverside County Assessor 2017/18 and 2008/09 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

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City of Lake Elsinore, California Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Year Ended June 30			Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy	
2009	2,230,658	1,650,569	73.99%	250,474	1,901,043	85.22%	
2010	1,894,552	1,643,583	86.75%	209,977	1,853,560	97.84%	
2011	1,900,256	1,767,798	93.03%	121,988	1,889,786	99.45%	
2012	1,874,319	1,770,492	94.46%	67,549	1,838,040	98.06%	
2013	1,844,800	1,767,808	95.83%	64,528	1,832,336	99.32%	
2014	1,935,629	1,822,844	94.17%	50,284	1,873,128	96.77%	
2015	2,171,126	2,074,751	95.56%	43,741	2,118,492	97.58%	
2016	2,308,803	2,300,196	99.63%	61,115	2,361,311	102.27%	
2017	2,434,193	2,457,566	100.96%	66,383	2,523,949	103.69%	
2018	2,553,532	2,665,332	104.38%	67,441	2,732,774	107.02%	

Note: The amounts presented include City of Lake Elsinore property taxes only (excludes Redevelopment Agency taxes).

Sources: County of Riverside, Auditor-Controller and City of Lake Elsinore Finance Department

City of Lake Elsinore, California Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City									
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value						
2009	4,813,251,955	114,156,049	n/a	4,927,408,004						
2010	3,957,216,079	104,903,811	n/a	4,062,119,890						
2011	3,780,316,703	148,435,245	n/a	3,928,751,948						
2012	3,777,595,058	145,931,118	n/a	3,923,526,176						
2013	3,666,499,221	167,898,562	n/a	3,834,397,783						
2014	3,888,934,354	142,565,053	n/a	4,031,499,407						
2015	4,463,835,597	136,300,859	(105,231,318)	4,494,905,138						
2016	4,768,722,323	129,261,454	(93,034,816)	4,804,948,961						
2017	5,177,285,267	130,180,313	(95,434,240)	5,212,031,340						
2018	5,573,186,823	125,275,157	(99,693,567)	5,598,768,413						

Notes: n/a=not available

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

¹In accordance with the timeline ser forth in Assembly Bill 1X 26 (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

²Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates. Beginning on 2013/14, the Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas.

Source: Riverside County Assessor 2017/18 Combined Tax Rolls

Su				
Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2,411,198,603	91,268,375	n/a	2,502,466,978	0.51775%
2,077,411,999	83,367,167	n/a	2,160,779,166	0.53513%
1,998,889,644	79,994,003	n/a	2,078,883,647	0.53306%
1,955,649,172	78,927,893	n/a	2,034,577,065	0.52110%
1,880,967,030	110,109,381	n/a	1,991,076,411	0.51923%
1,938,704,040	89,830,332	n/a	2,028,534,372	0.08908%
2,135,333,435	83,968,122	(71,673,963)	2,147,627,594	0.08528%
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.08349%
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.08181%
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	8.02500%
	、			

City of Lake Elsinore, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		C	Governmental Activi	ties	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Local Agency Revenue Bonds	Tax Allocation Bonds	Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds	Revenue/ Revenue Refunding Bonds	Developer/ Owner Agreements
2009	56,745,000	52,785,000	-	14,095,000	3,441,041
2010	53,725,000	54,545,000	-	13,740,000	3,263,574
2011	64,220,000	60,080,000	4,610,000	13,365,000	3,070,763
2012	61,835,000	58,580,000	-	12,975,000	-
2013	83,470,000	56,125,000	-	12,565,000	-
2014	80,570,000	53,605,000	-	13,895,000	-
2015	205,598,458	50,450,128	-	13,295,152	-
2016	196,377,233	44,262,600	-	12,717,253	-
2017	190,449,105	42,490,000	-	22,449,354	-
2018	182,415,000	40,225,000	-	21,620,000	-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City Finance Department; California State Department of Finance

	Governmental Ac				
Certificates of Participation	Notes/ Loans Payable	Capitalized Lease	Total Governmental Activities	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt per Capita
-	307,542	20,316	127,393,899	11.76%	2,572
-	256,720	-	125,530,294	11.78%	2,494
-	204,046	-	145,549,809	14.79%	2,855
-	-	-	133,390,000	12.40%	2,516
-	-	-	152,160,000	13.95%	2,745
-	-	-	148,070,000	13.49%	2,611
7,859,283	-	-	277,203,022	25.55%	4,890
7,644,938	-	-	261,002,024	22.08%	4,278
7,420,593	-	-	262,809,052	22.16%	4,233
6,995,000	-	-	251,255,000	21.19%	4,046

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City of Lake Elsinore, California Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt

June 30, 2018

2017-18 Assessed Valuation	\$5,598,768,413		
	Percentage Applicable (1)	Outstanding Debt 6/30/18	City's Share of Overlapping Debt 6/30/18
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: DIRECT OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT City of Lake Elsinore Community Facilities Districts Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority 1915 Act Bonds Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority Community Facilities Districts Lake Elsinore Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Lake Elsinore Facilities Financing Authority Community Facilities Districts TOTAL DIRECT OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	28,640,000 12,770,000 161,670,000 40,225,000 7,975,000	28,640,000 12,770,000 161,670,000 40,225,000 7,975,000 251,280,000
OTHER OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT Riverside County Flood Control District, Zone No. 4 Metropolitan Water District Mount San Jacinto Community College District Perris Union High School District Menifee Union School District Perris School District Lake Elsinore Unified School District CFDs Lake Elsinore Unified School District CFDs Lake Elsinore Unified School District CFD No. 92-1 Elsinore Valley Metropolitan Water District CFD No. 2003-1 TOTAL OTHER OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	0.939% 0.206% 6.624% 3.084% 5.059% 0.074% 43.718% 100% 9.132% 100%	$\begin{array}{c} 16,750,000\\ 60,600,000\\ 177,765,000\\ 106,662,301\\ 65,979,720\\ 29,211,242\\ 32,415,000\\ 37,362,927\\ 34,620,000\\ 3,173,000 \end{array}$	157,283 124,836 11,775,154 3,289,465 3,337,914 21,616 14,171,190 37,362,927 3,161,498 3,173,000 \$ 76,574,883
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$327,854,883
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: DIRECT GENERAL FUND DEBT City of Lake Elsinore General Fund Obligation City of Lake Elsinore Certificates of Participation TOTAL DIRECT GENERAL FUND DEBT	100% 100%	\$ 21,620,000 6,995,000	\$ 21,620,000 6,995,000 \$ 28,615,000
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Riverside County General Fund Obligations Riverside County Pension Obligations Lake Elsinore Unified School District Certificates of Participation Perris Union High School District General Fund Obligations Menifee and Perris School District Certificates of Participation Western Municipal Water District TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	2.142% 2.142% 43.718% 3.084% 5.059 & 0.074% 4.63%	<pre>\$ 812,829,106 266,365,000 32,269,521 7,411,654 35,218,007 10,197,212</pre>	\$ 17,410,799 5,705,538 14,107,589 228,575 1,435,470 472,131 \$ 39,360,102
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEE Less: Riverside County General Fund Self-supporting Obligations TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	ВТ		\$ 67,975,102 71,828 \$ 67,903,274
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (SUCCESSOR AGENCY):	100.000%	\$ 57,150,000	\$ 57,150,000
Total Direct General Fund Debt Total Gross Overlapping Debt Total Net Overlapping Debt			\$28,615,000 \$424,364,985 \$424,293,157
Gross Combined Total Debt (2) Net Combined Total Debt			\$452,979,985 \$452,908,157
Notes:			

(1) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Ratios to 2017-18 Assessed Valuation:	
Total Direct Debt (\$28,615,000)	0.51%
Gross Combined Total Debt	8.09%
Net Combined Total Debt	8.09%
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$2,459,600,013): Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	2.32%

Source: California Municipal Statistics

City of Lake Elsinore, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
	2009	2010	2011	2012							
Assessed Valuation	\$ 4,927,408,004	\$ 4,062,119,890	\$ 3,928,751,948	\$ 3,923,526,176							
Conversion Percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%							
Adjusted Assessed Valuation	1,221,544,416	1,015,529,973	982,187,987	980,881,544							
Debt Limit Percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%							
Debt Limit	183,231,662	152,329,496	147,328,198	147,132,232							
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limitation											
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 183,231,662	\$ 152,329,496	\$ 147,328,198	\$ 147,132,232							
Total Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%							

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed value. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Sources: HdL Companies and Riverside County Assessor Tax Roll

Fiscal Year											
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018						
\$ 3,834,397,783	\$ 4,031,499,407	\$ 4,494,905,138	\$ 4,804,948,961	\$ 5,212,031,340	\$ 5,598,768,413						
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%						
958,599,446	1,007,874,852	1,123,726,285	1,201,237,240	1,303,007,835	1,399,692,103						
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%						
143,789,917	151,181,228	168,558,943	180,185,586	195,451,175	209,953,815						
\$ 143,789,917	\$ 151,181,228	\$ 180,185,586	\$ 180,185,586	\$ 195,451,175	\$ 209,953,815						
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%						

City of Lake Elsinore, California

Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Allocation Bonds

		Tux / thouthout	Donao		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Successor Redevelopment Tax Increment Revenue	Debt Ser Principal	vice Interest	Coverage	Tax Allocation Bonds
2009	24,892,412	1,761,323	3,558,405	4.68	52,785,000
2010	19,877,054	1,295,000	3,304,802	4.32	54,545,000
2011	19,004,495	1,195,000	2,315,314	5.41	60,080,000
2012	9,451,004	1,500,000	1,071,681	3.68	58,580,000
2013	10,090,329	2,455,000	1,050,131	2.88	56,125,000
2014	10,864,084	2,520,000	2,333,745	2.24	53,605,000
2015	10,070,883	2,590,000	2,262,351	2.08	51,015,000
2016	12,245,321	2,760,000	2,361,749	2.39	52,770,000
2017	8,891,703	2,945,000	2,149,445	1.75	49,825,000
2018	10,063,122	2,995,000	2,069,501	1.99	57,150,000

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City Finance Department

City of Lake Elsinore, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population (1)	Personal Income (In Thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2009	49,528	1,083,488	21,876	8.2%
2010	50,324	1,065,544	21,174	13.2%
2011	50,983	984,074	19,302	14.3%
2012	53,024	1,075,380	20,281	13.2%
2013	55,430	1,090,807	19,679	9.3%
2014	56,718	1,097,663	19,353	8.1%
2015	56,688	1,085,008	19,140	8.8%
2016	61,006	1,182,026	19,375	7.2%
2017	62,092	1,185,907	19,099	6.5%
2018	63,365	1,276,340	20,142	6.0%

Sources:

HDL, Coren & Cone

(1) Population: California State Department of Finance

(2,3) Income Data: ESRI - Demographic Estimates are based on the last available Census. Projections

are developed by incorporating all of the prior census data released to date.

(4) Unemployment Date: California State Employment Development Department

City of Lake Elsinore, California Principal Employers Current Year Compared to 2009

	20)18	2009			
	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment*	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment*		
EMPLOYMENT						
Estimated Total Employment	29,200 (*	1)	22,200 (1)		
EMPLOYER						
Lake Elsinore Unified School District	2,497	8.55%	1,060	4.77%		
M & M Framing	500	1.71%	- (2	2) 0.00%		
Stater Bros (3 locations)	329	1.13%	165	0.74%		
Lake Elsinore Hotel & Casino	275	0.94%	- (2	2) 0.00%		
Costco	265	0.91%	250	1.13%		
Walmart Store	234	0.80%	225	1.01%		
Riverside County - Department of Social Services	164	0.56%	- (2	2) 0.00%		
EVMWD (Elsinore Valley Mun Water Dist)	154	0.53%	- (2	2) 0.00%		
Target	140	0.48%	200	0.90%		
Home Depot	130	0.45%	(2	2) 0.00%		
Total Top 10 Employers	4,688	16.05%	1,900	8.56%		

Notes:

(1) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data.

(2) Data not available or Company not in business for 2009

Source:

MuniServices, LLC

Results based on direct correspondence with City's local businesses.

City of Lake Elsinore, California Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Government	20	20	17	24	22	24	20	20	21	22
Community Services (Includes Public Works)	41	42	47	42	43	47	45	51	61	53
Community Development	21	14	11	10	14	14	18	20	19	21
Total	82	76	75	76	79	85	83	91	101	96

Note: Police and Fire services are provided by the County of Riverside.

Source: City Finance Department

City of Lake Elsinore, California Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
FUNCTION	20	009		2010		2011		2012	
Police									
Lake Related Boating Enforcement Citations		n/a		444		244		384	
Hazardous Traffic Violations		n/a		1,561		1,200		1,358	
DUI Arrests		n/a		261		n/a		241	
Fire									
Calls		3,876		4,007		3,950		3,944	
Fire Suppression Equipment		3		3		3		3	
Public Works									
Centerline Miles of Paved Surface Streets Maintained		174		173		173		174	
Centerline Miles of Dirt Surface Streets Maintained		9		9		9		9	
Weed Abatement-Lots Cleaned		390		365		470		452	
Community Development									
Construction Permits Issued		505		771		829		760	
Property Value Per Permits (Estimated in 000's)	\$	21,474	\$	42,848	\$	50,899	\$	43,381	
New Home Building Permits Issued		43		211		223		210	
Parks and Recreation									
Daily Lake Use Passes Sold		25,230		23,765		19,577		20,702	

n/a=not available

Source: City of Lake Elsinore, Various Departments

Fiscal Year											
	2013		2014		2015	2016			2017		2018
	204		425		419		597		134		51
	2,155		2,848		3,338		3,711		4,141		2,821
	216		197		179		137		140		111
	4,554		4,484		4,456		5,110		5,249		5,249
	4		4		4		4		3		3
	189		189		189		254		254		254
	9		9		9		9		9		9
	360		414		227		204		116		116
	909		972		735		2,022		2,933		2,933
\$	124,755	\$	121,773	\$	71,664	\$	104,923	\$	188,892	\$	188,892
	660		626		346		410		449		449
	21,413		20,183		14,996		11,427		11,278		11,278
			,		,		,		,=		,=

City of Lake Elsinore, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
FUNCTION	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Fire Stations	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works Street Miles	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	254	254
Lake, Parks, & Recreation Parks and River Walk	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	18	18
Beaches and Recreation Facilities	8	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Libraries	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Stadium Amphitheater Seats	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600	6,600
Lake Surface Acres	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300
Lakeshore Miles	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5

Source: City of Lake Elsinore, Various Departments

CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE, CALIFORNIA